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**RESPIRATORY SINUS ARRHYTHMIA: A
POTENTIAL INDICATOR OF CHOLINERGIC
TOXICOSES IN RHESUS MONKEYS (MACACA
MULATTA)**

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The animals involved in this study were procured, maintained, and used in accordance with the Animal Welfare Act and the "Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals" prepared by the Institute of Laboratory Animal Resources--National Research Council.

The Office of Public Affairs has reviewed this report, and it is releasable to the National Technical Information Service, where it will be available to the general public, including foreign nationals.

This report has been reviewed and is approved for publication.

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SUMMARY

The vagal tone monitor (VTM) is being studied as a tool for detecting organophosphorus (OP) exposures and monitoring anticholinergic therapies. The VTM has been used to quantify the anticholinergic effects of atropine sulfate in humans and OP-treated dogs. This study evaluated the VTM responses of rhesus monkeys (*Macaca mulatta*) after an anticholinergic drug (atropine sulfate), two carbamates (pyridostigmine bromide and physostigmine salicylate), and combinations of pyridostigmine and atropine. Twelve rhesus macaques were studied in four experiments using Latin square blind designs with intramuscular injections for all treatments. Experiment I tested the VTM responses to atropine sulfate injections of 0, 14, 44, and 140 µg/kg. Experiment II tested the responses to pyridostigmine injections of 0, 100, 200, and 400 µg/kg. Experiment III tested the same atropine sulfate treatments 30 min after a pyridostigmine pretreatment of 200 µg/kg. Experiment IV tested the responses to physostigmine injections of 0, 25, 50, and 100 µg/kg. The VTM analysis of the electrocardiogram data yielded heart period (HP), heart period variance (HPV), and the estimate of vagal tone (V) which were averaged over 15 min. The statistical analyses indicated that HP was more sensitive to pyridostigmine than to physostigmine, and V responded more to physostigmine and atropine than to pyridostigmine. The results also indicated that there was an attenuated atropine response following pyridostigmine pretreatment. The attenuated response had been demonstrated earlier in OP-treated dogs. The HP was primarily a measure of the peripheral cardiac responses (tachycardia vs. bradycardia), while the variance parameters contrasted the central and peripheral responses. The HPV measure provided both central and peripheral cardiac responses, while the V parameter appeared to be more centrally mediated (medullary area).

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RESPIRATORY SINUS ARRHYTHMIA: A POTENTIAL INDICATOR
OF CHOLINERGIC TOXICOSIS IN RHESUS MONKEYS (MACACA MULATTA)

INTRODUCTION

Preliminary investigations using an estimate of respiratory sinus arrhythmia (RSA) have demonstrated its potential as a noninvasive measure of cholinergic function (1,2,3). Thus, RSA may prove to be a useful tool for evaluating exposure to anticholinesterase (anti-ChE) pesticides and certain nerve agents. The RSA also has potential for use in research to determine the efficacy of anticholinergics in returning cholinergic function to baseline after anti-ChE (carbamate) pretreatment. Therefore, RSA may be a useful measure of the antagonistic relationship between pretreatment carbamates (e.g., pyridostigmine) and anticholinergic therapy drugs (e.g., atropine). Therefore, the overall sensitivity of RSA to anticholinergic and anti-ChEs needed to be thoroughly investigated in an animal model.

Respiratory sinus arrhythmia was first described by Ludwig in 1847 (4) and is manifested as a decrease in the heart period (R-R interval) during inspiration and an increase in the heart period upon expiration. The amplitude of RSA is mediated by several physiological mechanisms including reflexive afferent feedback from baroreceptors (5) and volume receptors due to alterations in blood flow and intrathoracic pressure (6), afferent feedback of pulmonary stretch receptors (4), and interactions between respiratory and cardiac centers in the medulla (4,7,8,9). Pharmacologic manipulation of these neural mechanisms is expected to alter the normal pattern of nervous control to the heart.

A noninvasive measure using electrocardiographic signals and a vagal tone monitor (VTM) to estimate the vagal component of RSA was described by Porges (10). This estimate of the vagal component of RSA is based upon the occurrence of simultaneous fluctuations in heart period and respiration within a given frequency range. By separating the non-neuronal components and sympathetic activity from the heart period frequencies range, Porges et al. (11) quantified the vagal component associated with normal respiration and mathematically defined the statistic termed vagal tone (V). The VTM uses a stepwise movement of a 21-point cubic polynomial through the heart period (HP) data to calculate the variance within a 500 ms window in a frequency band of respiration of 0.12 to 0.4 Hz or 7.2 to 24 breaths per minute (human adult) or within a 200 ms window in a respiratory frequency band of 0.3 to 1.3 Hz or 18 to 78 breaths per minute (neonate human) depending on the resting respiratory rate of each monkey (32). Heart period variance and Vs are computed and analyzed with natural logarithm (ln) conversions to normalize their distributions.

Manipulations of blood pressure and heart rate (HR) have demonstrated the sensitivity of V to pharmacologic challenges. The alpha adrenergic agonist phenylephrine induced hypertension in the rabbit and was shown to increase V

through a reflex baroreceptor stimulation of the vagus (12). Vagal blockade by atropine sulfate was shown to depress V in humans (13). The peripherally acting anticholinergic atropine methylnitrate depressed V slightly in the rabbit (14). These results substantiate the hypothesis that V is an estimate of RSA. Additional experiments using anesthetic manipulation (15) and high risk neonates (16) adds further evidence to support the central nervous system (CNS) integration of RSA and the sensitivity of V to CNS brain stem function.

The ability of atropine to alleviate the signs of indirect cholinergic stimulation after anti-ChE exposure is well known. DuBois (17) first demonstrated that the acute signs of parathion-induced toxicity in laboratory animals were reversed with atropine, which indicated that the toxic effects of anti-ChE compounds are due to an indirect cholinergic overstimulation. Therapeutic doses of atropine in humans for the treatment of poisoning from anti-ChE compounds range from 2 to 4 mg intravenously (i.v.) repeated at 5- to 10-min intervals for severe cases to 1 to 2 mg/hour for less severe cases (total 25 to 50 mg/day); all treatment doses are given until signs of atropinization appear such as tachycardia, dry mouth, and flushed skin (18).

The widespread use of anti-ChE compounds may expose animals (including humans) to the potential neurotoxic consequences of both the anti-ChE and the anticholinergic treatment drugs. The successful use of atropine to protect against the toxic manifestations of these anti-ChEs is generally accepted.

Atropine's antimuscarinic actions are widespread and include effects on the peripheral and the central nervous systems. The nervous system pathway of RSA is muscarinic and, therefore, its effects on the heart can be antagonized with atropine (13,14). The specific effects of atropine sulfate on RSA were determined with doses at or below those known to affect behavior in the rhesus monkey. Penetar and McDonough (19) and McDonough (20) have shown that doses above 140 µg/kg reduce delayed match to sample performance and differential reinforcement of low rates (DRL), respectively, in the rhesus monkey.

The prescribed use of atropine at high doses for reversal of anti-ChE toxicity has been reviewed as to its potential effects on performance (13,21,22). Lobb et al. (21) concluded that the administration of atropine at protective doses (2 to 6 mg) could alter vision, alertness, equilibrium, response-force discrimination, and enunciation; information processing may also be affected. Visual discrimination performance is affected by anticholinergic compounds (23,24) by disruption of visual acuity but not color vision or the ability to discriminate colors (25). Dellinger et al. (13) compared a known alcohol-induced decrement in flight simulator performance with the effects of atropine administration. Probit analysis was used to determine an ED₅₀ for atropine sulfate of 3.12 mg (42 µg/kg) with an upper 95% confidence limit of 3.88 mg (52 µg/kg), and they concluded that this concentration would be required to produce an effect comparable to a blood alcohol concentration of 0.082% in 50% of the subjects tested (13). Blood alcohol concentrations about 0.05% have been reported to cause performance decrements (26). Ketchum et al. (27) report an ED₅₀ of 4.71 mg for atropine sulfate sufficient to decrease cognitive performance by 25%.

The objectives of this study were:

1. To estimate the amplitude of RSA (V) in the rhesus monkey (Macaca mulatta).
2. To examine the effects of low doses of atropine sulfate and pyridostigmine bromide (singly and in combination) on the VTM parameters of HP, overall heart period variance (HPV), and V.
3. To determine the effects of atropine on atrioventricular (A-V) conduction times as measured by the P-Q interval.

One additional objective, added to the project, was to determine the effects of physostigmine salicylate on the VTM parameters.

METHODS

Animals

Twelve juvenile to adult (4 to 9 years old) captive-born rhesus monkeys (Macaca mulatta) were used in this study. Prior to shipment to the University, all monkeys were screened for tuberculosis (TB) and had at least three negative results. Monkeys were allowed to acclimate to the housing facility for 2 weeks. Following the acclimation period, the monkeys were trained to sit quietly in a primate restraint chair. Initial restraint periods lasted 30 min and were progressively increased to 4 h. At this point normal electrocardiographic (ECG) and respiratory recordings were begun for a period of 4 weeks to establish preliminary data. For the final 2 weeks of the preliminary period, all animals were given saline placebo injections and recorded as usual.

Procedures

Experimental Designs

Experiment I. (Atropine). Data were recorded from all 12 monkeys. A Latin square blind design was used to assign doses (Table 1). Each monkey's assignment to groups (rows) and treatment sequence (columns) was randomized. All responses to atropine sulfate and the saline placebo were recorded. Groups consisted of 3 animals with each group receiving a different dose sequence. Each monkey received doses of 0, 14, 44, and 140 µg of atropine sulfate per kg of body weight. Intramuscular (i.m.) injections were made into the right lateral aspect of the calf.

TABLE 1. ATROPINE SULFATE TREATMENTS USED IN THE LATIN SQUARE DESIGN^a

| <u>Group^b</u> | <u>Recording session</u> | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| | A | B | C | D |
| 1 | 0 | 44 | 140 | 14 |
| 2 | 140 | 14 | 0 | 44 |
| 3 | 14 | 0 | 44 | 140 |
| 4 | 44 | 140 | 14 | 0 |

^aTreatments expressed as µg of Atropine Sulfate per kg of body weight.

^bThree animals per treatment group.

Each atropine sulfate dose was administered according to the animal's actual weight. Experimental sessions were separated by 1 week. Atropine sulfate (stock concentration = 15 mg/cm³) was prepared weekly in isotonic saline. Calculated doses were administered in a final volume 0.1 cm³/kg. Blood was collected for ChE determinations in ethylenediaminetetraacetate (EDTA) tubes by cephalic venipuncture during the 30-min baseline period.

Experiment II. (Pyridostigmine). Similar to Experiment I, data were recorded from the same 12 monkeys. A Latin square blind design was used to assign doses (Table 2). Each animal's assignment to group (rows) and treatment sequence (columns) was randomized. Prior to the treatments, each animal completed 1 week of acclimation to the experimental procedures and 1 week of baseline recording complete with saline injections. All responses to pyridostigmine bromide and the saline placebo were recorded.

TABLE 2. PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE TREATMENTS^a USED IN THE LATIN SQUARE DESIGN

| <u>Group^b</u> | <u>Recording session</u> | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| | A | B | C | D |
| 1 | 400 | 0 | 100 | 200 |
| 2 | 200 | 400 | 0 | 100 |
| 3 | 0 | 100 | 200 | 400 |
| 4 | 100 | 200 | 400 | 0 |

^aTreatments expressed as µg Pyridostigmine Bromide per kg of body weight.

^bThree animals per treatment group.

¹Med-Tech Inc., Elwood, Kansas. 15 mg/ml, Lot 5080C, Exp 3/88.

Groups consisted of three animals with each group receiving a different dose sequence. All animals received doses of 0, 100, 200, and 400 µg of pyridostigmine bromide per kg of body weight. Intramuscular injections were made into the right lateral aspect of the calf. Each pyridostigmine dose was administered according to the animal's actual weight. The injections were separated by 1 week. Pyridostigmine bromide² (stock concentration = 5 mg/cm³) was prepared weekly in isotonic saline. Calculated doses were administered in a final volume of 0.1 cm³/kg.

Blood was collected for ChE determinations in EDTA tubes by cephalic venipuncture. Three blood samples were collected from each individual: (1) after a 30-min baseline period, (2) 30 min after pyridostigmine, and (3) 180 min after dosing. Cholinesterase assays were always completed within 1 h of collection to minimize spontaneous reactivation.

Experiment III. (Pyridostigmine + Atropine). Similar to Experiments I and II, data were recorded from the same 12 monkeys. However, in this experiment, all monkeys received a 200 µg pyridostigmine pretreatment 30 min before each atropine injection. A Latin square blind design was used to assign atropine doses (Table 3) to the four groups. Each monkey's assignment to groups (rows) and treatment sequence (columns) was randomized. Because of an error in dosing during the first week, groups consisted of 3 animals in 2 of the groups, 2 animals in one group, and 4 animals in the last group. Before treatments, each monkey completed 1 week of acclimation to the experimental procedures and 1 week of baseline recording complete with saline injections. All responses to pyridostigmine bromide and atropine or the saline placebo were recorded. Each monkey received doses of 0, 14, 44, and 140 µg of atropine sulfate per kg of body weight 30 min after the 200 µg/kg pyridostigmine pretreatment. The atropine sulfate (stock concentration = 15 mg/cm³) was prepared in isotonic saline and drawn weekly for individual doses. Pyridostigmine bromide (stock concentration = 5 mg/cm³) was prepared in isotonic saline and drawn daily from this preparation. Intramuscular injections were made into the lateral aspect of the right calf and the treatments were administered according to the animal's actual weight with a final volume of 0.1 cm³/kg body weight.

Blood was collected for ChE determinations in EDTA tubes by cephalic venipuncture. Three blood samples were collected from each individual: once before the 30-min baseline period, and at 30 and 180 min after pyridostigmine dosing. Cholinesterase assays were always completed within 1 h of collection to minimize spontaneous reactivation.

Experiment IV. (Physostigmine). Similar to Experiment I, data were recorded from the same 12 monkeys. A Latin square blind design was used to assign doses (Table 4). Each monkey's assignment to groups (rows) and treatment sequence (columns) was randomized. Before treatments, each monkey completed 1 week of acclimation to the experimental procedures and 1 week of

²Roche Laboratories, Nutley, NJ. 10 mg/5 ml, Lot 0103, Exp. 8/87.

baseline recording complete with saline injections. All responses to physostigmine salicylate and the saline placebo were recorded. Groups consisted of three animals with each group receiving a different dose sequence. Each monkey received doses of 0, 25, 50, and 100 µg of physostigmine salicylate per kg of body weight. Intramuscular injections were made into the right lateral aspect of the calf. Each physostigmine dose was administered according to the animal's actual weight. Injections were separated by 1 week. Physostigmine salicylate³ (stock concentration = 1 mg/cm³) was prepared weekly in isotonic saline. Calculated doses were administered in a final volume of 0.1 cm³/kg.

Blood was collected for ChE determinations in EDTA tubes by cephalic venipuncture. Three blood samples were collected from each individual once during a 30-min baseline period and at 30 and 180 min after physostigmine dosing. Cholinesterase assays were always completed within 1 h of collection to minimize spontaneous reactivation.

TABLE 3. ATROPINE SULFATE TREATMENTS USED IN THE LATIN SQUARE DESIGN^a 30 MIN FOLLOWING 200 µg PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE PER KILOGRAM BODY WEIGHT

| Group | Recording session | | | |
|----------------|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| | A | B | C | D |
| 1 ^b | 44 | 140 | 0 | 14 |
| 2 ^c | 14 | 44 | 140 | 0 |
| 3 ^b | 0 | 14 | 44 | 140 |
| 4 ^d | 140 | 0 | 14 | 44 |

^aTreatments expressed as µg of atropine sulfate per kg body weight.

^bThree animals per group.

^cTwo animals per group.

^dFour animals per group.

TABLE 4. PHYSOSTIGMINE SALICYLATE TREATMENTS^a USED IN THE LATIN SQUARE DESIGN

| Group ^b | Recording session | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| | A | B | C | D |
| 1 | 50 | 0 | 25 | 100 |
| 2 | 25 | 100 | 0 | 50 |
| 3 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 25 |
| 4 | 100 | 25 | 50 | 0 |

^aTreatments expressed as µg physostigmine salicylate per kg of body weight.

^bThree animals per treatment group.

³Forest Pharmaceuticals Inc., St. Louis, MO. 1 mg/ml, Lot 85F096, Exp. 10/89.

Equipment and Analyses

Physiological Data Recordings

Data were collected from each monkey while seated in a sound-attenuating chamber. A standard Lead II ECG configuration was used for the determination of heart rate and to estimate the activity of the vagus on the A-V node by measuring the P-Q interval. Data were transmitted to a physiograph⁴ and recorded on heat-sensitive paper. Respiratory data were collected using a bellows/pressure transducer apparatus⁵ and recorded on paper for respiratory frequency determinations.

All ECG signals were passed through a two-channel oscilloscope for verification and amplification (if required). Electrocardiographic signals were transmitted to a 4-channel cassette recorder⁶ and a VTM⁷ for continuous recording and real-time analyses, respectively. Respiratory data were transmitted to the recorder and stored on cassette tape along with the ECG data.

After the data were collected for Experiment I, an examination of the respiratory data for each monkey indicated that 6 of the 12 animals normally respired within the adult human frequency range of .12 to .40 Hz and 6 within the human neonate frequency of .3 to 1.3 Hz. Therefore, for all four experiments, the 12 monkeys were divided into a "neonatal human" or "adult human" group with regard to the respiratory settings on the VTM.

Electrocardiographic and respiratory data were recorded on paper every 15 min during the 30-min baseline interval. After dosing, data were recorded every 5 min for the first 30 min and subsequently every 15 min for the duration of the 3-h experimental session.

Cholinesterase Activity Determination

Cholinesterase activity was determined using a modification of the colorimetric method of Ellman et al. (28). Plasma and erythrocytes were separated following centrifugation at 2000 x G for 10 min. Erythrocytes were washed immediately with an equal volume of ice-cold isotonic saline and recentrifuged (Experiment I only). The supernatant was discarded and the erythrocyte wash repeated twice. For the carbamate experiments (II, III, and IV), the erythrocytes were not washed because washing can remove the carbamate which is not bound to the enzyme and allows more time for spontaneous reactivation (29). Erythrocytes (0.1 ml) were hemolyzed with 1.9 ml of a 5% Triton-X solution. A 0.5 ml aliquot of the lysed solution was diluted to 25 ml with 0.1 M phosphate buffer, pH 8.0 for erythrocyte assays (Experiment I only). For Experiments II, III, and IV, 1 ml of the erythrocyte dilution was added to an additional 2 ml of 0.1 M phosphate

⁴Gilson Medical Electronics, Middleton, WI.

⁵Gould Inc., Oxnard, CA.

⁶A. R. Vetter Co., Rebersberg, PA.

⁷Delta Biometrics, Bethesda, MD.

buffer, pH 8.0. A 0.01-ml sample of plasma was diluted 10 ml with 0.1 M phosphate buffer, pH 8.0 for plasma determinations.

Activity was determined in 3.0-ml volumes of the phosphate buffered samples. Dithiobis (nitrobenzoic acid) (DTNB; 0.01 M, 0.05 ml) was added to the buffered sample. Substrate, 0.075 M acetylthiocholine iodide (ATCI; 0.02 ml) was added to the sample and the absorbance changes at 412 nm monitored for 5 min at approximately 20°C (68°F) on an SLM-Aminco DW-2^rC8 spectrophotometer and a Midan^rII kinetic processor/integrator (Experiment I). A Beckman DU-5 spectrophotometer⁹ was used for Experiments II, III, and IV. The absorbance changes at 412 nm on the Beckman DU-5 spectrophotometer were monitored for 3 min. The reagents for the assay were prepared weekly. Human serum standards¹⁰ were analyzed daily. Data are reported as millimole of acetylthiocholine iodide hydrolyzed/liter/minute.

Data Analysis

The ECG signals recorded during each experimental session were digitized using the VTM and the data transmitted to a computer for storage on floppy diskettes. These signals were used to calculate mean HR, mean HP, and mean HPV during 15-min intervals. The VTM digitizes the ECG signal, determines the R-wave, measures the R-R interval in ms (HP), and computes HPV.

The HP information was then converted to time-based sequences (500 ms windows for the 0.12 to 0.4 Hz respiratory band and 200 ms for the 0.3 to 1.3 Hz respiratory band), and then a 21-point cubic polynomial was used as a high-pass filter with a low-frequency cutoff to determine V as the HP variance within the normal respiratory band (15,30). Natural logarithms (\ln) were used for normalizing the distributions of the two variance measures, HPV and V.

Estimates of each measure were computed every 30 s. Fifteen minutes of data for each variable (HR, HP, HPV, and V) were summarized as mean HR beats per minute (bpm), mean HP (ms), mean HPV ($\ln \text{ ms}^2$), and mean V ($\ln \text{ ms}^2$) and used in the statistical analysis.

Statistical Analysis

A general linear model (GLM) procedure¹¹ was used to perform a univariate analysis of variance (ANOVA) to test the main effects (animal [nested within group], group, week, time, dose) and the interactions of these main effects. The GLM corresponds to a split-plot repeated measures design (31). Individual variability was expected and produced a large F-statistic that was corrected for in the overall statistical model by partitioning of the

⁸SLM Instruments, Inc., American Instruments Co., Urbana, IL.

⁹Beckman Model 45, Beckman Instruments Inc., Irvine, CA.

¹⁰Sera Chem., Clinical Chemistry Control, Fisher Diagnostics, Organgeburg, NY.

¹¹SAS Institute Inc., Cary, NC.

appropriate error term. The F-ratios and probabilities for all the main effects and the interactions tested are reported in the Appendixes A, B, C, F, G, H, K, L, M, P, Q, and R. Summaries of these appendixes are provided as tables in the Results section (Tables 5, 10, 15, and 20). Similar ANOVAs were performed to test the ChE and P-Q interval data. Differences within the main effects were further analyzed using a Tukey's Studentized Range Test¹² for comparison of overall means and are reported in the Results section.

Probit analysis¹² was used for computing ED₅₀s for a 30% decrease (atropine and pyrido/atropine) in HPV and V to allow for comparisons to earlier work by Dellinger et al. (13) and to determine the relative sensitivity of each parameter. Throughout this study, ED₅₀ values reflect a 30% decrease in the parameter measured. Chi-square values were used to describe the "goodness of fit" of the probit line to the data. A small chi-square ($p > .10$) indicated a good fit (i.e., the probit line approximated the data).

All significance testing used an alpha level of 0.05. The default SAS Probit Analysis¹² alpha ($p > .10$) was used for the chi-square testing of estimated probit lines.

RESULTS

Experiment I (Atropine Sulfate)

Vagal Tone Monitoring

The four variables tested (HR, HP, HPV, and V) differed in their responses to atropine sulfate (Figs. 1-3, HR not shown; Tables 5-9; Appendixes A and B). A significant increase in the HR was observed at both 30 and 45 min at 44 and 140 µg/kg atropine (Table 6). Heart rate exhibited a significant dose effect and dose*time interaction. Heart period (Fig. 1) was significantly decreased at the 44 and 140 µg/kg doses at 45 min (Table 7). A significant dose*time interaction was observed, yet dose alone was not significant. Heart period variance (Fig. 2; Table 8) and V (Fig. 3; Table 9) were significantly decreased at the high dose of atropine between 15 and 180 min. Heart period variance exhibited significant dose*time and dose effects. The estimate of RSA amplitude (V) exhibited only dose effect.

Heart period variance exhibited a dose-response relationship after dosing with atropine. The estimate of RSA (V) fell to near zero and, therefore, did not differentiate the middle and high doses clearly. The significant dose*time effects were analyzed by a Tukey's Studentized Range test. The results indicated that the mean HPV for the placebo was greater than for all doses. Contrasts between responses at each dose indicated that all comparisons produced significant differences at 45 min except between the middle and high dose. For the estimate of RSA (V), the placebo level of V was greater than at all doses, but these did not differ from one another. Figure 4 represents the overall means for the four dose levels and the mean peak response at 45 min for HPV and V.

¹²Beckman Model 45, Beckman Instruments Inc., Irvine, CA.

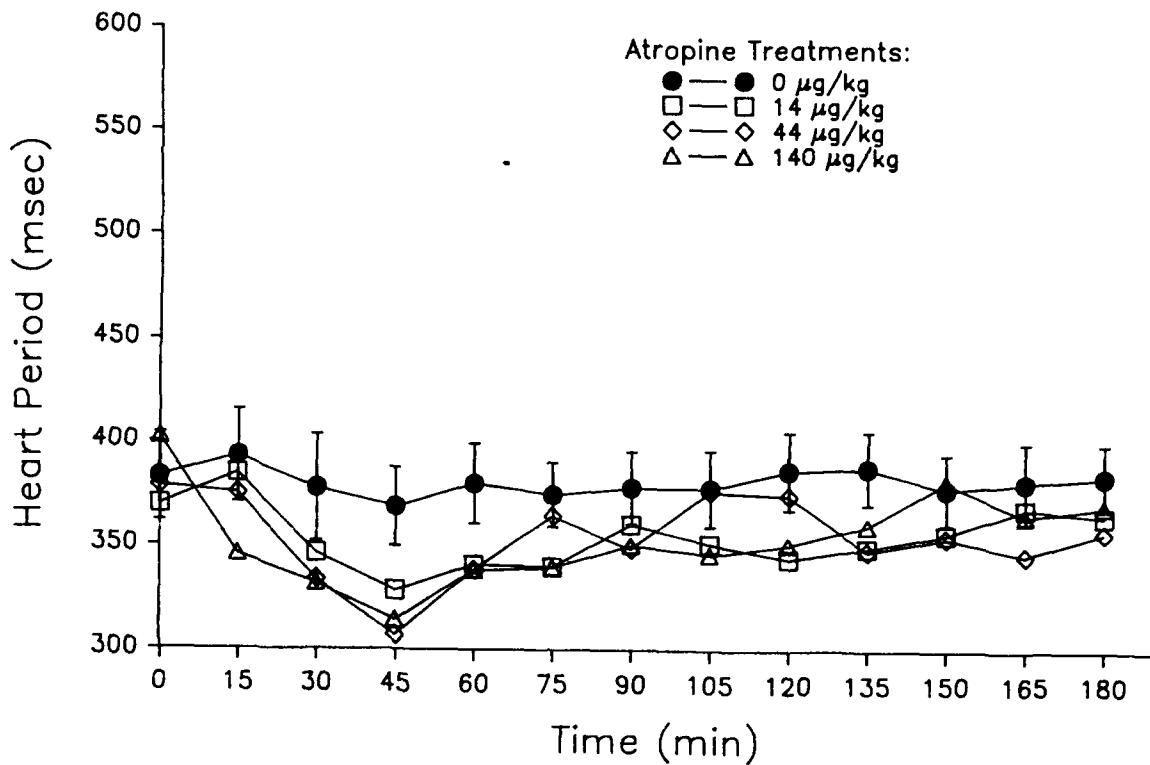


Figure 1. Mean heart period responses vs. time for 4 atropine sulfate treatment conditions ($n = 12$).

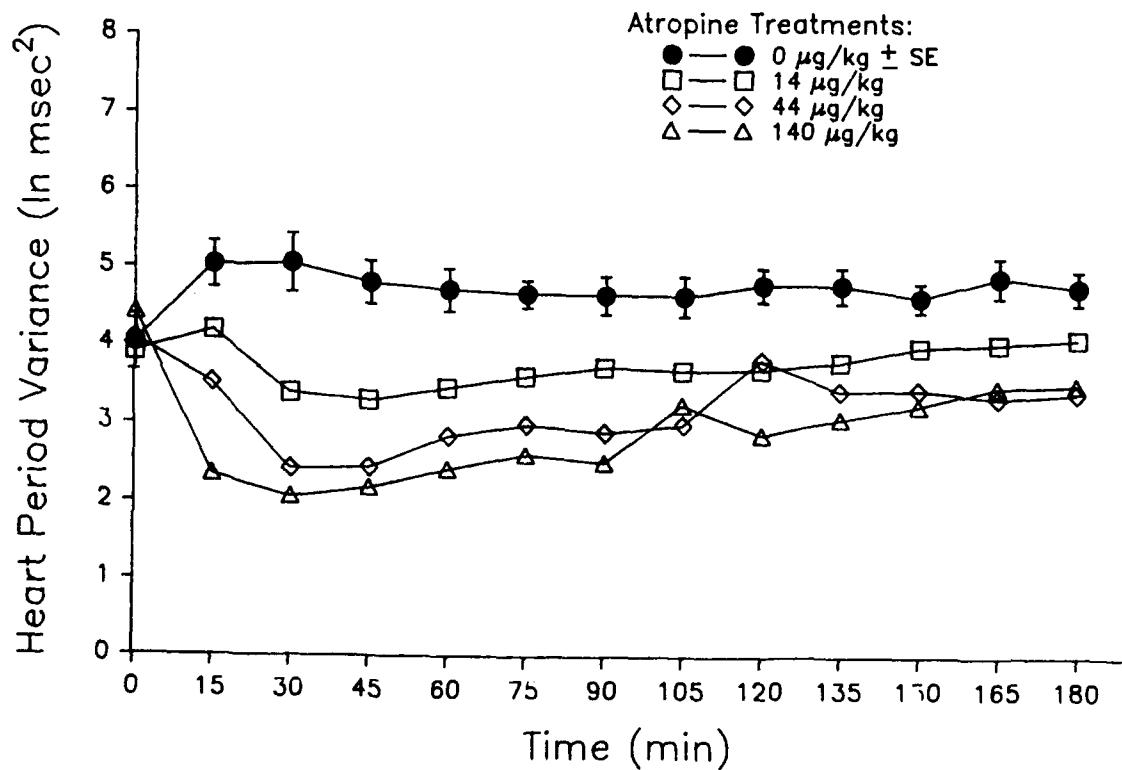


Figure 2. Mean heart period variance responses vs. time for 4 atropine sulfate treatment conditions ($n = 12$).

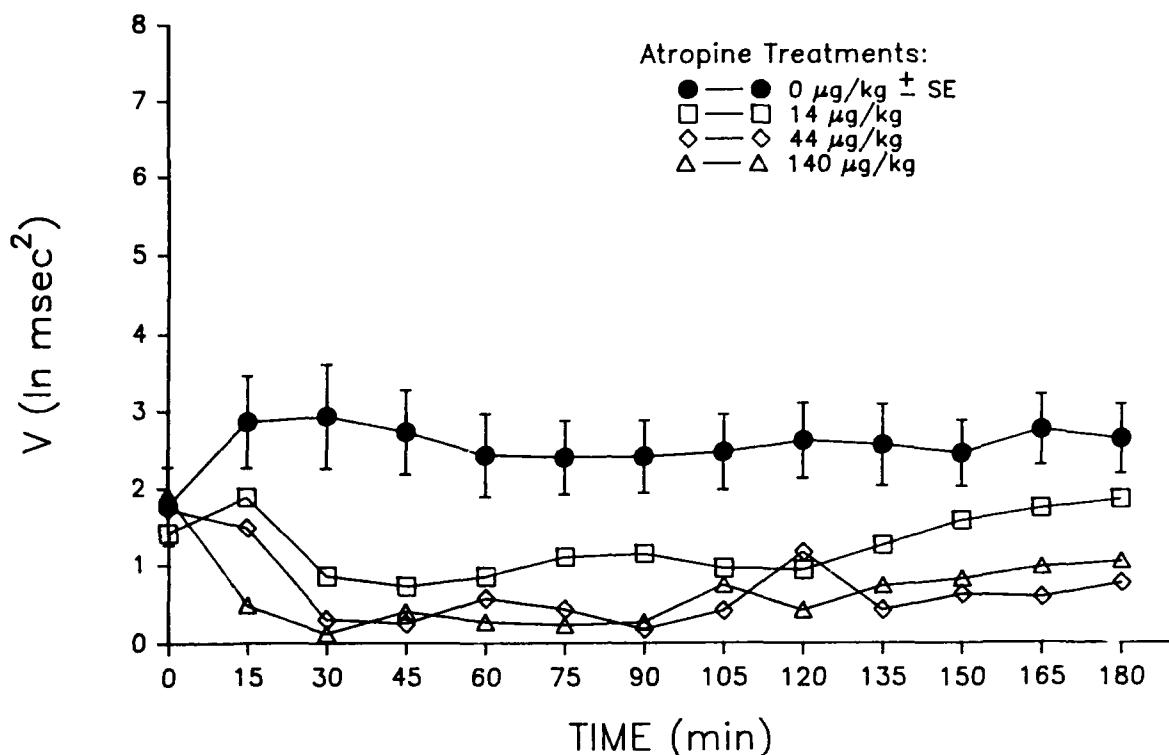


Figure 3. Mean estimate of respiratory sinus arrhythmia amplitude (V) responses vs. time for 4 atropine sulfate treatment conditions ($n = 12$).

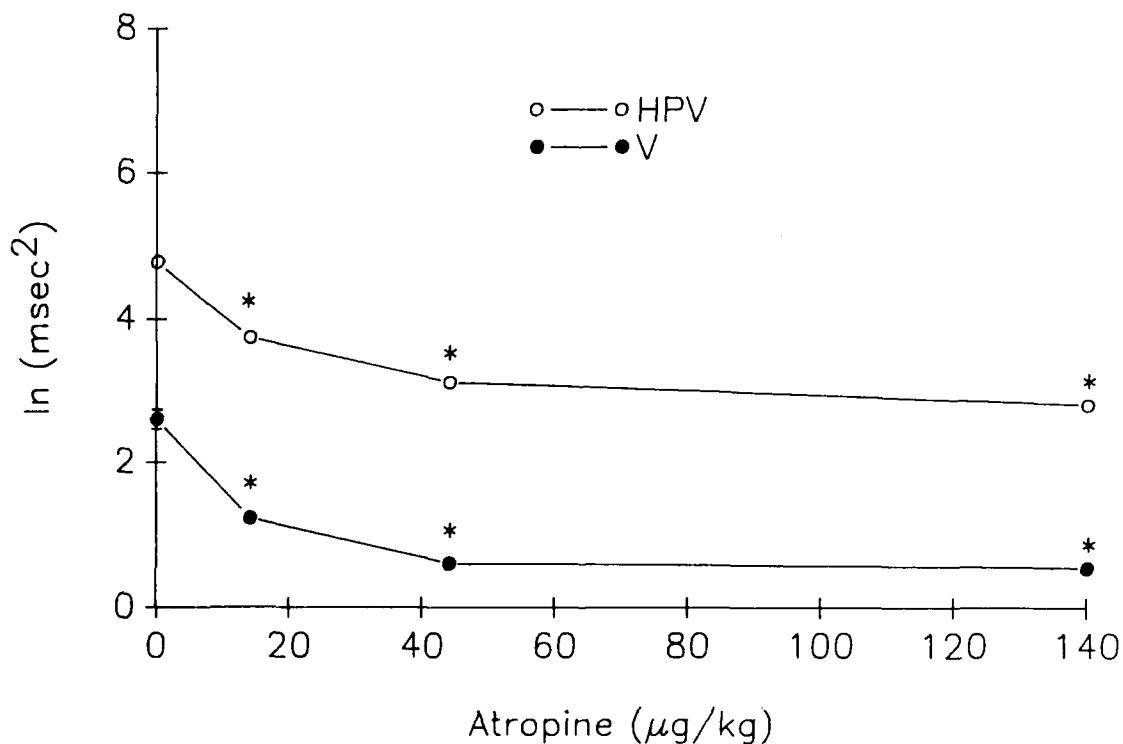


Figure 4. Mean heart period variance and estimated respiratory sinus arrhythmia amplitude (V) responses for 4 atropine sulfate treatment conditions ($n = 12$).

TABLE 5. F-RATIOS AND PROBABILITIES FOR MAIN AND INTERACTIVE EFFECTS AFTER ATROPINE IN THE RHESUS MONKEY

| Dependent variable | Dose*time | F-ratios | |
|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | | Dose | Time |
| HR | 1.82 P < .005 | 2.91 P < .055 | 4.30 P < .0001 |
| HP | 1.23 P < .186 | 1.18 P < .156 | 3.97 P < .0001 |
| HPV | 1.86 P < .004 | 25.23 P < .0001 | 5.45 P < .0001 |
| V | 1.43 P < .069 | 14.20 P < .0001 | 2.94 P < .002 |
| Week | | | |
| Erythrocyte ChE | -- | -- | 0.61 P < .617 |
| Plasma ChE | -- | -- | 1.90 P < .154 |

TABLE 6. SUMMARY OF THE TUKEY'S STUDENTIZED RANGE CONTRASTS FOR HEART RATE

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after atropine sulfate injection (min) | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 |
| 0 to 14 | NS | * | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 44 | NS | * | * | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 140 | NS | * | * | NS | NS | NS |
| 14 to 44 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 14 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 44 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after atropine sulfate injection (min) | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 105 | 120 | 135 | 150 | 165 | 180 |
| 0 to 14 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 44 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 14 to 44 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 14 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 44 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

*Contrast is significant, $p < .05$.

TABLE 7. SUMMARY OF THE TUKEY'S STUDENTIZED RANGE CONTRASTS FOR HEART PERIOD

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after atropine sulfate injection (min) | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 |
| 0 to 14 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 44 | NS | NS | * | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 140 | NS | NS | * | NS | NS | NS |
| 14 to 44 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 14 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 44 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after atropine sulfate injection (min) | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 105 | 120 | 135 | 150 | 165 | 180 |
| 0 to 14 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 44 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 14 to 44 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 14 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 44 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

*Contrast is significant, $p < .05$.

TABLE 8. SUMMARY OF THE TUKEY'S STUDENTIZED RANGE CONTRASTS FOR HEART PERIOD VARIANCE

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after atropine sulfate injection (min) | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 |
| 0 to 14 | NS | * | * | * | * | NS |
| 0 to 44 | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| 0 to 140 | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| 14 to 44 | NS | NS | * | NS | NS | NS |
| 14 to 140 | * | * | * | NS | NS | * |
| 44 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after atropine sulfate injection (min) | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 105 | 120 | 135 | 150 | 165 | 180 |
| 0 to 14 | NS | NS | * | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 44 | * | NS | * | * | * | * |
| 0 to 140 | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| 14 to 44 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 14 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 44 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

*Contrast is significant, $p < .05$.

TABLE 9. SUMMARY OF THE TUKEY'S STUDENTIZED RANGE CONTRASTS FOR VAGAL TONE

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after atropine sulfate injection (min) | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 |
| 0 to 14 | NS | * | * | * | * | * |
| 0 to 44 | NS | * | * | * | * | * |
| 0 to 140 | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| 14 to 44 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 14 to 140 | * | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 44 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after atropine sulfate injection (min) | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 105 | 120 | 135 | 150 | 165 | 180 |
| 0 to 14 | * | * | * | NS | * | NS |
| 0 to 44 | * | NS | * | * | * | * |
| 0 to 140 | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| 14 to 44 | NS | NS | NS | NS | * | * |
| 14 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | * | NS |
| 44 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

*Contrast is significant, $p < .05$.

P-Q Intervals. Conduction times at the A-V node were significantly decreased at all doses when compared to the placebo 150 min after injection (Table 10; Appendix C). The 14 $\mu\text{g/kg}$ dose and the placebo produced a transient increase in the P-Q interval between 0 and 15 min which correlated with a bradycardia during the same interval followed by the tachycardia.

Cardiology. Examination of the ECG data revealed that one monkey exhibited a persistent pattern of premature ventricular beats which appeared to increase after the low dose of atropine. Another monkey occasionally exhibited S-A nodal block but this was not seen after atropine. Junctional premature beats were observed in one monkey but did not change in frequency after atropine. The amplitude of the P-wave was frequently observed to fluctuate and in one case reversed its polarity after atropine, possibly due to the unmasking of a neuroeffector site originating in the left atrium and innervated by the vagus (32). No signs of A-V dissociation or heart block after atropine, as sometimes seen in the human (33,34), were observed.

Cholinesterase. Plasma ChE activity varied significantly between monkeys as did erythrocyte activity (Appendix D). No significant changes in activity during the 4-week preliminary period for either activity were observed.

Plasma and erythrocyte ChE activity was determined for the 4-week preliminary period for each animal. The overall means for plasma and erythrocyte ChE activity were 2.04 and 5.00 mM/L/min, respectively

(Appendices E and F). These values are similar to those of the human (serum: 1.88-3.13 mM/L/min and erythrocyte: 3.00-5.00 mM/L/min; Bio-Dynamics/bmc, 1977).

Probit Analyses. The ED₅₀s for HPV and V were determined from the VTM data. A 30% decrease in HPV and V was used for comparison to earlier work by Dellinger et al. (13). The number of animals that responded at each dose was used to estimate the ED₅₀. The ED₅₀ for HPV was estimated to be 29 µg/kg ($\chi^2 [1, N = 2] = 0.0137, p > 0.9068$) and for V was estimated to be 9 µg/kg ($\chi^2 [1, N = 2] = 0.1051, p > 0.7458$). The estimate of RSA (V) was determined to be more sensitive to the anticholinergic effects of atropine sulfate than HPV (also compare Figs. 2 and 3 at the low dose).

Frequency Spectrum Plot. Dr. Stephen Porges analyzed samples of the rhesus ECG tapes using spectral density analysis on a DEC PDP-11 computer. Figure 5 shows the results of one of the analyses. The analysis confirms the presence of a large slow wave component in the monkey which is present at 0.08 Hz and is distinct from the respiratory-heart period frequencies. This pattern is representative of the other monkeys. Human slow wave and V activity have been reported to occur within similar frequencies, but with less slow wave activity and more V activity (35,36).

Experiment II (Pyridostigmine Bromide)

Vagal Tone Monitoring

Figures 6, 7, and 8 illustrate the VTM parameter responses (HP, HPV, and V) to pyridostigmine bromide for the 12 monkeys. Table 11 summarizes the ANOVA results of Appendix F. Appendix G lists raw data. Tables 12, 13, 14, and 15 provide the Tukey's contrast testing for each data point for HR, HP, HPV, and V, respectively.

Three of the four variables tested (HR [not shown], HP, and HPV) produced statistically significant dose effects (Table 11). The V response was not significant for treatment; however, there was a significant dose*time interaction for both HP and V. The other parameters measured did not display a significant effect for the dose*time interaction. There was a significant time effect for all parameters measured after exposure to pyridostigmine bromide.

There was a significant dose effect for HR and HP at 30 and 45 min. According to the Tukey's contrast (Tables 12 and 13), the significant decrease in HR and increase in HP was due mainly to the difference between the high (400 µg) dose and the placebo control.

There was a significant difference between the mid (200 µg) dose and control response for HPV at 45 min (Table 14). A significant increase in HPV also occurred at 165 min between the control and high (400 µg) dose response. In addition, a significant difference between the high (400 µg) and low (100 µg) dose occurred at 105, 150, and 180 min.

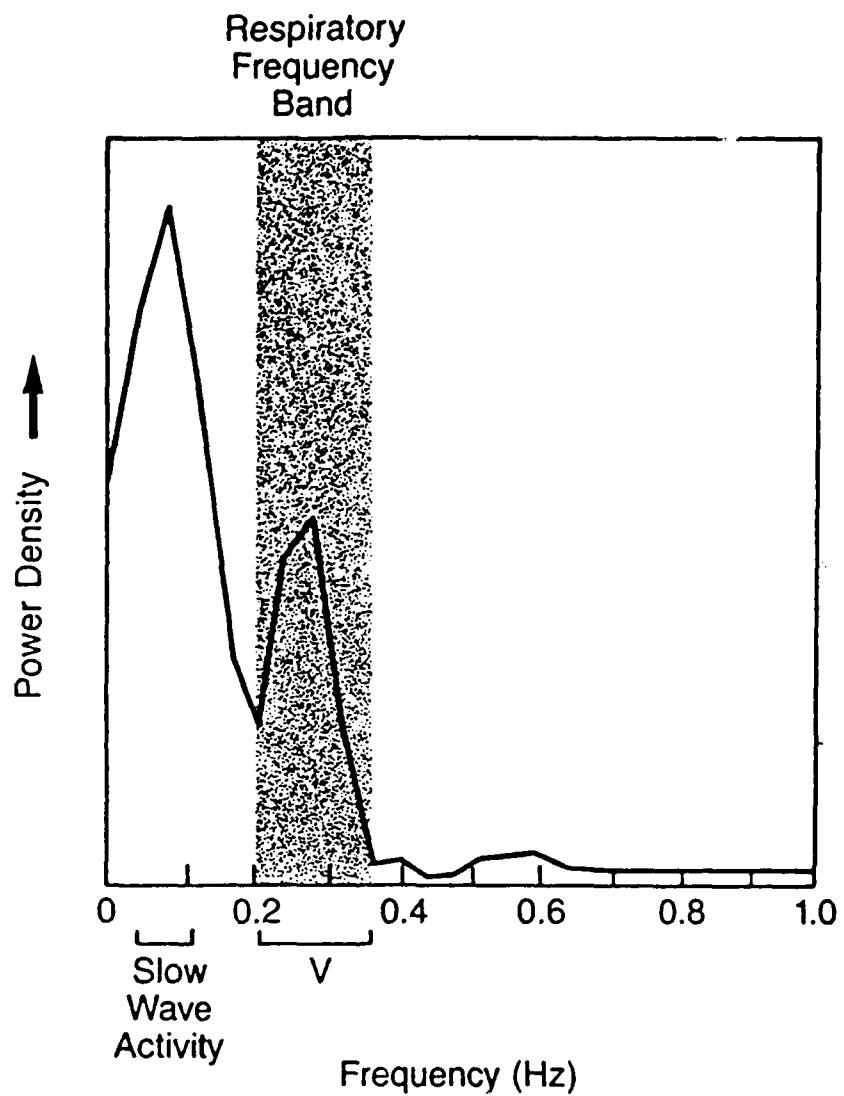


Figure 5. Frequency spectrum plot of rhesus heart period (Animal #N597). Regions of slow wave activity and estimated amplitude of respiratory sinus arrhythmia are shown.

TABLE 10. SUMMARY OF THE TUKEY'S STUDENTIZED RANGE CONTRASTS FOR P-Q INTERVALS

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after atropine sulfate injection (min) | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 |
| 0 to 14 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 44 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | * |
| 0 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 14 to 44 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 14 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 44 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after atropine sulfate injection (min) | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 105 | 120 | 135 | 150 | 165 | 180 |
| 0 to 14 | NS | NS | NS | * | NS | NS |
| 0 to 44 | * | NS | NS | * | NS | NS |
| 0 to 140 | NS | NS | * | * | NS | * |
| 14 to 44 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 14 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 44 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

*Contrast is significant, $p < .05$.

TABLE 11. F-RATIOS AND PROBABILITIES FOR MAIN AND INTERACTIVE EFFECTS AFTER PYRIDOSTIGMINE IN THE RHESUS MONKEY

| Dependent variable | F-ratios | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | Dose*time | Dose | Time |
| HR | 0.57 $P < .971$ | 4.01 $P < .019$ | 10.22 $P < .0001$ |
| HP | 0.53 $P < .0001$ | 5.30 $P < .006$ | 7.37 $P < .0001$ |
| HPV | 0.84 $P < .718$ | 9.03 $P < .0003$ | 6.06 $P < .0001$ |
| V | 1.49 $P < .048$ | 2.45 $P < .089$ | 3.37 $P < .0006$ |
| Erythrocyte ChE | 17.24 $P < .0001$ | 57.74 $P < .0001$ | 87.98 $P < .0001$ |
| Plasma ChE | 19.41 $P < .0001$ | 49.08 $P < .0001$ | 35.07 $P < .0001$ |

TABLE 12. SUMMARY OF THE TUKEY'S STUDENTIZED RANGE CONTRASTS FOR HEART RATE

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after pyridostigmine bromide injection | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 |
| 0 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 200 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 400 | NS | * | * | NS | NS | NS |
| 100 to 200 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 100 to 400 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 200 to 400 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after pyridostigmine bromide injection | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 105 | 120 | 135 | 150 | 165 | 180 |
| 0 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 200 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 400 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 100 to 200 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 100 to 400 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 200 to 400 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

*Contrast is significant, $p < 0.05$.

TABLE 13. SUMMARY OF THE TUKEY'S STUDENTIZED RANGE CONTRASTS FOR HEART PERIOD

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after pyridostigmine bromide injection | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 |
| 0 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 200 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 400 | NS | * | * | NS | NS | NS |
| 100 to 200 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 100 to 400 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 200 to 400 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after pyridostigmine bromide injection | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 105 | 120 | 135 | 150 | 165 | 180 |
| 0 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 200 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 400 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 100 to 200 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 100 to 400 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 200 to 400 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

*Contrast is significant, $p < 0.05$.

TABLE 14. SUMMARY OF THE TUKEY'S STUDENTIZED RANGE CONTRASTS FOR HEART PERIOD VARIANCE

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after pyridostigmine bromide injection | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 |
| 0 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 200 | NS | NS | * | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 400 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 100 to 200 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 100 to 400 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 200 to 400 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after pyridostigmine bromide injection | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 105 | 120 | 135 | 150 | 165 | 180 |
| 0 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 200 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 400 | NS | NS | NS | NS | * | NS |
| 100 to 200 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 100 to 400 | * | NS | NS | * | NS | * |
| 200 to 400 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

*Contrast is significant, $p < 0.05$.

TABLE 15. SUMMARY OF THE TUKEY'S STUDENTIZED RANGE CONTRASTS FOR VAGAL TONE

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after pyridostigmine bromide injection | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 |
| 0 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 200 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 400 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 100 to 200 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 100 to 400 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 200 to 400 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after pyridostigmine bromide injection | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 105 | 120 | 135 | 150 | 165 | 180 |
| 0 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 200 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 400 | NS | NS | NS | NS | * | NS |
| 100 to 200 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 100 to 400 | NS | NS | * | NS | NS | NS |
| 200 to 400 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

*Contrast is significant, $p < 0.05$.

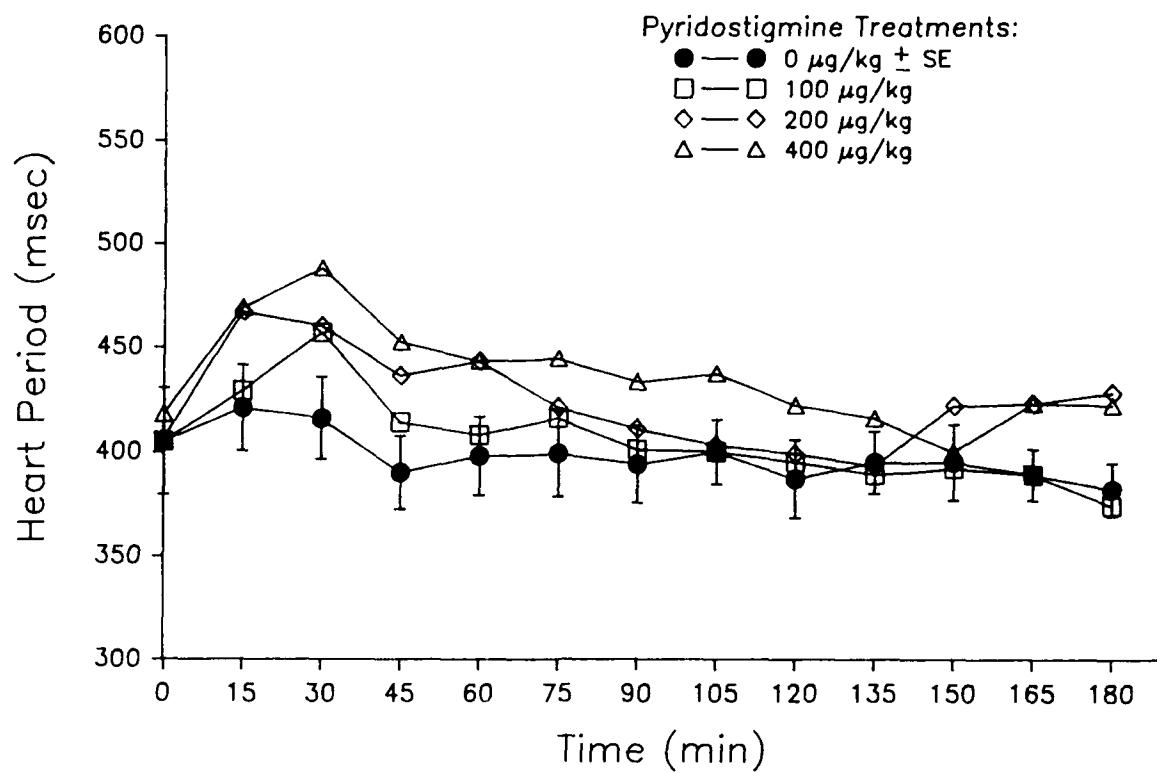


Figure 6. Mean heart period responses vs. time for 4 pyridostigmine bromide treatment conditions ($n = 12$).

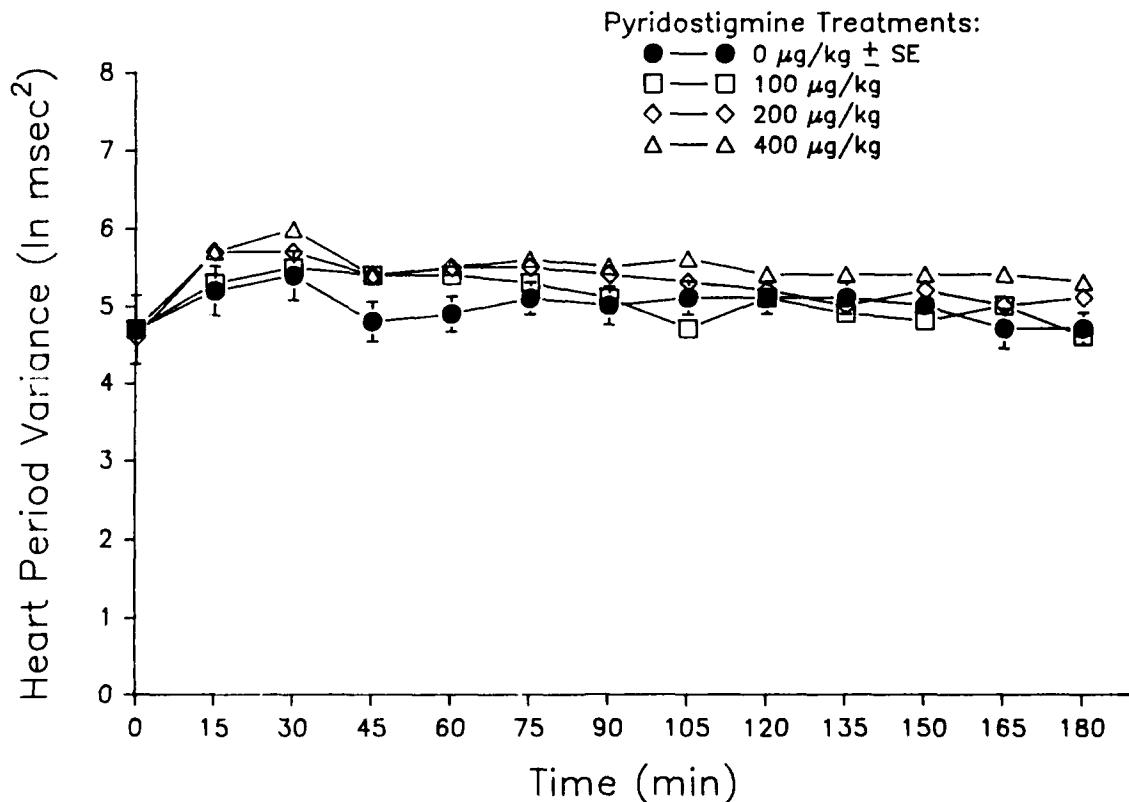


Figure 7. Mean heart period variance responses vs. time for 4 pyridostigmine bromide treatment conditions ($n = 12$).

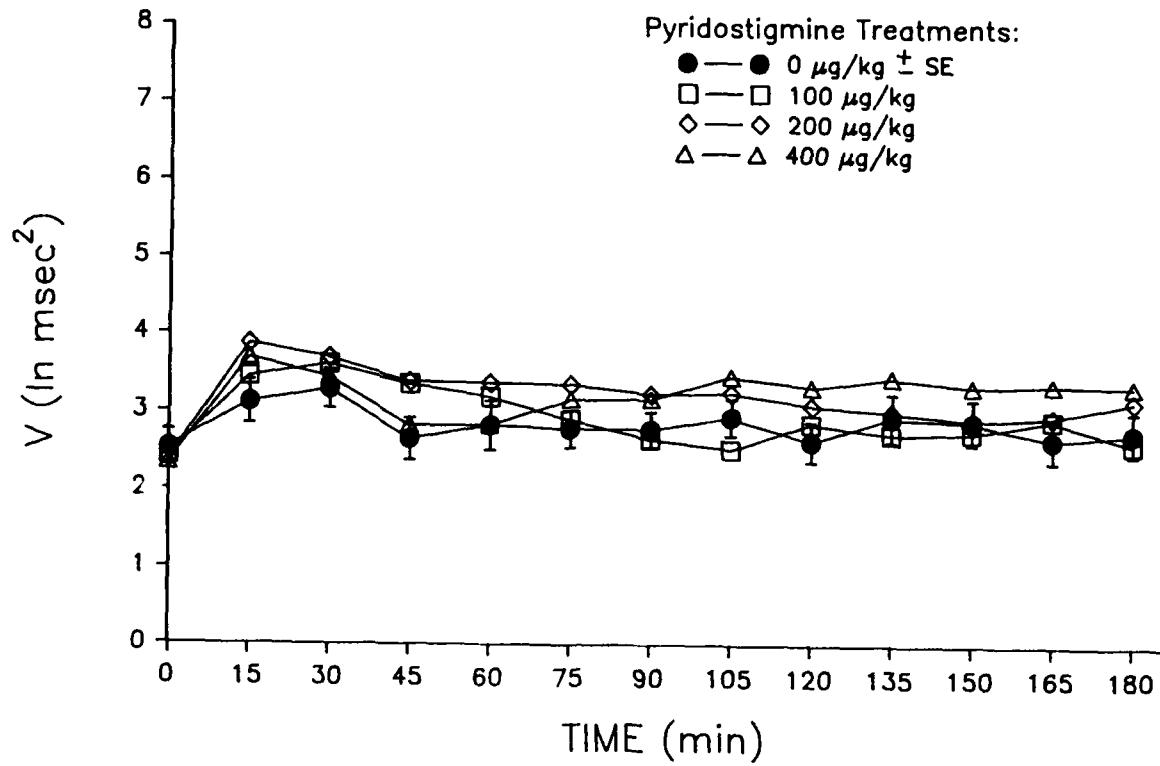


Figure 8. Mean estimate of vagal tone responses vs. time for 4 pyridostigmine bromide treatment conditions ($n = 12$).

There was a significant dose effect for V between the control and high (400 μg) dose at 165 min. There was also a significant difference at 135 min between the high (400 μg) and low (100 μg) doses. However, we should note here that the rather random significant differences, as indicated by the Tukey's contrasts for V , reflected the lack of a dose effect in the ANOVA. The significant dose*time interaction for V was likely due to the tendency of an increase in V during the first hour for all doses and placebo and the apparent increase during the last 90 min for the high (400 μg) dose. However, these effects are small in magnitude when compared to the changes observed for atropine sulfate (Experiment 1) and physostigmine (Experiment 4).

P-Q Intervals

There were no significant dose or dose*time effects for the P-Q interval in response to pyridostigmine bromide (Appendix H).

Cardiology

Visual examination of electrocardiogram traces showed no readily apparent anomalies. One animal had exceptionally high P-waves which is consistent with right atrial enlargement. A different animal had inverted P-waves on ECG traces throughout the experimental sessions. No other significant aberrations or arrhythmias were evident.

Cholinesterase

Mean plasma ChE activity was significantly depressed from controls in a dose dependent fashion (Fig. 9, Appendixes I and J). At 30 min post dose, mean plasma ChE inhibitions of 18%, 40%, and 57% resulted from administration of the 100-, 200-, and 400- μ g doses, respectively.

At 180 min post dose, plasma cholinesterase activity had recovered slightly with inhibitions of 13%, 37%, and 49%, respectively. Although slight recovery of cholinesterase activity did occur at 180 min, enzyme activity remained significantly depressed from baseline/control levels.

Mean erythrocyte ChE was also significantly depressed from controls in a dose-responsive manner (Fig. 10). At 30 min post dose, mean erythrocyte ChE inhibitions of 36%, 59%, and 69% resulted from administration of 100-, 200-, and 400- μ g doses, respectively.

Significant recovery of erythrocyte ChE activity occurred at 180 min post dose for all dose levels, yet activity was still significantly depressed from control levels. Mean ChE inhibitions at 180 min post dose were 3%, 18%, and 35%.

Experiment III (Pyridostigmine Bromide plus Atropine Sulfate)

Vagal Tone Monitoring

All four variables tested (HR, HP, HPV, and V) showed a significant dose effect and a significant dose*time interaction (Figs. 11-13, HR not shown; Tables 16-20; Appendixes K and L). Although there was also a group effect for all four variables, the group*dose and group*time interactions were not significant for any of the variables.

All animals exhibited a decrease in HR and a corresponding increase in HP, HPV, and V at both 15 min and 30 min after receiving 200 μ g of pyridostigmine (Tables 17-20). These results concur with the response to the mid dose in Experiment II. All variables exhibited a peak response to the 44- and 140- μ g/kg atropine sulfate doses between 60 min and 75 min (30 min and 45 min after atropine; Figs 11-13). This time also corresponds to the time of the peak response in Experiment I.

There was no significant difference between the 14- μ g/kg dose and the 0- μ g/kg dose at any time for any of the 4 VTM parameters measured

(Tables 17-20). Heart rate was significantly less for the 140- $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$ and 44- $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$ doses than for the 0- $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$ treatment between 60 min and 135 min, but they were not significantly different from each other. Heart period followed the same trend as HR with both the 44- and 140- $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$ doses significantly decreased compared to the placebo dose but not different from each other.

Heart period variance exhibited a dose-response relationship to atropine following the pyridostigmine pretreatment (Table 19; Fig. 12). The 14- $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$ dose of atropine did not produce a response significantly different from that of the placebo (200- $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$ pyridostigmine, no atropine), but all other comparisons using the Tukey's Studentized Range Test between 60 min and 180 min indicated a significantly different response to each dose of atropine.

There was a significant dose effect for V, and this estimate of RSA was decreased to near zero after the 140- $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$ dose and was not distinguishable from the response to the 44- $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$ dose (Fig. 13, Table 20). Both the 44- and 140- $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$ doses decreased the level of V between 60 min and 180 min.

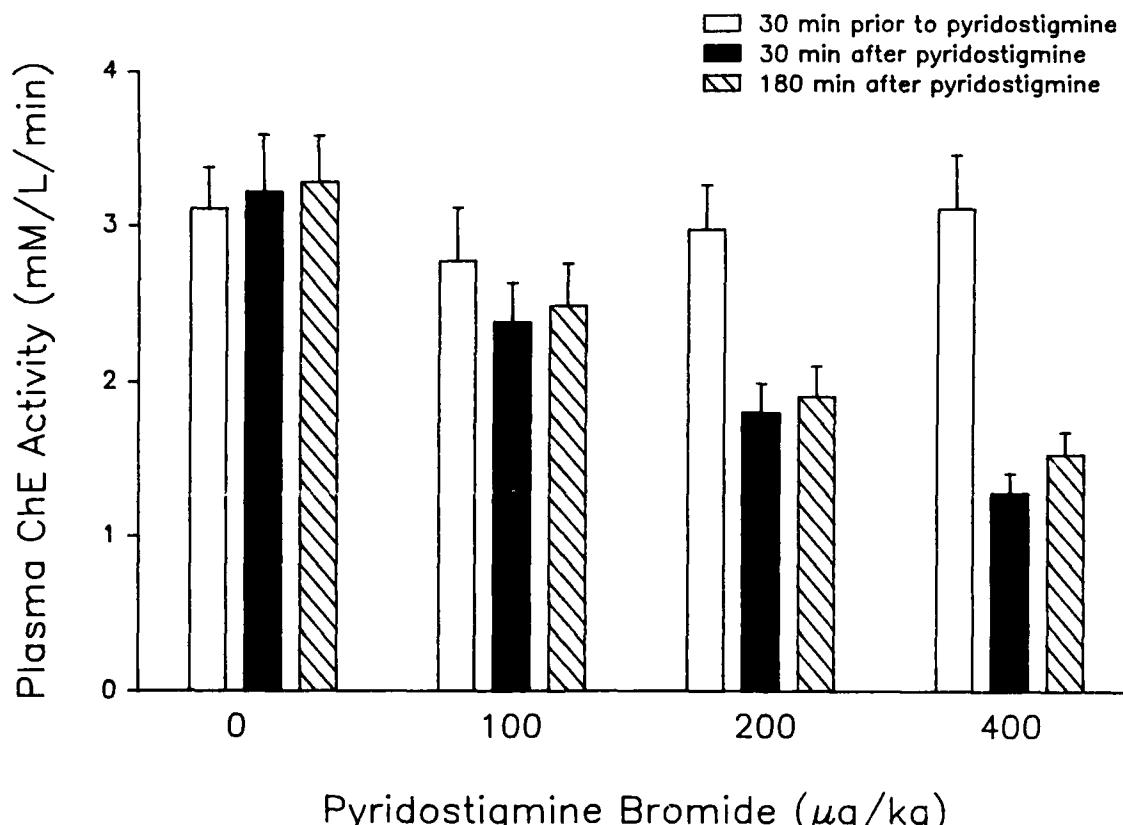


Figure 9. Mean plasma cholinesterase for 4 pyridostigmine bromide treatment conditions ($n = 12$) (Experiment II).

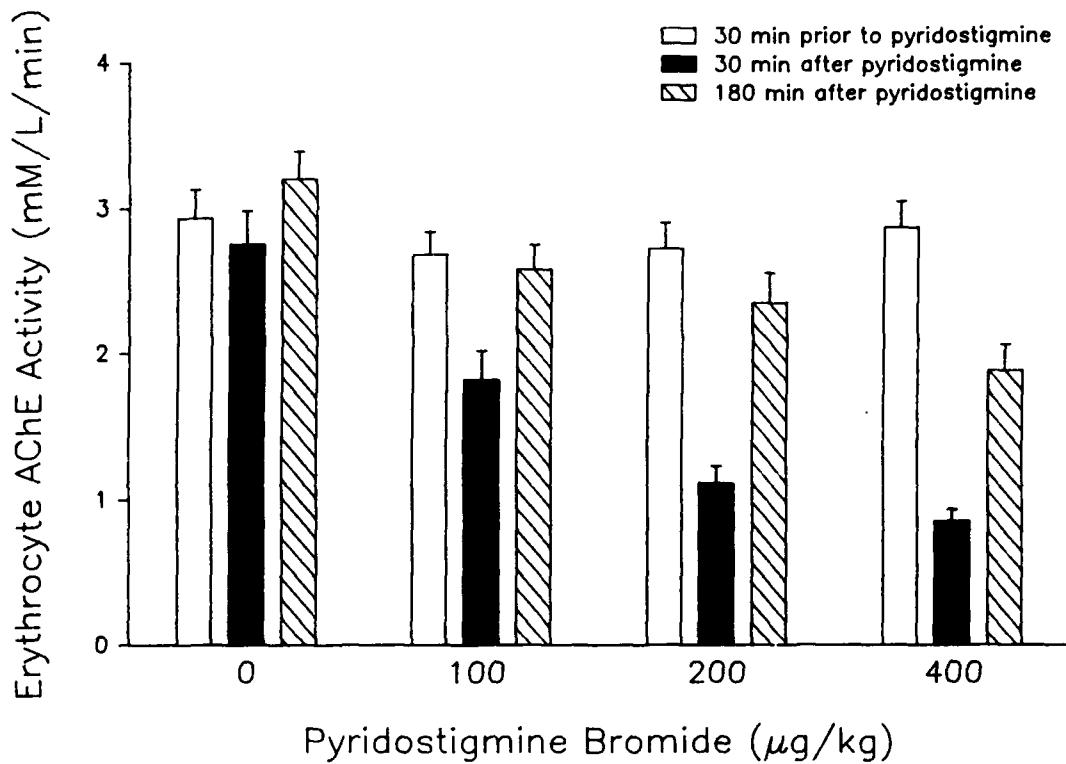


Figure 10. Mean erythrocyte cholinesterase activity for 4 pyridostigmine bromide treatment conditions ($n = 12$) (Experiment II).

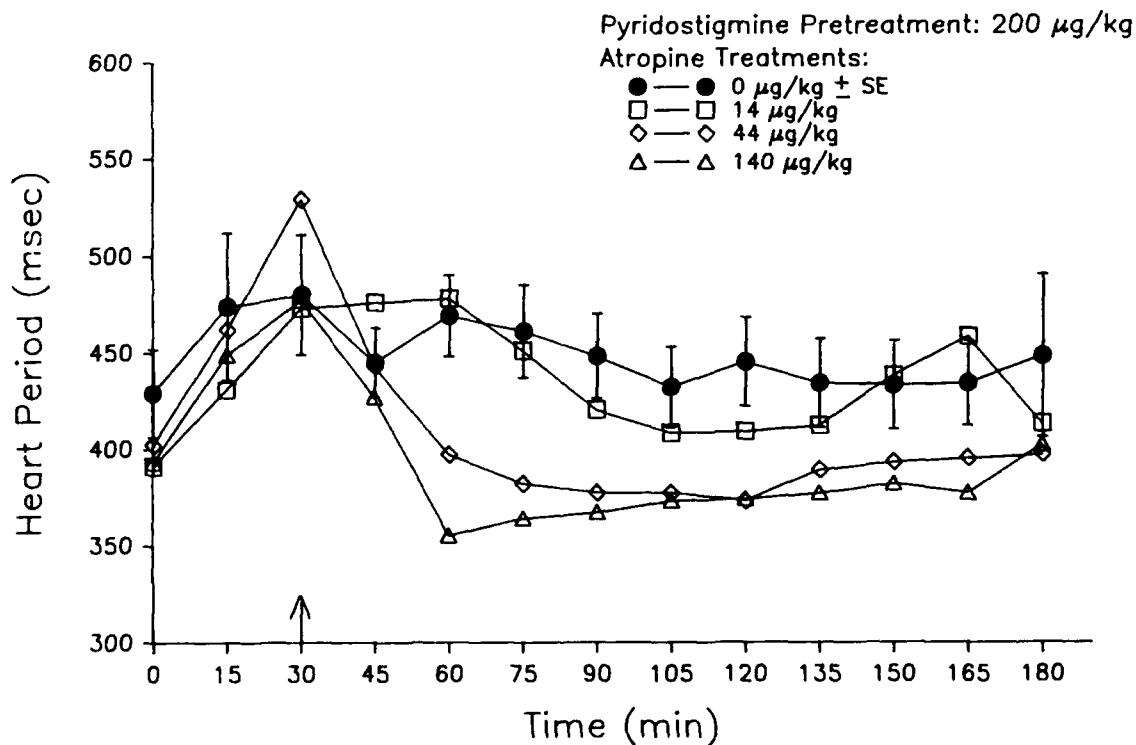


Figure 11. Mean heart period responses vs. time for 4 atropine sulfate treatment conditions following pyridostigmine bromide pretreatment ($n = 12$).

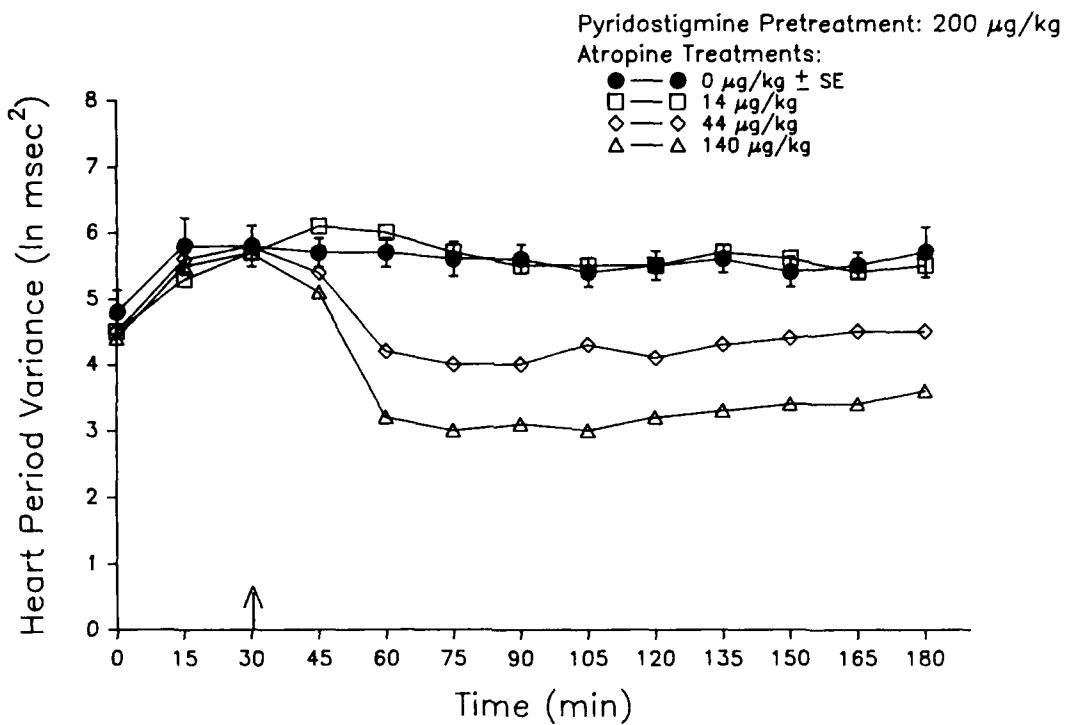


Figure 12. Mean heart period variance responses vs. time for 4 atropine sulfate treatment conditions following pyridostigmine bromide pretreatment ($n = 12$).

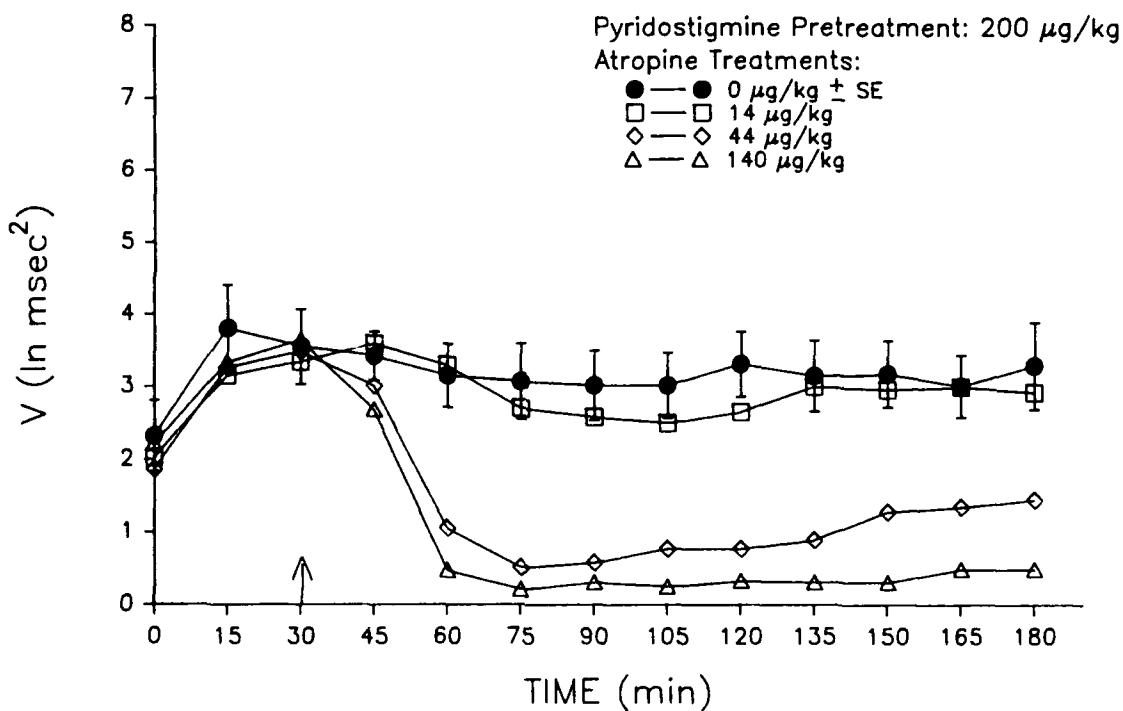


Figure 13. Mean estimate of vagal tone responses vs. time for 4 atropine sulfate treatment conditions following pyridostigmine bromide pretreatment ($n = 12$).

TABLE 16. F-RATIOS AND PROBABILITIES FOR MAIN AND INTERACTIVE EFFECTS AFTER PYRIDOSTIGMINE/ATROPOINE COMBINATION IN THE RHESUS MONKEY

| Dependent variable | Dose*time | F-ratios | |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | Dose | Time |
| HR | 4.56 P < .0001 | 9.35 P < .0003 | 17.00 P < .0001 |
| HP | 2.89 P < .0001 | 5.84 P < .004 | 10.87 P < .0001 |
| HPV | 10.55 P < .0001 | 45.34 P < .0001 | 20.83 P < .0001 |
| V | 8.75 P < .0001 | 24.08 P < .0001 | 43.23 P < .0001 |
| Erythrocyte ChE | 0.70 P < .650 | 0.96 P < .426 | 239.73 P < .0001 |
| Plasma ChE | 0.70 P < .647 | 16.36 P < .0001 | 56.69 P < .0001 |

TABLE 17. SUMMARY OF THE TUKEY'S STUDENTIZED RANGE CONTRASTS FOR HEART RATE

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after pyridostigmine bromide injection | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 |
| 0 to 14 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 44 | NS | NS | NS | * | * | * |
| 0 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | * | * | * |
| 14 to 44 | NS | NS | NS | * | * | * |
| 14 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | * | * | * |
| 44 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after pyridostigmine bromide injection | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 105 | 120 | 135 | 150 | 165 | 180 |
| 0 to 14 | NS | * | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 44 | * | * | * | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 140 | * | * | * | NS | * | NS |
| 14 to 44 | NS | * | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 14 to 140 | * | * | * | NS | * | NS |
| 44 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

*Contrast is significant, $p < 0.05$.

TABLE 18. SUMMARY OF THE TUKEY'S STUDENTIZED RANGE CONTRASTS FOR HEART PERIOD

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after pyridostigmine bromide injection | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 |
| 0 to 14 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 44 | NS | NS | NS | * | * | * |
| 0 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | * | * | * |
| 14 to 44 | NS | NS | NS | * | * | * |
| 14 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | * | * | * |
| 44 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after pyridostigmine bromide injection | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 105 | 120 | 135 | 150 | 165 | 180 |
| 0 to 14 | NS | * | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 44 | * | * | * | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 140 | * | * | * | NS | NS | NS |
| 14 to 44 | NS | * | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 14 to 140 | * | NS | * | NS | NS | NS |
| 44 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

*Contrast is significant, $p < 0.05$.

TABLE 19. SUMMARY OF THE TUKEY'S STUDENTIZED RANGE CONTRASTS FOR HEART PERIOD VARIANCE

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after pyridostigmine bromide injection | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 |
| 0 to 14 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 44 | NS | NS | NS | * | * | * |
| 0 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | * | * | * |
| 14 to 44 | NS | NS | NS | * | * | * |
| 14 to 140 | NS | NS | * | * | * | * |
| 44 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | * | * | * |

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after pyridostigmine bromide injection | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 105 | 120 | 135 | 150 | 165 | 180 |
| 0 to 14 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 44 | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| 0 to 140 | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| 14 to 44 | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| 14 to 140 | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| 44 to 140 | * | * | * | * | * | * |

*Contrast is significant, $p < 0.05$.

TABLE 20. SUMMARY OF THE TUKEY'S STUDENTIZED RANGE CONTRASTS FOR VAGAL TONE

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after pyridostigmine bromide injection | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 |
| 0 to 14 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 44 | NS | NS | NS | * | * | * |
| 0 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | * | * | * |
| 14 to 44 | NS | NS | NS | * | * | * |
| 14 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | * | * | * |
| 44 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after pyridostigmine bromide injection | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 105 | 120 | 135 | 150 | 165 | 180 |
| 0 to 14 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 44 | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| 0 to 140 | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| 14 to 44 | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| 14 to 140 | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| 44 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

*Contrast is significant, $p < 0.05$.

P-Q Intervals

During the 15 min following administration of 200 μg of pyridostigmine bromide, there was an overall (but not significant) trend towards an increased P-Q interval (Table 21; Appendix M). After the atropine administration, only the 44- $\mu\text{g/kg}$ dose significantly decreased the mean conduction time at the AV node. The P-Q intervals of the 44- $\mu\text{g/kg}$ dose were significantly less than the placebo levels from 10 min until 60 min post atropine administration. The overall dose*time interaction was not significant.

Cardiology

The monkey which exhibited premature ventricular beats during Experiment I no longer showed this phenomenon during the 4 weeks in which it received the pyridostigmine/atropine combination. However, another monkey did exhibit several premature ventricular beats during the 4 weeks of Experiment III. The frequency of this phenomenon did not seem to change after either pyridostigmine or atropine administration. Another monkey exhibited a very small R-wave and a large S-wave. Several of the monkeys showed a transient inversion of the P-wave, although this also occurred before the administration of any drugs. Therefore, no drug-related cardiac complications were observed.

Cholinesterase

All animals received 200 µg of pyridostigmine bromide per kilogram body weight for all 4 weeks of this experiment. Significant individual variability was expected both in baseline ChE activity and in the response to pyridostigmine and produced a large F-statistic which was accounted for in the overall statistical model by partitioning out the appropriate error term. There was a significant decrease from baseline ChE activity at 30 min post pyridostigmine dosing for both plasma and red blood cells (RBC) (32% inhibition, 54% inhibition respectively) (Figs. 14 and 15). There was a significant recovery toward baseline erythrocyte ChE level (15% inhibited) 180 min post dosing, but no recovery in plasma ChE activity (33% inhibited).

There was no significant atropine-related dose effect on erythrocyte ChE (Appendixes N and O). The baseline plasma ChE activity for the 44-µg/kg dose was significantly higher, causing the dose response for plasma ChE. A significant dose effect for plasma ChE was observed but was not due to atropine since this was significant only during the baseline period for the 44-µg/kg dose and disappeared after atropine administration. There was no atropine-related dose*time interaction for either plasma or erythrocyte ChE. Although there was a significant week effect for both erythrocyte and plasma ChE activity, this was due to Week 1 having a consistently lower ChE activity than the other experimental weeks. The lower Week 1 activity may have been due to a change in ambient temperature or the reagents used during that week.

Probit Analysis

The ED₅₀ for HPV and V were determined from the VTM data. A 30% decrease in HPV and V in the presence of pyridostigmine was used for comparison to Experiment I. The number of animals that responded at each dose was used to estimate the ED₅₀. The ED₅₀ for HPV was estimated to be 112.7 µg/kg (range 69.8-338.3; χ^2 [1, N = 2] = 0.1782, p > 0.6730) and for V was estimated to be 18.3 µg/kg (range 4.6-31.9; χ^2 [1, N = 2] = 2.3927, p > 0.1219). The estimate of RSA (V) was determined to be more sensitive than HPV to the anticholinergic effects of atropine sulfate even in the presence of pyridostigmine bromide. In comparison, the ED₅₀ calculated for atropine in Experiment I was 29 µg/kg for HPV and 9 µg/kg for V.

Experiment IV (Physostigmine Salicylate)

Vagal Tone Monitoring

All four parameters (HR, HP, HPV, and V) were measured after administration of physostigmine salicylate. Figures 16-18 illustrate the effects of physostigmine, and Table 22 contains the summary of the full ANOVAs (Appendixes P and Q). No significant dose effect was observed for HR, and HP (Fig. 16 [HR not shown]; Table 22). The HPV and V had significant dose*time interactions after administration of physostigmine salicylate (Figs. 17 and 18; Table 22). There was also a significant time effect for both HPV and V, but not for HP and HR (Table 22).

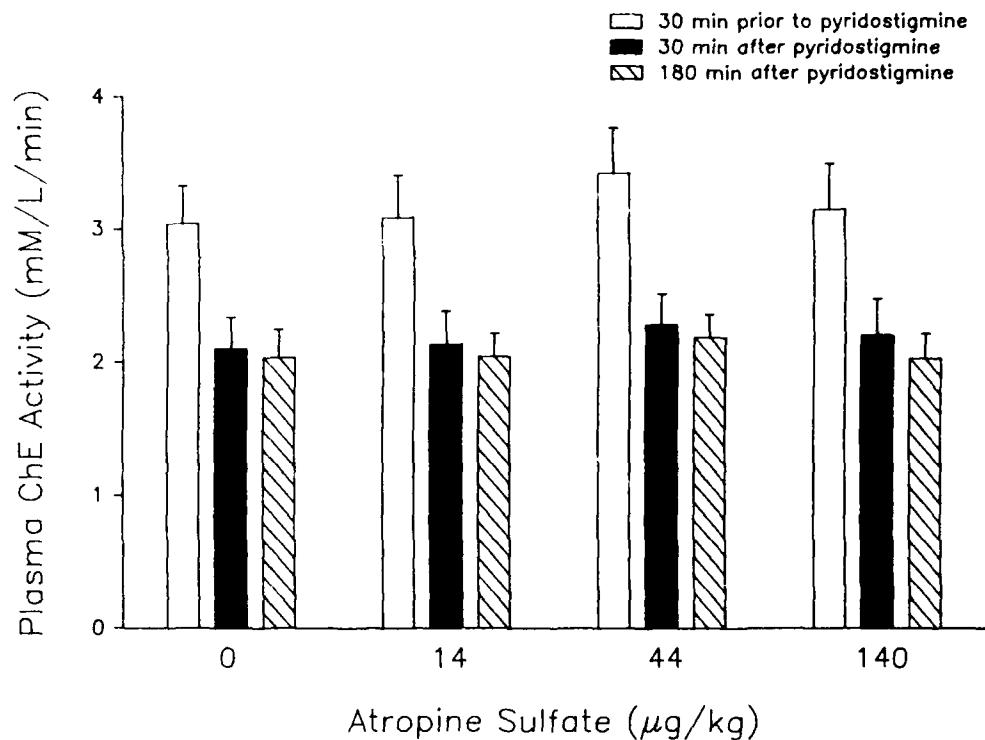


Figure 14. Mean plasma cholinesterase activity for 4 atropine sulfate treatment conditions following pyridostigmine pretreatment ($n = 12$) (Experiment III).

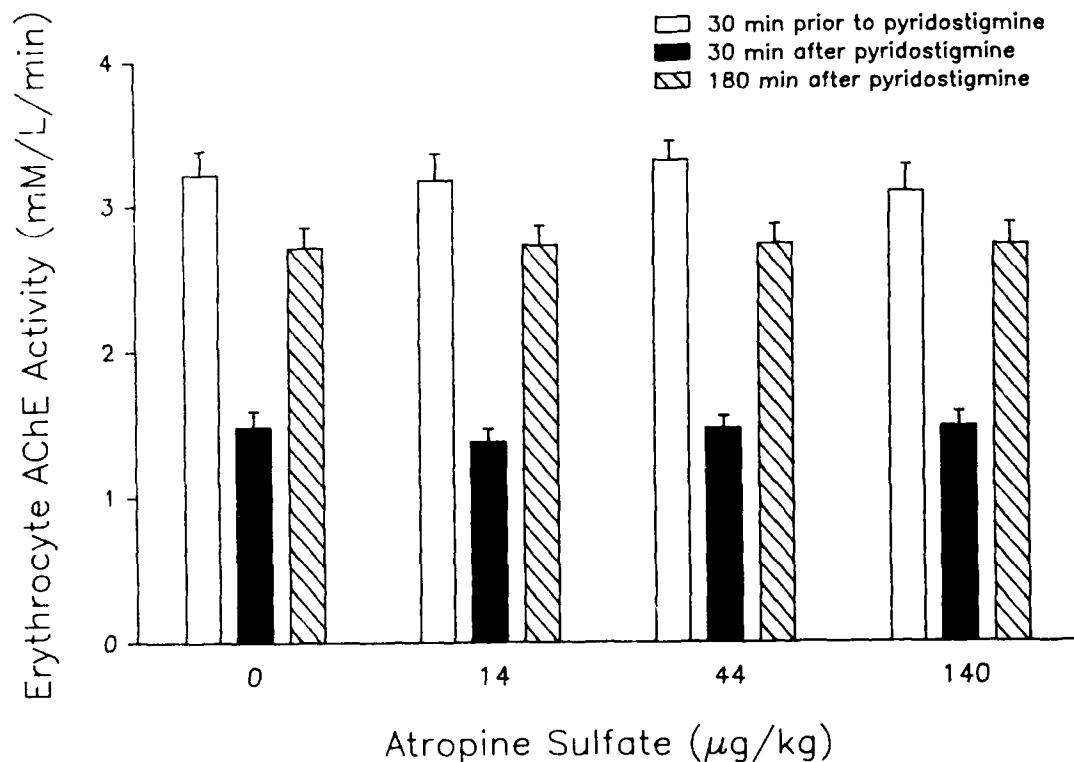


Figure 15. Mean erythrocyte cholinesterase activity for 4 atropine sulfate treatment conditions following pyridostigmine bromide pretreatment ($n = 12$) (Experiment III).

TABLE 21. SUMMARY OF THE TUKEY'S STUDENTIZED RANGE CONTRASTS FOR P-Q INTERVALS

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after pyridostigmine bromide injection | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 |
| 0 to 14 | NS | NS | * | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 44 | NS | * | * | * | * | * |
| 0 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | * |
| 14 to 44 | NS | * | * | NS | NS | NS |
| 14 to 140 | NS | NS | * | NS | NS | NS |
| 44 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after pyridostigmine bromide injection | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 105 | 120 | 135 | 150 | 165 | 180 |
| 0 to 14 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 44 | NS | NS | NS | * | NS | NS |
| 0 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | * |
| 14 to 44 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | * |
| 14 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | * |
| 44 to 140 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

*Contrast is significant, $p < 0.05$.

The Tukey's contrasts for treatments are listed in Tables 23-26 for HR, HPV, and V. There were no significant dose effects or dose*time interactions for HR and HP (Tables 23 and 24). Although HPV and V did not exhibit significant dose*time effects after administration of physostigmine salicylate, the responses (Figs. 17 and 18) indicate that the HPV and V increased for the lowest dose ($25 \mu\text{g/kg}$) and decreased for the highest dose ($100 \mu\text{g/kg}$) during the first hour, followed by an increase in HPV and V for all physostigmine treatments during the last 90 min. The Tukey's contrasts indicate that these effects are most apparent for the $25\text{-vs. the }100\text{-}\mu\text{g}$ doses during the first hour for HPV and V, and the $50\text{-and }100\text{-}\mu\text{g}$ doses vs. the control during the last 30 min for HPV (Tables 25 and 26). The magnitude of the physostigmine effects is apparently greater for V than for HPV (compare Figs. 17 and 18).

P-Q Intervals

There were no significant dose effects, interactions or time effects following administration of physostigmine salicylate (Appendix R).

Cardiology

Visual examination of ECG traces revealed no notable aberrations or arrhythmias attributable to administration of physostigmine. The animal displaying an enlarged P-Q wave in Experiment II did not exhibit the anomaly during this phase of the study.

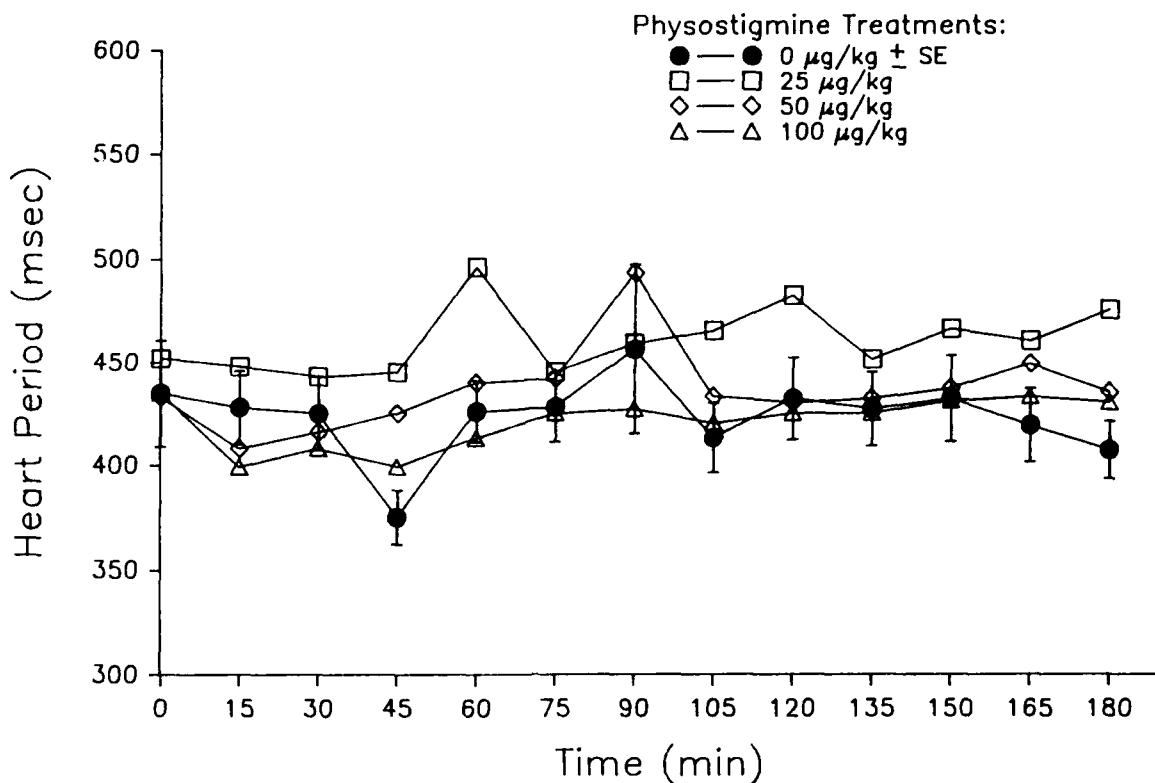


Figure 16. Mean heart period responses vs. time for 4 physostigmine treatment conditions ($n = 12$).

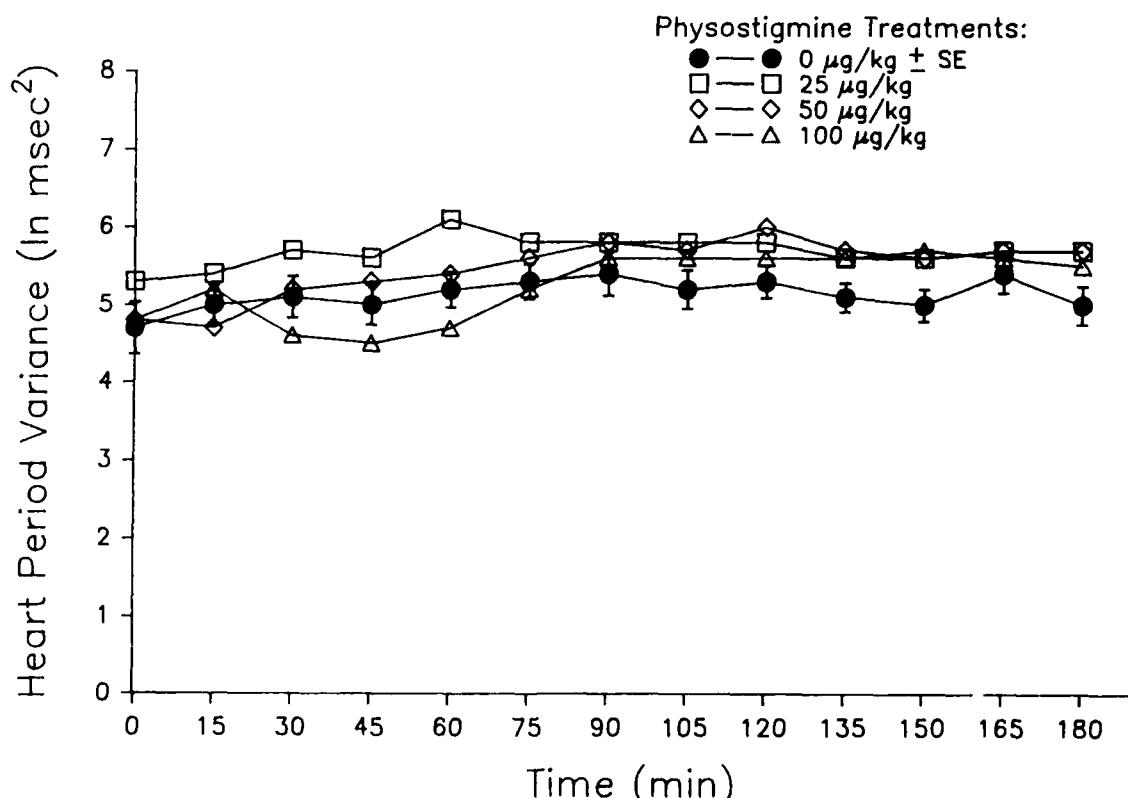


Figure 17. Mean heart period variance responses vs. time for 4 physostigmine treatment conditions ($n = 12$).

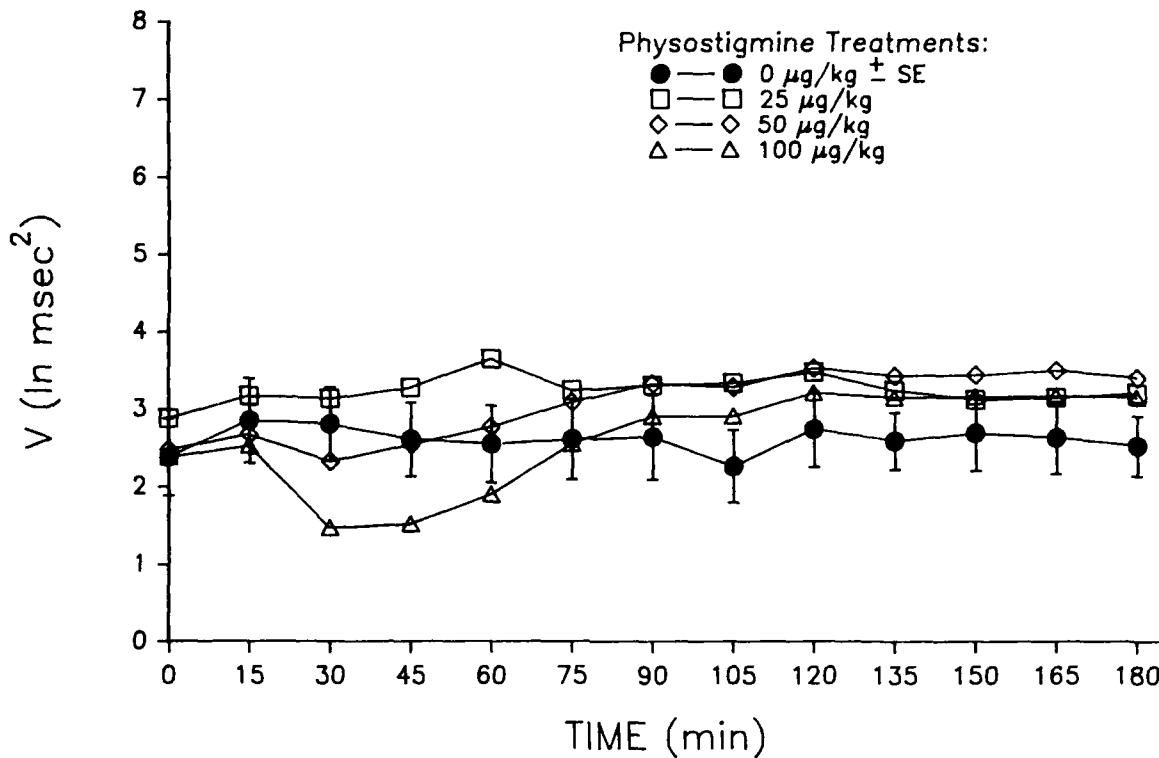


Figure 18. Mean estimate of vagal tone (V) responses vs. time for 4 physostigmine salicylate treatment conditions ($n = 12$).

Cholinesterase

Mean plasma ChE activity was significantly depressed from control values at all dose levels (Fig. 19; Appendixes S and T). Enzyme inhibition was not significantly different between the 50- and 100- μ g doses. In addition, ChE inhibition was not significantly different between the 25- and 50- μ g doses. There was a significant difference between ChE inhibition for the 25- and 100- μ g doses.

At 30 min post dose, mean plasma ChE inhibitions of 53%, 63%, and 74% resulted after administration of 25-, 50-, and 100- μ g doses, respectively. At 180 min post dose, mean plasma ChE inhibition had been reduced to 25%, 39%, and 57%, respectively. Although this recovery from the 30 min post dose levels was statistically significant, ChE activity still remained significantly less than control levels.

Mean erythrocyte ChE activity was significantly depressed from control levels for all dose levels (Fig. 20; Appendix R). At 30 min post dose, mean erythrocyte ChE inhibitions of 26%, 34%, and 50% resulted from administration of 25-, 50-, and 100- μ g doses, respectively. Additionally, ChE inhibition was significantly different only between the 25- and 100- μ g doses, but no significant differences existed between the 25- and 50- μ g doses or the 50- and 100- μ g doses.

TABLE 22. F-RATIOS AND PROBABILITIES FOR MAIN AND INTERACTIVE EFFECTS AFTER PHYSOSTIGMINE IN THE RHESUS MONKEY

| Dependent variable | Dose*time | F-ratios | |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Dose | Time |
| HR | 1.25 P < .174 | 1.38 P < .274 | 1.76 P < .074 |
| HP | 1.02 P < .445 | 1.61 P < .213 | 1.74 P < .077 |
| HPV | 2.74 P < .0001 | 1.69 P < .195 | 2.74 P < .004 |
| V | 4.00 P < .0001 | 1.58 P < .220 | 2.59 P < .007 |
| Erythrocyte ChE | 14.48 P < .0001 | 9.24 P < .0003 | 80.16 P < .0001 |
| Plasma ChE | 29.03 P < .0001 | 46.99 P < .0001 | 53.73 P < .0001 |

TABLE 23. SUMMARY OF THE TUKEY'S STUDENTIZED RANGE CONTRASTS FOR HEART RATE

| Trt. contrast (μ g/kg) | Time after physostigmine salicylate injection | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 |
| 0 to 25 | NS | NS | * | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 50 | * | NS | * | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 100 | * | NS | NS | * | NS | NS |
| 25 to 50 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 25 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 50 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

| Trt. Contrast (μ g/kg) | Time after physostigmine salicylate injection | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 105 | 120 | 135 | 150 | 165 | 180 |
| 0 to 25 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 50 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 25 to 50 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 25 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 50 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

*Contrast is significant, $p < 0.05$.

TABLE 24. SUMMARY OF THE TUKEY'S STUDENTIZED RANGE CONTRASTS FOR HEART PERIOD

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after physostigmine salicylate injection | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 |
| 0 to 25 | NS | NS | * | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 50 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 25 to 50 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 25 to 100 | * | NS | NS | * | NS | NS |
| 50 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after physostigmine salicylate injection | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 105 | 120 | 135 | 150 | 165 | 180 |
| 0 to 25 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 50 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 25 to 50 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 25 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 50 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

*Contrast is significant, $p < 0.05$.

TABLE 25. SUMMARY OF THE TUKEY'S STUDENTIZED RANGE CONTRASTS FOR HEART PERIOD VARIANCE

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after physostigmine salicylate injection | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 |
| 0 to 25 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 50 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 25 to 50 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 25 to 100 | NS | NS | * | * | NS | NS |
| 50 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after physostigmine salicylate injection | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 105 | 120 | 135 | 150 | 165 | 180 |
| 0 to 25 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 50 | NS | NS | NS | * | NS | * |
| 0 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | * | NS | * |
| 25 to 50 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 25 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 50 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

*Contrast is significant, $p < 0.05$.

TABLE 26. SUMMARY OF THE TUKEY'S STUDENTIZED RANGE CONTRASTS FOR VAGAL TONE

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after physostigmine salicylate injection | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 |
| 0 to 25 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 50 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 25 to 50 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 25 to 100 | NS | * | * | * | NS | NS |
| 50 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

| Trt. contrast ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | Time after physostigmine salicylate injection | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 105 | 120 | 135 | 150 | 165 | 180 |
| 0 to 25 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 50 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 0 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 25 to 50 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 25 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |
| 50 to 100 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS |

*Contrast is significant, $p < 0.05$.

Significant recovery of enzyme activity was evident at 180 min postdose. Mean erythrocyte inhibitions resulting from administration of low, mid, and high doses were 6.2%, 8%, and 26%, respectively. Although some recovery did occur, ChE activity was still significantly depressed from control levels.

A significant week effect was observed during this phase of the experiment for both plasma and erythrocyte ChE activity. This effect appears to be due to the difference between Week 4 of the experimental session and the preceding 3 weeks.

DISCUSSION

The four experiments described here demonstrate the usefulness of the VTM in monitoring anticholinergic and anticholinesterase treatments in rhesus monkeys. Previous work by Dellinger et al. (13) clearly depicted the muscarinic blockade of vagal tone by atropine sulfate in humans and the attenuated response to atropine following anticholinesterase OP exposures in the dog (3,37). The present studies are in agreement with both the human atropine response and the dog attenuated atropine response.

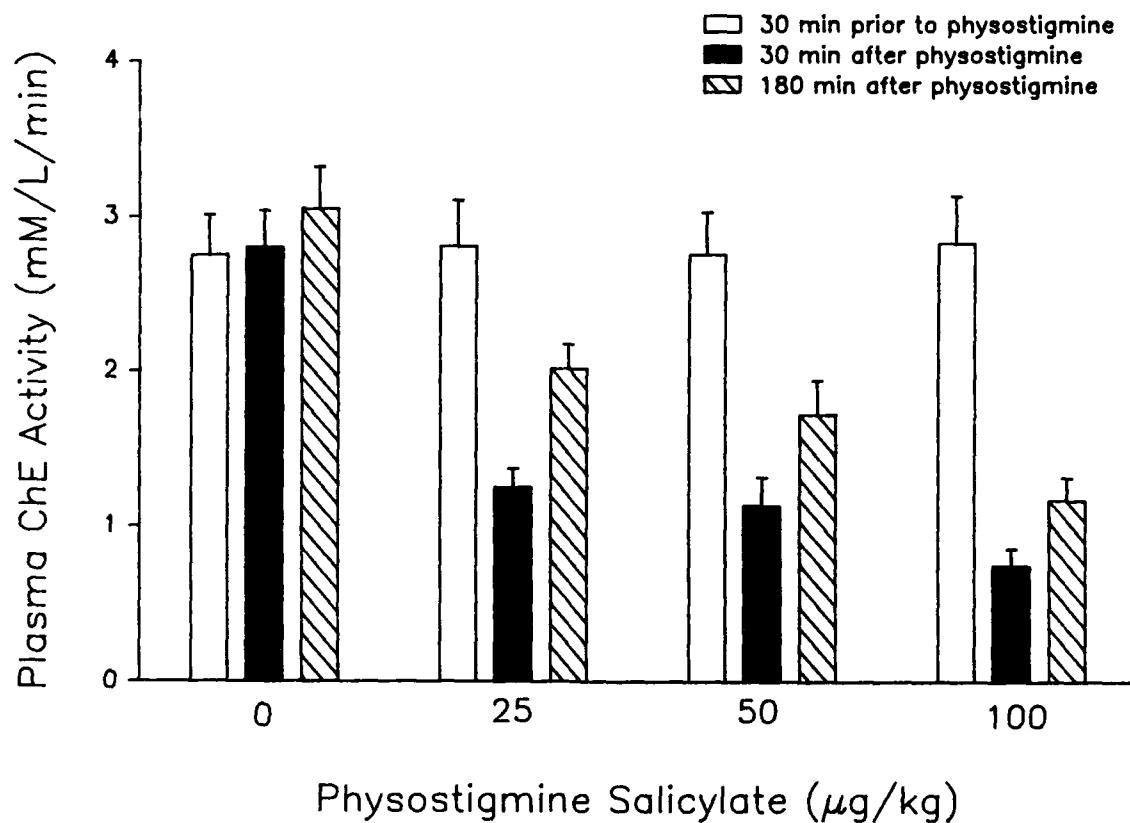


Figure 19. Mean plasma cholinesterase activity for 4 physostigmine salicylate treatment conditions ($n = 12$) (Experiment IV).

Experiment I demonstrated that the rhesus monkey is an adequate model of the human using the VTM. Whereas HP returned to near basal levels after 75 to 90 min, the RSA amplitude remained depressed for nearly 3 h and suggests that the administration of atropine sulfate in the rhesus monkey produces both peripheral and CNS effects. The estimate of RSA amplitude (V) is a more sensitive indicator of the CNS effects of atropine sulfate than HPV, HP, or HR. The sensitivity of V is in agreement with the findings of Dellinger et al. (13) in humans. The VTM response to atropine is most clearly seen at the 14- μ g dose in which V did not fall to zero; mean depression in V is greater than the decrease in HPV.

Absolute quantification of the degree of influence of sympathetic tone on RSA is complicated by the presence of nonneuronal and hormonal factors. However, the slow wave frequency, which is believed to represent the sympathetic influence on the heart period spectrum (Fig. 5), can be filtered out electronically. In these monkeys, the removal of the slow wave (sympathetic) component of HPV to estimate V resulted in approximately a 2.5-log decrease between these 2 parameters (compare Figs. 2 and 3). The extent of the decrease when comparing HPV to V indicates that, in the rhesus monkey, the sympathetic component may contribute the majority of the overall variability in heart period. These findings differ from the human, in which the fast wave (vagal) component is the primary mediator of the variability

in heart period (13). When the slow wave (sympathetic) component of RSA is removed to estimate V in the human, the decrease is only 1.0-log unit, indicating a quantitative but not qualitative difference between rhesus monkeys and humans. Because filtering allows you the removal of the slow wave component, thereby isolating the vagal component, the rhesus monkey can be used as an acceptable model for human exposures to cholinergically active drugs.

The overall lower vagal activity of monkeys ($V = 2.0$ compared to 7.0 for humans) may explain in part the increased sensitivity of monkeys to the muscarinic blockade by atropine sulfate. Only the lowest dose ($14 \mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$) did not reduce V to near zero, which suggests that in future studies a lower dose might be used rather than the $140\text{-}\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$ high dose in an effort to better define the dose-response relationships after atropine sulfate.

The estimated ED_{50} of $29 \mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$ ($4\text{-}68 \mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$) for HPV is similar to that of the human ED_{50} of $23 \mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$ reported by Dellinger et al. (13). The estimated ED_{50} of $9 \mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$ (upper limit of $23 \mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$) for V is similar but slightly less than the human ED_{50} of $14 \mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$ reported by Dellinger et al. (13).

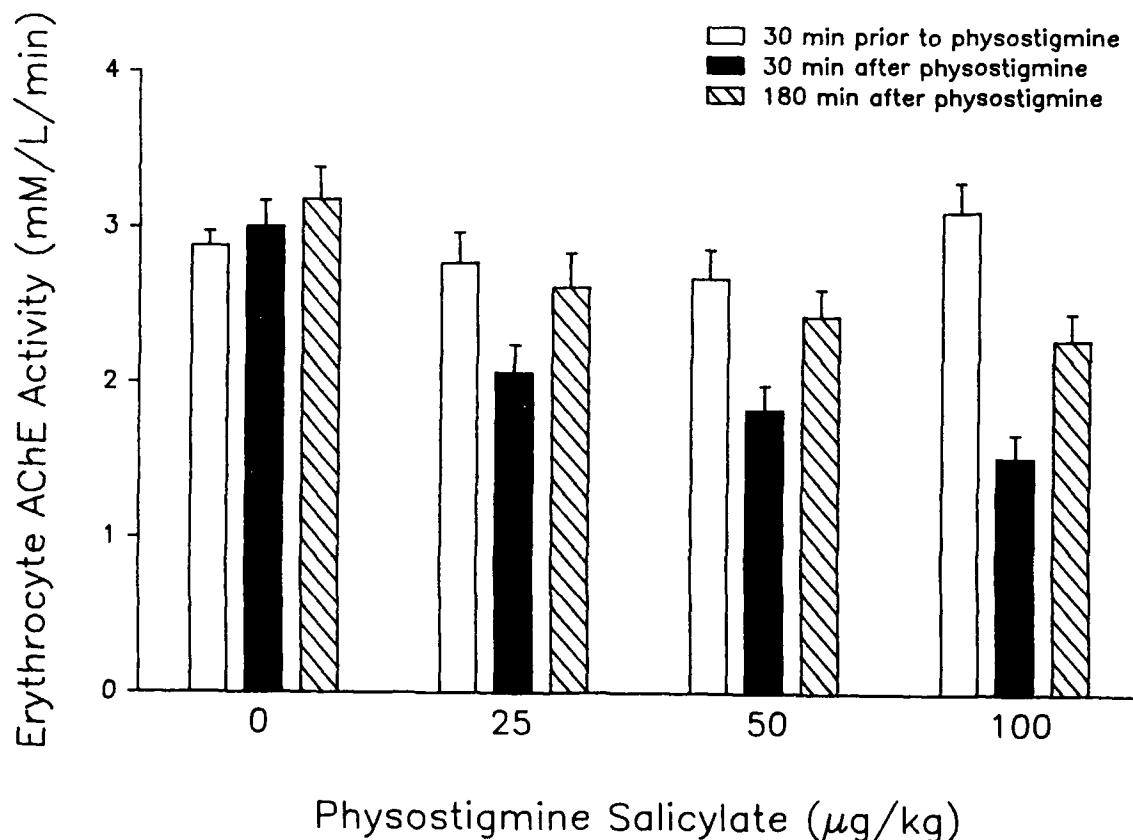


Figure 20. Mean erythrocyte cholinesterase activity for 4 physostigmine salicylate treatment conditions ($n = 12$) (Experiment IV).

Maximum depression of HPV and V occurred at approximately 45 min after dosing. These findings are consistent with those reported for the human by Dellinger et al. (13) and the dog (3). Therefore, the entry of atropine into the CNS of these three species may be similar. The time point at which V is maximally depressed appears to be independent of the dose, which illustrates the rapid absorption of atropine from the muscle and its subsequent distribution into the brain.

Proakis and Harris (38) found that, in the dog, atropine concentrations in the cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) increased from 10 to 45 to 90 ng/ml at 10 min, 1, and 3 h, respectively. Therefore, if the peak depression of V at 30 to 45 min represents the maximal CNS effect, then a relatively small fraction of the total dose, relative to plasma concentrations, may be sufficient to produce the desired effect. This concentration may be less than expected because of regional differences in the integrity of the blood brain barrier. The area postrema (AP) is known to lack a true blood brain barrier (39). The dorsal vagal nucleus lies just ventrolateral to the AP and might be expected to respond earlier than expected to drugs entering the brain. In addition, the nucleus tractus solitarius (NTS) and nucleus ambiguus (NA), which were proposed to mediate the gating of the integration of respiratory and cardiac information (40), are also located in this region.

An atropine-related decrease in the P-Q interval was observed; however, this effect was weak and reflects the relatively slight increase in heart rate (mean increase = 12 bpm).

In summarizing the results of Experiment I, we concluded that the rhesus monkey provides a useful model for the human in that it responds similarly to atropine sulfate. Heart rate is slightly increased, overall heart rate variability is decreased, the amplitude of RSA is diminished, and the doses required to produce these effects are very similar to those required in the human.

Experiments II, III, and IV included the VTM responses to carbamate anticholinesterase treatments. These experiments allowed us to examine two methods of utilizing the VTM in a field situation. First, if the VTM parameters respond reliably to anticholinesterase exposures, then it may be useful for directly monitoring OP exposures. Second, if the attenuated response to atropine following anticholinesterase exposure can be demonstrated in the monkey, then it deserves more research for applicability of verifying field OP exposures by an atropine challenge and monitoring postexposure treatments.

Experiments II and IV demonstrated that the VTM parameters may be useful in contrasting central vs. peripheral nervous system (PNS) effects. The overall rate parameters of HR, HP, and HPV are influenced by peripheral nonneural mechanisms as well as sympathetic neurally mediated factors (e.g., vasomotor and baroreceptors). The HPV parameter is mediated by both CNS and PNS factors; however, V may be more specifically mediated by central vagal efferent activity.

Atropine sulfate is known for its central anticholinergic activity, and the VTM parameters reflected this activity by strong treatment effects for HPV and V in contrast to the weak HR and HP effects. In addition, pyridostigmine, a quaternary carbamate that does not easily cross the blood brain barrier, consistently affected the more peripheral measures (HR, HP, and HPV) but not V. This phenomenon can be contrasted nicely with the more central effects of physostigmine which produced treatment interactions for V, but not for HR and HP.

The response of the VTM parameters to the carbamates indicates a potential problem with using the device for monitoring anti-ChE exposures. The centrally active compounds may directly affect V while the nonlipophilic and peripherally active compounds may not show any reliable effects. Figure 18 clearly shows that the 25- μ g dose of physostigmine resulted in increased V while the 100- μ g dose resulted in decreased V in contrast to pyridostigmine which produced little, if any, effect. This phenomenon can be explained by the complex non-cholinesterase effects of many anti-ChE compounds including: (1) direct muscarinic receptor antagonism, (2) reflexive response to autonomic ganglion overstimulation due to nicotinic agonistic activity, or (3) reflexive response to reduced peripheral blood pressure resulting in reduced vagal output. The nerve agents tend to be highly lipophilic and the VTM may, therefore, be useful for directly monitoring their effects at higher doses. Because one area of military interest regarding the dose-response relationship of these compounds is that of subtle effects, the increase in V may be more useful as a direct measure of exposure.

Experiment III provides perhaps the most exciting data for future applications of the VTM, because it validates the attenuated response of V to atropine sulfate following anticholinesterase (pyridostigmine) pretreatment. From this experiment we conclude that the V responses to 14-, 44-, and 140- μ g atropine treatments were attenuated by pretreatment with pyridostigmine. Therefore, similar to the 2 dog studies (3,37), the V parameter may be used to verify that an anticholinesterase exposure has occurred even though no salivation, lacrimation, urination, defecation (SLUD) symptoms are present. Although ChE assays may be used for the same purpose, the VTM monitoring is noninvasive and provides an estimate of the status of the nervous system and, according to our other experiments, may accurately reflect the status of the CNS at the level of the brainstem. This monitoring is more important when one considers that some investigators now believe that death from OP toxicosis may be the result of central respiratory depression and not peripheral effects (41).

Furthermore, the treatment of nerve agent casualties will necessitate the use of atropine sulfate. The V response to atropine may be used to determine when a person is ready to return to service after a sub-lethal OP exposure.

Therefore, we strongly believe that the VTM should be studied further to determine its potential for use in military applications. We suggest that the next series of studies should include orally administered pyridostigmine plus OP administration. The studies should include pharmacokinetic monitoring of toxicants in the cerebrospinal fluid and blood to provide more evidence of the site of V responses.

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APPENDIX A

ANOVAS FOR VAGAL TONE MONITORING VARIABLES
FOLLOWING ATROPINE SULFATE (EXPERIMENT I),
USING ALL ANIMALS

Number of Observations in Data Set = 557

General Linear Models Procedures SAS

Dependent Variable: Heart Rate

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 311 | 347787.17 | 5.45 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 251 | 51497.67 | | |
| Corrected Total | 562 | 399284.84 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 126735.45 | 77.21 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 24 | 60480.50 | 12.28 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Time (Group) | 88 | 25282.06 | 1.40 | 0.0230 |
| Dose*Time | 33 | 12318.10 | 1.82 | 0.0050 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Group | 3 | 23826.84 | 0.50 | 0.6918 |

Tests of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 22010.79 | 2.91 | 0.0551 |
| Week | 3 | 19969.48 | 2.64 | 0.0724 |
| Group*Dose | 6 | 4180.78 | 0.28 | 0.9425 |

Tests of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Time (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 11 | 13589.26 | 4.30 | 0.0001 |
| Group*Time | 33 | 7002.59 | 0.74 | 0.8355 |

Dependent Variable: Heart Period

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 311 | 1740329.53 | 4.20 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 249 | 331981.19 | | |
| Corrected Total | 560 | 2072310.72 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 545021.96 | 51.10 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 24 | 358563.24 | 11.21 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Time (Group) | 88 | 144565.52 | 1.23 | 0.1080 |
| Dose*Time | 33 | 54328.72 | 1.23 | 0.1860 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Group | 3 | 101108.96 | 0.49 | 0.6959 |

Tests of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 84583.20 | 1.89 | 0.1587 |
| Week | 3 | 98357.60 | 2.19 | 0.1148 |
| Group*Dose | 6 | 11056.32 | 0.12 | 0.9924 |

Tests of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Time (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 11 | 70655.31 | 3.91 | 0.0001 |
| Group*Time | 33 | 54721.85 | 1.01 | 0.4696 |

Dependent Variable: Heart Period Variance

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 311 | 814.62 | 4.73 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 247 | 136.88 | | |
| Corrected Total | 558 | 951.50 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 115.68 | 26.09 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 24 | 97.85 | 7.36 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Time (Group) | 88 | 53.30 | 1.09 | 0.2950 |
| Dose*Time | 33 | 33.97 | 1.86 | 0.0040 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Group | 3 | 56.74 | 11.31 | 0.3372 |

Tests of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 308.64 | 25.23 | 0.0001 |
| Week | 3 | 20.68 | 1.69 | 0.1957 |
| Group*Dose | 6 | 10.30 | 0.42 | 0.8576 |

Tests of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Time(Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 11 | 36.28 | 5.45 | 0.0001 |
| Group*Time | 33 | 10.96 | 0.55 | 0.9730 |

Dependent Variable: Vagal Tone

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 311 | 1175.77 | 6.11 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 247 | 152.93 | | |
| Corrected Total | 558 | 1328.70 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 282.23 | 56.98 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 24 | 201.81 | 13.58 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Time (Group) | 88 | 70.97 | 1.30 | 0.0590 |
| Dose*Time | 33 | 29.15 | 1.43 | 0.0690 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal(Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Group | 3 | 69.03 | 0.65 | 0.6036 |

Tests of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose(Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 358.15 | 14.20 | 0.0001 |
| Week | 3 | 12.62 | 0.50 | 0.6857 |
| Group*Dose | 6 | 22.98 | 0.46 | 0.8340 |

Tests of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Time(Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 11 | 26.11 | 2.94 | 0.0023 |
| Group*Time | 33 | 14.52 | 0.55 | 0.9741 |

Response Variable=HR Atropine Sulfate Dosage=0.14

| TIME | C02 | C04 | C06 | N538 | N584 | N597 | OLX | OL3 | OPE324 | OPE352 | OPW | .005 | .MEAN | .S_E | .N |
|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----|
| 0 | 165.490 | 118.741 | 153.532 | 171.739 | 173.556 | 138.182 | 143.739 | 134.087 | 171.673 | 131.565 | 122.955 | 208.121 | 152.782 | 7.54549 | 12 |
| 15 | 189.000 | 147.667 | 144.889 | 190.588 | 225.000 | 169.037 | 197.333 | 137.778 | 203.462 | 166.370 | 155.462 | 214.720 | 178.444 | 8.35458 | 12 |
| 30 | 184.952 | 167.680 | 159.000 | 191.158 | 230.000 | 166.696 | 186.000 | 162.800 | 200.333 | 180.400 | 156.400 | 217.185 | 183.550 | 6.71537 | 12 |
| 45 | 198.353 | 171.571 | 192.556 | 187.333 | 226.000 | 188.300 | 176.000 | 194.353 | 207.533 | 185.462 | 203.167 | 181.600 | 192.686 | 4.28373 | 12 |
| 60 | 180.923 | 154.643 | 164.400 | 198.909 | 206.769 | 173.407 | 178.400 | 157.913 | 199.600 | 181.273 | 160.533 | 198.917 | 179.641 | 5.23408 | 12 |
| 75 | 182.933 | 144.080 | 154.000 | 207.800 | 207.000 | 163.238 | 179.400 | 166.095 | 204.200 | 209.000 | 151.400 | 192.333 | 180.123 | 6.93470 | 12 |
| 90 | 177.929 | 132.828 | 149.571 | 191.263 | 198.737 | 159.789 | 178.500 | 162.286 | 196.533 | 192.700 | 148.667 | 205.739 | 174.545 | 6.78664 | 12 |
| 105 | 177.200 | 135.586 | 139.125 | 194.800 | 200.667 | 162.167 | 178.500 | 164.000 | 195.733 | 199.556 | 160.400 | 153.200 | 171.744 | 6.62189 | 12 |
| 120 | 177.840 | 135.040 | 141.500 | 188.889 | 205.882 | 162.000 | 179.231 | 164.400 | 187.067 | 206.500 | 148.867 | 201.000 | 174.851 | 7.10822 | 12 |
| 135 | 173.000 | 131.130 | 137.417 | 195.778 | 177.846 | 164.889 | 186.800 | 168.125 | 192.067 | 178.533 | 145.133 | 204.000 | 171.227 | 6.70567 | 12 |
| 150 | 172.545 | 122.154 | 136.815 | 178.000 | 197.111 | 160.556 | 168.471 | 113.304 | 193.667 | 191.167 | 143.867 | 202.286 | 164.995 | 8.67547 | 12 |
| 165 | 173.923 | 124.000 | 139.333 | 180.875 | 194.909 | 165.308 | 190.333 | 162.923 | 188.966 | 179.407 | 143.800 | 184.667 | 169.037 | 6.53355 | 12 |
| 180 | 174.800 | 123.154 | 131.263 | 179.478 | 194.222 | 159.862 | 176.000 | 165.000 | 200.083 | 178.286 | 146.000 | 166.195 | 7.35398 | 11 | |

Response variable=HPER Atropine Sulfate Dosage=0.14

| TIME | C02 | C04 | C06 | N53.0 | N584 | N597 | GLX | OL3 | OPE324 | OPE352 | OPH | _005 | _MEAN | _S_E | _N |
|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----|
| 0 | 363.725 | 481.556 | 394.126 | 349.391 | 435.861 | 421.909 | 421.364 | 448.043 | 351.327 | 456.087 | 488.727 | 287.970 | 402.007 | 18.1404 | 12 |
| 15 | 317.000 | 413.125 | 415.111 | 314.941 | 266.375 | 355.185 | 304.333 | 438.667 | 294.423 | 361.519 | 386.370 | 279.120 | 345.514 | 16.7052 | 12 |
| 30 | 324.524 | 357.400 | 378.727 | 313.895 | 260.857 | 360.000 | 322.000 | 369.650 | 299.000 | 332.800 | 383.300 | 275.778 | 331.494 | 11.4991 | 12 |
| 45 | 305.438 | 349.929 | 315.778 | 320.333 | 265.000 | 321.650 | 340.857 | 309.176 | 289.367 | 325.846 | 295.625 | 330.000 | 314.083 | 6.7151 | 12 |
| 60 | 331.462 | 388.250 | 366.267 | 301.364 | 290.308 | 351.667 | 335.200 | 182.913 | 300.467 | 331.773 | 374.133 | 301.125 | 337.911 | 10.0409 | 12 |
| 75 | 327.867 | 417.200 | 390.130 | 289.000 | 289.500 | 370.095 | 334.000 | 163.952 | 293.500 | 289.625 | 396.033 | 312.000 | 339.409 | 13.4576 | 12 |
| 90 | 336.929 | 451.310 | 402.071 | 313.632 | 301.842 | 375.579 | 335.250 | 171.786 | 305.500 | 313.300 | 403.333 | 291.304 | 350.153 | 14.4994 | 12 |
| 105 | 338.233 | 443.276 | 430.938 | 306.222 | 298.889 | 370.250 | 335.833 | 370.118 | 306.567 | 300.333 | 376.167 | 271.400 | 345.685 | 15.5521 | 12 |
| 120 | 337.040 | 445.360 | 425.679 | 316.222 | 291.706 | 371.000 | 334.077 | 365.520 | 321.500 | 294.625 | 402.967 | 298.500 | 350.516 | 14.9912 | 12 |
| 135 | 347.000 | 459.217 | 439.792 | 308.833 | 362.385 | 364.278 | 321.067 | 359.938 | 312.833 | 413.667 | 293.500 | 359.887 | 15.2341 | 12 | |
| 150 | 347.500 | 492.269 | 439.778 | 338.143 | 304.611 | 374.278 | 356.000 | 582.130 | 309.833 | 313.875 | 417.143 | 297.143 | 381.058 | 25.1754 | 12 |
| 165 | 345.423 | 484.920 | 438.143 | 333.750 | 308.182 | 364.192 | 326.417 | 370.846 | 317.793 | 334.259 | 417.533 | 335.333 | 364.733 | 15.7285 | 12 |
| 180 | 343.533 | 489.654 | 457.474 | 335.913 | 308.333 | 375.586 | 340.706 | 365.700 | 299.833 | 335.857 | 411.120 | 369.426 | 18.1704 | 11 | |

Response variable=HPERVAR Atropine Sulfate Dosage=0.14

| TIME | C02 | C04 | C06 | N538 | N584 | N597 | OLX | OL3 | OPE324 | OPE352 | OPW | -005 | _MEAN | -S_E | -N |
|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----|
| 0 | 3.94510 | 7.02963 | 4.12128 | 4.66364 | 3.72500 | 4.35091 | 4.06364 | 4.71739 | 3.74727 | 4.40652 | 4.82500 | 3.28710 | 4.40687 | 0.272276 | 12 |
| 15 | 1.56667 | 3.27063 | 3.30000 | 2.47500 | 1.71250 | 2.14231 | 0.92000 | 4.66250 | 1.13846 | 2.98889 | 2.51111 | 1.55200 | 2.35336 | 0.310917 | 12 |
| 30 | 2.19524 | 2.08000 | 2.20455 | 2.11053 | 0.94000 | 2.33478 | 1.43333 | 2.79000 | 1.65333 | 2.884667 | 2.68333 | 0.46154 | 2.06111 | 0.235401 | 12 |
| 45 | 0.90000 | 2.67143 | 2.20556 | 2.63333 | 0.00000 | 2.01500 | 1.78333 | 3.11176 | 1.73000 | 2.26538 | 2.45000 | 4.44000 | 2.18382 | 0.317201 | 12 |
| 60 | 2.13077 | 3.33214 | 2.51333 | 2.44000 | 2.20833 | 2.93077 | 2.12500 | 3.08261 | 1.73000 | 3.03636 | 2.51667 | 0.98333 | 2.41911 | 0.188412 | 12 |
| 75 | 2.29000 | 3.38750 | 2.70870 | 2.55000 | 1.55000 | 3.20000 | 1.96000 | 3.44500 | 1.73667 | 3.15000 | 1.41667 | 1.91429 | 3.15000 | 0.238225 | 12 |
| 90 | 2.26429 | 3.27586 | 2.89286 | 2.01111 | 1.64211 | 3.25789 | 2.02500 | 3.69286 | 2.30000 | 2.59500 | 3.18667 | 0.92609 | 2.50581 | 0.230400 | 12 |
| 105 | 2.80667 | 4.21379 | 2.52500 | 2.21250 | 2.22222 | 3.69167 | 2.25000 | 3.01176 | 2.49000 | 3.01111 | 3.02000 | 7.55000 | 3.25039 | 0.428291 | 12 |
| 120 | 2.67917 | 4.32000 | 3.02500 | 2.28333 | 1.85625 | 3.32500 | 2.27692 | 2.94400 | 2.67667 | 2.60000 | 3.49667 | 3.00000 | 2.87358 | 0.187058 | 12 |
| 135 | 3.03000 | 4.97626 | 3.14583 | 2.44706 | 2.36154 | 3.38235 | 1.26429 | 3.92000 | 2.74000 | 3.02667 | 3.50667 | 3.12500 | 3.07731 | 0.260001 | 12 |
| 150 | 3.22273 | 5.43077 | 3.48846 | 2.68500 | 2.37776 | 3.88333 | 2.14118 | 4.65652 | 2.68333 | 2.43476 | 4.11000 | 2.78571 | 3.32497 | 0.293563 | 12 |
| 165 | 2.90769 | 5.79600 | 2.92381 | 2.88000 | 1.61000 | 3.35769 | 2.20909 | 4.00000 | 2.92069 | 2.74074 | 4.31333 | 6.05000 | 3.47575 | 0.388438 | 12 |
| 180 | 2.75662 | 6.20769 | 3.35789 | 3.27826 | 2.27778 | 3.88966 | 2.17059 | 4.27500 | 2.26250 | 3.61429 | 4.46400 | 3.50693 | 0.362772 | 11 | |

Response variable=VACTONE Atropine Sulfate Dosage=0.14

| TIME | C02 | C04 | C06 | N538 | N584 | N597 | OLX | OL3 | OPE324 | OPE352 | OPW | _005 | _MEAN | _S_E | _N | |
|------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----|
| 0 | 0.727451 | 6.53704 | 0.6744668 | 0.190909 | 1.70278 | 1.9C545 | 2.11818 | 0.34565 | 1.68000 | 2.75870 | 3.29545 | 0.93548 | 1.90596 | 0.503513 | 12 | |
| 15 | 0.000600 | 0.88333 | 0.587500 | 0.000000 | 0.08750 | 0.17308 | 0.00000 | 3.17500 | 0.00000 | 0.11111 | 0.32222 | 0.38400 | 0.47698 | 0.257864 | 12 | |
| 30 | 0.000000 | 0.000000 | 0.095455 | 0.000000 | 0.68000 | 0.29565 | 0.00000 | 0.37000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.04231 | 0.12362 | 0.062416 | 12 | |
| 45 | 0.000000 | 0.05000 | 0.116667 | 0.000000 | 0.00000 | 0.19500 | 0.00000 | 1.54118 | 0.00000 | 0.11154 | 0.06667 | 2.70000 | 0.39842 | 0.243575 | 12 | |
| 60 | 0.000000 | 0.18929 | 0.426667 | 0.000000 | 1.44167 | 0.30385 | 0.00000 | 0.33043 | 0.00000 | 0.19545 | 0.08333 | 0.30000 | 0.27256 | 0.114861 | 12 | |
| 75 | 0.000000 | 0.44583 | 0.091304 | 0.000000 | 0.67500 | 0.03500 | 0.00000 | 0.21500 | 0.00000 | 1.00000 | 0.25000 | 0.00000 | 0.22601 | 0.093732 | 12 | |
| 90 | 0.000000 | 1.72759 | 0.039286 | 0.000000 | 0.00000 | 0.07368 | 0.00000 | 0.71429 | 0.00000 | 0.63667 | 0.00000 | 0.26596 | 0.152213 | 0.152213 | 12 | |
| 105 | 0.000000 | 2.29310 | 0.000000 | 0.000000 | 0.00000 | 0.05833 | 0.00000 | 0.77059 | 0.00000 | 0.49333 | 0.30000 | 0.74295 | 0.456977 | 0.456977 | 12 | |
| 120 | 0.000000 | 2.56800 | 0.289286 | 0.000000 | 0.00000 | 0.07000 | 0.00000 | 0.81600 | 0.00000 | 0.15714 | 1.15000 | 0.00000 | 0.42087 | 0.223110 | 12 | |
| 135 | 0.000000 | 3.47391 | 0.945833 | 0.000000 | 0.00000 | 0.76154 | 0.00000 | 0.20588 | 0.00000 | 0.02333 | 0.60000 | 1.64000 | 1.10000 | 0.72921 | 0.294703 | 12 |
| 150 | 0.000000 | 4.71538 | 0.861538 | 0.000000 | 0.00000 | 0.29444 | 0.00000 | 1.12609 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 2.05333 | 0.81429 | 0.82209 | 0.399821 | 12 | |
| 165 | 0.000000 | 4.54000 | 0.771429 | 0.000000 | 0.00000 | 0.42692 | 0.00000 | 0.66923 | 0.02414 | 0.07037 | 2.30333 | 2.80000 | 0.96712 | 0.424299 | 12 | |
| 180 | 0.000000 | 5.14231 | 0.536842 | 0.395652 | 0.43333 | 0.72414 | 0.61765 | 0.96842 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 2.62800 | 1.04058 | 0.466273 | 1.04058 | 11 | |

APPENDIX C

ANOVAS FOR P-Q INTERVALS FOLLOWING ATROPINE SULFATE
(EXPERIMENT I), USING ALL ANIMALS

Number of Observations in Data Set = 720

General Linear Models Procedure SAS

Dependent Variable: PQ intervals

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 119 | 0.053047 | 18.37 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 489 | 0.011870 | | |
| Corrected Total | 608 | 0.064916 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 0.009652 | 49.71 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 24 | 0.005192 | 8.91 | 0.0001 |
| Time*Animal (Group) | 8 | 0.000215 | 1.10 | 0.3580 |
| Dose*Time | 3 | 0.000026 | 0.36 | 0.7800 |

Tests of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Group | 3 | 0.002852 | 0.79 | 0.5336 |

Tests of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 0.003436 | 5.29 | 0.0060 |
| Dose*Group | 6 | 0.000901 | 0.69 | 0.6565 |
| Week | 3 | 0.000381 | 0.59 | 0.6294 |

Tests of hypotheses using the MS for Time*Animal(Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 1 | 0.000027 | 1.52 | 0.2533 |

APPENDIX D

ANOVAS FOR PLASMA AND ERYTHROCYTE CHOLINESTERASE
PRIOR TO ATROPINE SULFATE (EXPERIMENT I), USING ALL ANIMALS

Number of Observations in Data Set = 100

General Linear Models Procedure SAS

Dependent Variable: Plasma Cholinesterase

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 40 | 50.53 | 11.07 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 59 | 6.73 | | |
| Corrected Total | 99 | 57.26 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Week) | 26 | 5.92 | 1.99 | 0.0147 |

Tests of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Week) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Animal | 11 | 39.32 | 15.71 | 0.0001 |
| Week | 3 | 1.30 | 1.90 | 0.1542 |

Dependent Variable: Erythrocyte Cholinesterase

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 38 | 100.32 | 9.93 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 73 | 19.40 | | |
| Corrected Total | 111 | 119.72 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Week) | 24 | 22.98 | 3.60 | 0.0001 |

Tests of hypotheses using the MS for Animal(Week) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Animal | 11 | 67.11 | 6.37 | 0.0001 |
| Week | 3 | 1.74 | 0.61 | 0.6169 |

APPENDIX E

MEAN PLASMA ERYTHROCYTE CHOLINESTERASE ACTIVITY
DURING FOUR-WEEK PRELIMINARY PERIOD (EXPERIMENT I)

Plasma Cholinesterase Activity (mM/l/min)

| Animal # | Week | | | | Mean | SE | n |
|-------------|------|------|------------|------|-------------|-------------|----------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | |
| C02 | 2.21 | 2.57 | 2.05 | 2.25 | 2.34 | 0.13 | 9 |
| C04 | -- | 3.38 | 3.09 | 3.20 | 3.24 | 0.17 | 7 |
| C06 | -- | 0.91 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.89 | 0.02 | 6 |
| OLX | 1.62 | 1.94 | 1.78 | -- | 1.81 | 0.11 | 11 |
| OL3 | 1.47 | 1.54 | 1.73 | -- | 1.65 | 0.17 | 6 |
| OPW | 2.17 | 3.28 | 3.97 | 2.65 | 3.05 | 0.24 | 9 |
| 005 | 2.13 | 2.19 | 2.27 | 1.55 | 2.06 | 0.12 | 10 |
| OPE324 | -- | 2.98 | 1.91 | 3.00 | 2.72 | 0.22 | 8 |
| OPE352 | -- | 1.83 | 1.72 | 1.57 | 1.72 | 0.09 | 7 |
| N538 | 1.69 | 2.12 | -- | 2.03 | 2.01 | 0.08 | 10 |
| N584 | 1.74 | 1.73 | 1.77 | 1.28 | 1.63 | 0.08 | 8 |
| N597 | 1.07 | 1.13 | 1.22 | 1.05 | <u>1.12</u> | <u>0.04</u> | <u>9</u> |
| | | | Grand Mean | | 2.04 | 0.08 | 100 |

Erythrocyte Cholinesterase Activity (mM/l/min)

| Animal # | Week | | | | Mean | SE | n |
|----------|------|------|------------|------|-------------|-------------|----------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | |
| C02 | -- | 4.65 | 3.81 | 4.59 | 4.43 | 0.18 | 8 |
| C04 | -- | 5.06 | 5.59 | 6.00 | 5.42 | 0.18 | 8 |
| C06 | -- | 4.23 | 4.39 | 4.77 | 4.46 | 0.11 | 6 |
| OLX | 4.97 | 4.95 | 4.39 | -- | 4.69 | 0.19 | 15 |
| OL3 | -- | 3.86 | 4.01 | 3.71 | 3.90 | 0.06 | 8 |
| OPW | 5.73 | 6.18 | 6.99 | 5.76 | 6.17 | 0.21 | 10 |
| 005 | 3.38 | 3.62 | 3.35 | 4.33 | 3.66 | 0.15 | 10 |
| OPE324 | -- | 4.03 | 4.16 | 4.15 | 4.09 | 0.16 | 8 |
| OPE352 | -- | 7.15 | 4.11 | 5.18 | 5.89 | 0.52 | 8 |
| N538 | 5.30 | 5.54 | -- | 5.33 | 5.46 | 0.21 | 11 |
| N584 | 5.61 | 5.66 | 6.05 | 6.47 | 5.92 | 0.13 | 12 |
| N597 | -- | 4.98 | 5.66 | 6.27 | <u>5.47</u> | <u>0.21</u> | <u>8</u> |
| | | | Grand Mean | | 5.00 | 0.10 | 112 |

APPENDIX F

ANOVAS FOR VAGAL TONE MONITORING VARIABLES
FOLLOWING PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE (EXPERIMENT II),
USING ALL ANIMALS, FOR THE FOUR EXPERIMENTAL WEEKS

NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS IN DATA SET = 554

General Linear Models Procedures SAS

Dependent Variable: Heart Rate

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 311 | 283670.78 | 6.38 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 242 | 34616.71 | | |
| Corrected Total | 553 | 318278.49 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 124348.37 | 108.66 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 24 | 25021.08 | 7.29 | 0.0001 |
| Dose*Time | 33 | 2712.44 | 0.57 | 0.9710 |
| Animal*Time (Group) | 88 | 15681.94 | 1.25 | 0.0970 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Group | 3 | 39886.39 | 0.86 | 0.5021 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 12540.95 | 4.01 | 0.0191 |
| Group*Dose | 6 | 7701.27 | 1.23 | 0.3254 |
| Week | 3 | 3957.82 | 1.27 | 0.3086 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Time (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 11 | 20031.12 | 10.22 | 0.0001 |
| Group*Time | 33 | 8245.62 | 1.40 | 0.1079 |

Dependent Variable: Heart Period

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 311 | 2873617.16 | 3.73 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 242 | 599654.14 | | |
| Corrected Total | 553 | 3473271.30 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 1135160.35 | 57.26 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 24 | 241903.76 | 4.07 | 0.0001 |
| Dose*Time | 33 | 168674.71 | 6.19 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Time (Group) | 88 | 183185.69 | 0.84 | 0.8280 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Group | 3 | 352567.35 | 0.83 | 0.5746 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 160117.41 | 5.30 | 0.0060 |
| Group*Dose | 6 | 88108.34 | 1.46 | 0.2349 |
| Week | 3 | 52752.45 | 1.74 | 0.1847 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Time(Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 11 | 168674.71 | 7.37 | 0.0001 |
| Group*Time | 33 | 88405.09 | 1.29 | 0.1763 |

Dependent Variable: Heart Period Variance

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 311 | 355.53 | 5.05 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 242 | 54.75 | | |
| Corrected Total | 553 | 410.28 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 179.36 | 99.11 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 24 | 20.30 | 3.74 | 0.0001 |
| Dose*Time | 33 | 6.28 | 0.84 | 0.718 |
| Animal*Time (Group) | 88 | 26.89 | 1.35 | 0.038 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Group | 3 | 13.92 | 0.21 | 0.8887 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 22.92 | 9.03 | .0003 |
| Group*Dose | 6 | 15.18 | 2.99 | .0251 |
| Week | 3 | 2.42 | .96 | .4297 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Time (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 11 | 20.37 | 6.06 | 0.0001 |
| Group*Time | 33 | 14.50 | 1.44 | 0.0920 |

Dependent Variable: Vagal Tone

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 311 | 866.19 | 8.87 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 242 | 75.97 | | |
| Corrected Total | 553 | 942.16 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 452.68 | 180.25 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 24 | 75.19 | 9.98 | 0.0001 |
| Dose*Time | 33 | 15.42 | 1.49 | 0.0480 |
| Animal*Time (Group) | 88 | 52.32 | 1.89 | 0.0001 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Group) as an error term.

| | | | | |
|-------|---|-------|------|--------|
| Group | 3 | 50.64 | 0.30 | 0.8258 |
|-------|---|-------|------|--------|

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 22.99 | 2.45 | 0.0885 |
| Group*Dose | 6 | 62.14 | 3.31 | 0.0163 |
| Week | 3 | 2.23 | 0.24 | 0.8696 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Time (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 11 | 22.03 | 3.37 | 0.0006 |
| Group*Time | 33 | 35.07 | 1.79 | 0.0168 |

Response Variable=HR Pyridostigmine Dosage=mild

| TIME | C02 | C04 | C06 | N538 | N584 | N597 | OLX | OL3 | OPE324 | OPE352 | OPW | -005 | _MEAN | -SE_N | |
|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|----|
| 0 | 190.872 | 158.533 | 141.400 | 171.722 | 157.619 | 155.085 | 141.754 | 134.622 | 128.635 | 127.395 | 166.333 | 150.684 | 5.610 | 12 | |
| 15 | 185.630 | 146.348 | 138.000 | 173.412 | 138.667 | 131.692 | 116.952 | 107.000 | 108.786 | 114.154 | 111.852 | 141.429 | 134.493 | 7.285 | 6 |
| 30 | 175.929 | 136.667 | 136.000 | 155.182 | 144.400 | 119.862 | 113.077 | 137.462 | 114.133 | 112.600 | 118.467 | 136.667 | 133.370 | 5.554 | 12 |
| 45 | 170.929 | 132.435 | 157.867 | 163.556 | 148.429 | 136.133 | 133.172 | 107.310 | 138.552 | 131.077 | 152.545 | 142.400 | 142.867 | 4.950 | 8 |
| 60 | 180.276 | 132.133 | 179.636 | 166.824 | 156.533 | 128.714 | 106.083 | 114.714 | 128.533 | 117.400 | 147.250 | 142.000 | 141.675 | 7.193 | 3 |
| 75 | 179.111 | 142.857 | 177.727 | 168.941 | 162.182 | 137.000 | 124.083 | 139.167 | 125.467 | 122.067 | 133.000 | 136.167 | 145.647 | 6.009 | 9 |
| 90 | 164.828 | 143.586 | 167.310 | 192.500 | 190.500 | 141.600 | 117.250 | 133.750 | 134.333 | 127.800 | 142.600 | 140.615 | 149.723 | 6.905 | 12 |
| 105 | 167.630 | 143.040 | 173.238 | 183.250 | 186.222 | 141.857 | 119.037 | 141.333 | 146.400 | 130.957 | 142.500 | 145.630 | 151.758 | 6.049 | 6 |
| 120 | 164.600 | 141.333 | 160.320 | 200.000 | 182.800 | 145.692 | 117.000 | 141.500 | 135.478 | 144.800 | 143.862 | 153.510 | 6.452 | 2 | |
| 135 | 165.778 | 141.000 | 165.091 | 174.429 | 176.000 | 146.235 | 124.750 | . | 172.200 | 139.840 | 142.923 | 151.556 | 154.527 | 5.139 | 2 |
| 150 | 163.400 | 141.462 | 166.000 | 200.000 | 176.333 | 148.250 | 124.000 | . | 177.600 | 140.095 | 82.933 | 145.200 | 151.570 | 9.460 | 11 |
| 165 | 170.957 | 141.538 | 169.700 | 193.429 | 175.091 | 154.174 | 122.000 | . | 186.696 | 134.100 | 70.455 | 167.867 | 153.273 | 10.593 | 4 |
| 180 | 171.933 | 137.895 | 173.357 | 194.333 | 158.000 | 128.769 | . | 160.333 | 133.765 | 70.727 | 167.120 | 150.385 | 9.845 | 8 | |

| Response variable=HPER Pyridostigmine Dosage=m/d | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| TIME | C02 | C04 | C06 | N538 | N584 | N597 | OLX | OL3 | OPE324 | OPE352 |
| 0 | 314.000 | 379.200 | 425.020 | 350.972 | 380.571 | 390.119 | 429.596 | 448.333 | 453.086 | 468.667 |
| 15 | 323.593 | 410.304 | 436.786 | 347.529 | 436.733 | 456.538 | 513.095 | 637.250 | 552.429 | 527.923 |
| 30 | 341.071 | 410.236 | 443.045 | 387.818 | 420.500 | 501.138 | 530.385 | 437.846 | 530.133 | 534.967 |
| 45 | 351.321 | 453.391 | 380.333 | 368.778 | 404.286 | 448.467 | 457.517 | 633.586 | 450.517 | 464.192 |
| 60 | 333.759 | 454.533 | 335.318 | 361.294 | 386.333 | 466.214 | 565.625 | 592.786 | 467.800 | 513.733 |
| 75 | 335.852 | 419.000 | 338.727 | 356.882 | 370.182 | 439.538 | 484.417 | 433.792 | 478.367 | 494.267 |
| 90 | 364.621 | 418.379 | 360.310 | 313.833 | 315.125 | 423.720 | 512.875 | 449.188 | 447.167 | 472.667 |
| 105 | 359.889 | 419.880 | 347.857 | 328.688 | 322.778 | 423.786 | 504.296 | 425.208 | 412.208 | 461.261 |
| 120 | 365.500 | 425.190 | 375.480 | 300.714 | 329.200 | 412.423 | 512.654 | 425.500 | 364.433 | 445.565 |
| 135 | 363.074 | 425.818 | 364.318 | 344.500 | 340.625 | 410.706 | 483.458 | . | 348.367 | 429.360 |
| 150 | 368.600 | 425.077 | 363.889 | 300.778 | 336.708 | 404.917 | 484.520 | . | 337.967 | 428.952 |
| 165 | 352.348 | 424.615 | 355.250 | 313.286 | 342.455 | 390.130 | 491.455 | . | 321.261 | 448.300 |
| 180 | 349.767 | 444.842 | 346.393 | 309.944 | 379.625 | 375.000 | 466.423 | . | 374.000 | 449.412 |

Response Variable=HPERVAR Pyridostigmine Dosage=mild

| TIME | C02 | C04 | C06 | N538 | N584 | N597 | OLX | OL3 | OPE324 | OPE352 | OPEW | .005 | _MEAN | -S_E | -N |
|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----|
| 0 | 2.85385 | 4.98000 | 4.78800 | 3.41944 | 4.80952 | 4.27288 | 4.45263 | 5.43778 | 4.38448 | 5.33333 | 5.56279 | 5.05000 | 4.61206 | 0.233695 | 12 |
| 15 | 3.75185 | 6.03478 | 5.17500 | 4.27059 | 5.80667 | 5.83077 | 5.90952 | 6.85000 | 5.27857 | 6.60385 | 6.14444 | 6.80357 | 5.70497 | 0.275663 | 12 |
| 30 | 4.28929 | 6.50000 | 5.60000 | 4.17727 | 5.72000 | 5.77586 | 6.14615 | 5.21154 | 5.47333 | 6.71000 | 5.73333 | 7.10833 | 5.70376 | 0.253138 | 12 |
| 45 | 4.81429 | 6.33043 | 4.97667 | 3.59444 | 4.47143 | 5.60333 | 5.87241 | 5.74483 | 5.35862 | 6.25000 | 5.22273 | 7.14000 | 5.44827 | 0.270367 | 12 |
| 60 | 4.66897 | 6.65333 | 4.44091 | 3.92353 | 5.33333 | 5.98571 | 6.57083 | 6.39286 | 5.49333 | 6.67500 | 6.22333 | 6.87500 | 5.51968 | 0.320690 | 12 |
| 75 | 4.65926 | 6.41429 | 4.44091 | 4.27647 | 4.70000 | 5.96923 | 5.69583 | 5.77917 | 5.65333 | 6.34000 | 5.40000 | 6.76667 | 5.50793 | 0.238059 | 12 |
| 90 | 5.48966 | 6.53793 | 4.94483 | 4.14167 | 4.23750 | 5.38400 | 5.82500 | 5.02500 | 5.63333 | 6.22000 | 5.17000 | 6.65000 | 5.43824 | 0.231777 | 12 |
| 105 | 5.14074 | 6.38400 | 4.76190 | 3.90000 | 4.32222 | 5.19286 | 6.34815 | 5.22500 | 5.17000 | 5.79130 | 5.12500 | 6.56667 | 5.32732 | 0.236869 | 12 |
| 120 | 5.39667 | 6.66667 | 4.72000 | 4.32857 | 4.04667 | 5.20385 | 5.95000 | 5.00000 | 5.11333 | 5.83913 | 3.88000 | 6.51379 | 5.22156 | 0.260988 | 12 |
| 135 | 5.40370 | 6.66364 | 4.67273 | 3.33571 | 3.91250 | 4.84118 | 6.27083 | 6.27083 | 4.66667 | 5.42800 | 4.27692 | 6.07778 | 5.04997 | 0.310158 | 11 |
| 150 | 5.27000 | 6.53846 | 4.46667 | 3.72222 | 3.92500 | 4.82917 | 5.88000 | 5.88000 | 4.50000 | 5.54762 | 5.94667 | 6.24800 | 5.17035 | 0.286047 | 11 |
| 165 | 4.89565 | 6.67692 | 4.32500 | 3.61429 | 4.23636 | 4.67826 | 5.72727 | 5.72727 | 4.20435 | 5.31000 | 5.77273 | 5.98667 | 5.03886 | 0.281191 | 11 |
| 180 | 4.71333 | 6.71579 | 4.03214 | 3.53889 | 5.00000 | 4.20000 | 5.61154 | 5.35000 | 5.73529 | 5.55000 | 5.75600 | 5.10936 | 0.278263 | 11 | |

Response Variable=VACTONE Pyridostigmine Dosage=mild

| TIME | C02 | C04 | C06 | N538 | N584 | N597 | OLX | OL3 | OPE324 | OPE352 | OPW | _005 | _MEAN | _S_E | _N |
|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----|
| 0 | 0.48974 | 3.54333 | 1.07200 | 1.18611 | 2.80238 | 0.89153 | 2.44737 | 2.55556 | 2.56897 | 3.99365 | 3.16977 | 3.81111 | 2.37763 | 0.346009 | 12 |
| 15 | 1.25185 | 4.48261 | 1.74286 | 1.72353 | 4.44000 | 4.08846 | 4.93333 | 5.08750 | 3.85000 | 5.46154 | 4.37407 | 5.04643 | 3.87352 | 0.422107 | 12 |
| 30 | 1.41429 | 5.20476 | 1.42727 | 2.76364 | 3.17500 | 4.25862 | 5.08846 | 3.10769 | 3.52000 | 4.99000 | 3.79000 | 5.46667 | 3.68387 | 0.400944 | 12 |
| 45 | 2.33929 | 5.09130 | 1.47000 | 2.35556 | 2.98571 | 3.53333 | 3.69655 | 3.49655 | 3.28276 | 4.16538 | 2.40455 | 5.72000 | 3.37842 | 0.348757 | 12 |
| 60 | 2.30345 | 5.64667 | 0.94545 | 2.15882 | 3.22000 | 3.78571 | 5.30000 | 3.52857 | 3.74333 | 4.62333 | 0.31250 | 4.83750 | 3.36711 | 0.483230 | 12 |
| 75 | 2.64444 | 5.40000 | 1.39545 | 2.16471 | 2.74545 | 3.55385 | 3.99167 | 3.39583 | 3.81000 | 4.66000 | 1.60909 | 4.88833 | 3.35449 | 0.369845 | 12 |
| 90 | 3.49655 | 5.00690 | 1.57931 | 0.94167 | 2.81250 | 2.87600 | 4.83125 | 3.00000 | 3.68000 | 4.37667 | 1.61000 | 4.57308 | 3.23199 | 0.389753 | 12 |
| 105 | 3.27407 | 5.16800 | 1.82857 | 1.31250 | 2.58889 | 2.96071 | 5.05926 | 3.08750 | 2.80333 | 4.23478 | 2.27500 | 4.42222 | 3.25124 | 0.356416 | 12 |
| 120 | 3.46000 | 5.50476 | 2.23600 | 0.40000 | 2.57333 | 2.55769 | 4.95385 | 3.25000 | 1.68000 | 4.22609 | 1.82000 | 4.39655 | 3.08819 | 0.431540 | 12 |
| 135 | 3.43333 | 5.47727 | 1.78182 | 1.96429 | 2.62500 | 2.71765 | 4.83750 | - | 1.13333 | 3.44000 | 1.15385 | 4.53333 | 3.00885 | 0.446345 | 11 |
| 150 | 3.26333 | 5.43077 | 2.20741 | 0.44444 | 2.70000 | 2.40833 | 4.53200 | - | 0.71667 | 3.57619 | 2.25333 | 4.44400 | 2.90695 | 0.467266 | 11 |
| 165 | 2.65217 | 5.43846 | 1.85500 | 0.78571 | 2.96364 | 2.24783 | 4.61818 | - | 1.02609 | 4.02000 | 2.46818 | 4.44000 | 2.95593 | 0.454658 | 11 |
| 180 | 2.82333 | 4.98947 | 1.22857 | 1.22222 | 2.93750 | 3.10000 | 4.34615 | - | 3.26667 | 3.98824 | 2.61364 | 4.21600 | 3.15744 | 0.363277 | 11 |

APPENDIX H

ANOVAS FOR P-Q INTERVALS FOLLOWING PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE
(EXPERIMENT II), USING ALL ANIMALS,
FOR THE FOUR EXPERIMENTAL WEEKS

NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS IN DATA SET = 768

General Linear Models Procedures SAS

Dependent Variable: P-Q Interval

Experiment #: II (Pyridostigmine bromide)

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 383 | 0.095 | 5.79 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 378 | 0.016 | | |
| Corrected Total | 761 | 0.111 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 0.058 | 168.91 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 24 | 0.007 | 6.60 | 0.0001 |
| Dose*Time | 42 | 0.002 | 1.14 | 0.2560 |
| Animal*Time(Group) | 112 | 0.005 | 1.13 | 0.2020 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Group | 3 | 0.006 | 0.28 | 0.8383 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 0.001 | 1.40 | 0.2670 |
| Group*Dose | 6 | 0.002 | 1.13 | 0.3759 |
| Week | 3 | 0.0003 | 0.36 | 0.7826 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Time (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 14 | 0.003 | 4.03 | 0.0001 |
| Group*Time | 42 | 0.002 | 1.01 | 0.4731 |

APPENDIX I

ANOVAS FOR PLASMA AND ERYTHROCYTE CHOLINESTERASE
FOLLOWING PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE (EXPERIMENT II),
USING ALL ANIMALS, FOR THE FOUR EXPERIMENTAL WEEKS

NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS IN DATA SET = 144

General Linear Models Procedures SAS

Dependent Variable: Plasma Cholinesterase

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 75 | 166.45 | 16.32 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 68 | 9.36 | | |
| Corrected Total | 143 | 177.81 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 77.12 | 71.84 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 24 | 3.63 | 1.20 | 0.2773 |
| Animal*Time (Group) | 16 | 3.90 | 1.77 | 0.0543 |
| Dose*Time | 6 | - | 19.41 | 0.0001 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Group | 3 | 9.32 | 0.31 | 0.8149 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 24.33 | 49.08 | 0.0001 |
| Group*Dose | 6 | 1.43 | 1.44 | 0.2431 |
| Week | 3 | .87 | 1.76 | 0.1846 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Time (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 2 | 17.08 | 35.07 | 0.0001 |

APPENDIX J

MEAN PLASMA AND ERYTHROCYTE CHOLINESTERASE ACTIVITY
(EXPERIMENT II)

Plasma Cholinesterase Activity (mM/l/min) for Monkeys Receiving
Four Pyridostigmine Bromide Treatment Conditions

| Animal # | Time (min) | Pyridostigmine Dosage ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | | | |
|----------|------------|--|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 0 | 100 | 200 | 400 |
| C02 | -30 | 3.765 | 4.358 | 3.052 | 3.549 |
| | 30 | 3.478 | 2.321 | 1.508 | 1.118 |
| | 180 | 3.826 | 2.737 | 1.984 | 1.878 |
| C04 | -30 | 3.475 | 2.979 | 4.135 | 4.007 |
| | 30 | 4.228 | 3.514 | 2.470 | 1.647 |
| | 180 | 4.538 | 3.506 | 3.017 | 2.161 |
| C06 | -30 | 0.969 | 0.867 | 1.500 | 1.234 |
| | 30 | 1.162 | 1.020 | 0.836 | 0.726 |
| | 180 | 1.269 | 0.823 | 0.828 | 0.646 |
| N538 | -30 | 1.735 | 2.501 | 3.158 | 2.773 |
| | 30 | 2.958 | 1.687 | 2.072 | 1.744 |
| | 180 | 2.959 | 2.369 | 2.237 | 1.871 |
| N584 | -30 | 2.583 | 2.087 | 1.971 | 1.765 |
| | 30 | 2.426 | 1.800 | 1.214 | 0.838 |
| | 180 | 2.694 | 2.040 | 1.387 | 1.231 |
| N597 | -30 | 1.663 | 1.519 | 1.891 | 2.008 |
| | 30 | 1.741 | 1.194 | 1.026 | 0.878 |
| | 180 | 2.079 | 1.355 | 1.151 | 1.099 |
| OLX | -30 | 2.525 | 2.474 | 2.597 | 3.085 |
| | 30 | 2.571 | 2.259 | 1.419 | 1.209 |
| | 180 | 2.582 | 2.196 | 1.576 | 1.255 |
| OL3 | -30 | 2.720 | 2.315 | 2.524 | 2.382 |
| | 30 | 2.621 | 1.821 | 1.523 | 0.997 |
| | 180 | 2.783 | 1.917 | 1.631 | 1.160 |
| OPE324 | -30 | 3.834 | 4.382 | 4.130 | 4.239 |
| | 30 | 3.966 | 3.353 | 2.388 | 1.590 |
| | 180 | 4.069 | 2.543 | 2.046 | 1.896 |

| Animal # | Time (min) | Pyridostigmine Dosage ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | | | |
|-------------|---------------|--|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 0 | 100 | 200 | 400 |
| OPE352 | -30 | 2.964 | 2.644 | 2.667 | 2.717 |
| | 30 | 3.106 | 2.224 | 1.700 | 0.925 |
| | 180 | 3.104 | 2.033 | 1.765 | 1.337 |
| OPW | -30 | 4.018 | 5.507 | 4.785 | 5.603 |
| | 30 | 5.647 | 3.580 | 2.991 | 2.209 |
| | 180 | 5.048 | 4.300 | 3.109 | 2.356 |
| 005 | -30 | 3.895 | 3.723 | 3.201 | 3.849 |
| | 30 | 3.358 | 2.566 | 2.401 | 1.425 |
| | 180 | 3.314 | 2.679 | 2.084 | 1.458 |

Grand Means (n = 12)

| Time (min) | Pyridostigmine Dosage (μ g/kg) | | | |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 0 | 100 | 200 | 400 |
| -30 (SEM) | 3.107 (0.271) | 2.769 (0.341) | 2.968 (0.287) | 3.101 (0.352) |
| 30 (SEM) | 3.213 (0.375) | 2.379 (0.252) | 1.796 (0.191) | 1.276 (0.130) |
| 180 (SEM) | 3.278 (0.303) | 2.484 (0.269) | 1.901 (0.196) | 1.529 (0.145) |

Erythrocyte Cholinesterase Activity (mM/l/min) for Monkeys Receiving
Four Pyridostigmine Bromide Treatment Conditions

| Animal # | Time (min) | Pyridostigmine Dosage ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | | | |
|----------|------------|--|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 0 | 100 | 200 | 400 |
| C02 | -30 | 3.082 | 3.223 | 2.473 | 3.248 |
| | 30 | 2.824 | 1.075 | 0.921 | 0.576 |
| | 180 | 3.033 | 2.177 | 2.026 | 2.013 |
| C04 | -30 | 3.292 | 2.631 | 3.292 | 3.148 |
| | 30 | 3.476 | 2.000 | 1.128 | 0.735 |
| | 180 | 3.524 | 3.506 | 3.640 | 2.621 |
| C06 | -30 | 2.055 | 2.185 | 2.492 | 2.121 |
| | 30 | 2.012 | 1.391 | 1.425 | 0.619 |
| | 180 | 3.034 | 1.421 | 1.623 | 1.023 |
| N538 | -30 | 3.370 | 2.123 | 3.459 | 3.545 |
| | 30 | 3.282 | 2.000 | 1.831 | 1.433 |
| | 180 | 2.962 | 3.344 | 3.462 | 3.023 |
| N584 | -30 | 3.102 | 2.423 | 2.332 | 2.219 |
| | 30 | 3.087 | 1.792 | 0.830 | 0.953 |
| | 180 | 3.193 | 2.360 | 1.933 | 1.331 |
| N597 | -30 | 3.430 | 2.825 | 3.554 | 3.516 |
| | 30 | 2.550 | 1.568 | 1.129 | 1.104 |
| | 180 | 3.126 | 2.768 | 2.691 | 2.510 |
| OLX | -30 | 2.839 | 2.944 | 2.729 | 2.719 |
| | 30 | 2.319 | 2.001 | 1.517 | 1.072 |
| | 180 | 3.221 | 2.530 | 1.884 | 1.887 |
| OL3 | -30 | 2.094 | 1.603 | 1.872 | 2.341 |
| | 30 | 2.248 | 0.498 | 0.466 | 0.436 |
| | 180 | 2.473 | 1.649 | 1.439 | 1.242 |
| OPE324 | -30 | 2.292 | 2.376 | 2.417 | 2.383 |
| | 30 | 2.036 | 2.027 | 0.851 | 0.672 |
| | 180 | 3.275 | 2.351 | 2.052 | 1.677 |
| OPE352 | -30 | 3.823 | 3.232 | 3.166 | 3.667 |
| | 30 | 4.011 | 1.466 | 1.293 | 1.029 |
| | 180 | 4.134 | 2.786 | 3.065 | 1.930 |
| OPW | -30 | 3.425 | 3.715 | 3.204 | 3.393 |
| | 30 | 3.594 | 1.830 | 1.373 | 0.796 |
| | 180 | 3.959 | 2.590 | 2.344 | 2.176 |

| Animal # | Time (min) | Pyridostigmine Dosage ($\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$) | | | |
|-------------|---------------|---|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 0 | 100 | 200 | 400 |
| 005 | -30 | 2.339 | 2.291 | 1.669 | 2.079 |
| | 30 | 2.152 | 0.853 | 0.575 | 0.822 |
| | 180 | 2.441 | 1.748 | 2.039 | 1.107 |

Grand Means (n = 12)

| Time (min) | Pyridostigmine Dosage (μ g/kg) | | | |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 0 | 100 | 200 | 400 |
| -30 (SEM) | 2.936 (0.197) | 2.686 (0.155) | 2.722 (0.178) | 2.865 (0.177) |
| 30 (SEM) | 2.758 (0.229) | 1.818 (0.203) | 1.112 (0.116) | 0.854 (0.080) |
| 180 (SEM) | 3.206 (0.190) | 2.583 (0.168) | 2.350 (0.205) | 1.878 (0.183) |

APPENDIX K

ANOVAS FOR VAGAL TONE MONITORING VARIABLES
 FOLLOWING PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE AND ATROPINE SULFATE
 (EXPERIMENT III), USING ALL ANIMALS,
 FOR THE FOUR EXPERIMENTAL WEEKS

NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS IN DATA SET = 562

General Linear Models Procedures SAS

Dependent Variable: Heart Rate

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 311 | 363457.16 | 9.50 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 250 | 30764.82 | | |
| Corrected Total | 561 | 394221.98 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 42188.70 | 42.85 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 24 | 23979.76 | 8.12 | 0.0001 |
| Dose*Time | 33 | 19690.19 | 4.85 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Time (Group) | 88 | 16096.66 | 1.49 | 0.0090 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Group | 3 | 155610.21 | 9.84 | 0.0046 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 30240.19 | 10.09 | 0.0002 |
| Group*Dose | 6 | 3402.90 | 0.57 | 0.7519 |
| Week | 3 | 4732.38 | 1.58 | 0.2212 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Time (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 11 | 33918.63 | 16.86 | 0.0001 |
| Group*Time | 33 | 4916.30 | 0.81 | 0.7430 |

Dependent Variable: Heart Period

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 311 | 4011287.06 | 5.61 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 250 | 574798.21 | | |
| Corrected Total | 561 | 4586085.27 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 345311.16 | 18.77 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 24 | 341563.19 | 6.19 | 0.0001 |
| Dose*Time | 33 | 232777.10 | 3.07 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Time (Group) | 88 | 208002.35 | 1.03 | 0.4260 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Group | 3 | 1593587.46 | 12.31 | 0.0023 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 269116.46 | 6.30 | 0.0026 |
| Group*Dose | 6 | 90995.33 | 1.07 | 0.4100 |
| Week | 3 | 24938.04 | 0.58 | 0.6312 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Time (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 11 | 421862.22 | 16.23 | 0.0001 |
| Group*Time | 33 | 118902.23 | 1.52 | 0.0617 |

Dependent Variable: Heart Period Variance

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 311 | 943.24 | 12.63 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 250 | 50.02 | | |
| Corrected Total | 561 | 1003.26 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 60.60 | 31.55 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 24 | 42.57 | 7.39 | 0.0001 |
| Dose*Time | 33 | 90.13 | 11.38 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Time (Group) | 88 | 40.46 | 1.92 | 0.0001 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Group | 3 | 184.27 | 8.11 | 0.0083 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 304.64 | 57.24 | 0.0001 |
| Group*Dose | 6 | 20.78 | 1.95 | 0.1130 |
| Week | 3 | 28.04 | 5.27 | 0.0062 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Time (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 11 | 109.05 | 21.56 | 0.0001 |
| Group*Time | 33 | 12.71 | 0.84 | 0.7116 |

Dependent Variable: Vagal Tone

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 311 | 1802.86 | 14.06 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 250 | 103.06 | | |
| Corrected Total | 561 | 1905.92 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 187.28 | 56.79 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 24 | 129.72 | 13.11 | 0.0001 |
| Dose*Time | 33 | 130.66 | 9.60 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Time (Group) | 88 | 46.68 | 1.29 | 0.0670 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Group | 3 | 374.12 | 5.33 | 0.0261 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 457.08 | 28.19 | 0.0001 |
| Group*Dose | 6 | 50.99 | 1.57 | 0.1984 |
| Week | 3 | 24.12 | 1.49 | 0.2431 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Time (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 11 | 261.05 | 44.74 | 0.0001 |
| Group*Time | 33 | 26.79 | 1.53 | 0.0599 |

Response variable=HR Atropine Dosage=med

| TIME | OLX | OPE352 | _005 | C02 | C06 | N538 | N597 | N584 | OPE324 | OL3 | OPW | CO4 | MEAN | S_E | N | |
|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----|
| 0 | 137.843 | 123.214 | 118.500 | 177.125 | 161.872 | 155.143 | 177.280 | 156.667 | 175.309 | 124.978 | 144.423 | 180.667 | 152.752 | 6.56937 | 12 | |
| 15 | 104.462 | 108.800 | 104.880 | 166.400 | 157.565 | 153.077 | 148.357 | 130.167 | 133.000 | 128.444 | 131.545 | 139.385 | 133.840 | 5.91092 | 12 | |
| 30 | 97.778 | 94.444 | 114.800 | 163.333 | 142.235 | 157.895 | 130.414 | 128.345 | 123.333 | 123.333 | 59.667 | 113.333 | 152.600 | 123.181 | 8.61517 | 12 |
| 45 | 100.273 | 101.333 | 116.909 | 150.455 | 172.769 | 159.125 | 155.034 | 170.320 | 138.786 | 121.111 | 178.333 | 142.223 | 8.56746 | 11 | | |
| 60 | 109.100 | 114.667 | 119.852 | 163.714 | 169.800 | 175.231 | 182.074 | 194.333 | 159.000 | 177.333 | 140.552 | 204.583 | 159.187 | 9.09756 | 12 | |
| 75 | 118.348 | 120.880 | 134.519 | 170.250 | 189.391 | 178.714 | 198.786 | 163.364 | 171.222 | 150.857 | 203.846 | 163.652 | 8.91099 | 11 | | |
| 90 | 126.522 | 120.067 | 150.750 | 167.000 | 185.267 | 179.444 | 199.630 | 170.400 | 155.600 | 159.000 | 148.296 | 194.593 | 163.047 | 7.17093 | 12 | |
| 105 | 133.714 | 124.333 | 151.565 | 165.500 | 179.333 | 178.600 | 186.667 | 170.069 | 160.600 | 145.000 | 187.920 | 162.118 | 6.43301 | 11 | | |
| 120 | 137.714 | 130.800 | 167.300 | 160.300 | : | 177.067 | 182.069 | 166.667 | 171.267 | 150.600 | 166.348 | 186.000 | 163.285 | 5.25560 | 11 | |
| 135 | 129.565 | 134.933 | 152.933 | 156.880 | : | 173.467 | 172.929 | 163.478 | 162.733 | 145.333 | 145.000 | 177.826 | 155.916 | 4.82115 | 11 | |
| 150 | 124.286 | 126.000 | 156.174 | 163.444 | : | 176.471 | 177.538 | 156.200 | 162.583 | : | 133.556 | 175.636 | 155.189 | 6.47245 | 10 | |
| 165 | 122.941 | 120.800 | 148.846 | 159.826 | : | 173.750 | 165.286 | 163.053 | 164.207 | : | 154.640 | 173.474 | 154.682 | 5.96838 | 10 | |
| 180 | 122.320 | 121.034 | 152.250 | 164.583 | : | 161.455 | 183.778 | 164.667 | 157.933 | : | 142.714 | 169.000 | 153.973 | 6.35025 | 10 | |
| 195 | 118.000 | 133.867 | 149.692 | 147.800 | : | 158.857 | : | 156.571 | 170.000 | 156.000 | 146.750 | 174.000 | 151.154 | 5.18556 | 10 | |

Response variable=HPER Atropine Dosage=med

| TIME | OLX | OPE352 | -005 | C02 | C06 | N538 | N597 | N584 | OPE324 | OL3 | OPW | C04 | _MEAN | _S_E | _N |
|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|---------|---------|--------|----|
| 0 | 436.137 | 489.036 | 506.893 | 339.688 | 371.362 | 387.321 | 340.220 | 385.407 | 344.855 | 482.49 | 416.346 | 330.333 | 402.507 | 18.248 | 12 |
| 15 | 577.846 | 552.867 | 573.000 | 360.500 | 380.913 | 392.538 | 405.714 | 461.917 | 452.346 | 467.94 | 457.864 | 457.923 | 461.781 | 21.147 | 12 |
| 30 | 615.000 | 634.889 | 534.240 | 366.958 | 422.412 | 380.789 | 460.931 | 472.276 | 486.833 | 1047.25 | 529.458 | 392.600 | 528.636 | 53.302 | 8 |
| 45 | 599.227 | 596.667 | 526.455 | 399.636 | 347.231 | 379.125 | 391.207 | 358.480 | 437.714 | .502.519 | 338.611 | 443.352 | 29.296 | 2 | |
| 60 | 560.350 | 525.444 | 541.519 | 366.714 | 352.900 | 344.923 | 329.074 | 308.444 | 379.300 | 339.00 | 427.966 | 292.917 | 397.379 | 27.186 | 9 |
| 75 | 509.826 | 496.280 | 447.000 | 353.500 | 317.522 | 335.571 | 302.393 | 395.864 | 352.167 | .398.571 | 294.000 | 382.063 | 22.600 | 9 | |
| 90 | 474.391 | 500.400 | 402.583 | 359.667 | 324.933 | 335.667 | 301.444 | 352.733 | 385.867 | 377.13 | 404.667 | 308.148 | 377.302 | 17.830 | 9 |
| 105 | 453.286 | 484.033 | 394.500 | 363.000 | 334.333 | 336.200 | 321.133 | 353.138 | 374.000 | .413.893 | 319.040 | 376.960 | 16.426 | 9 | |
| 120 | 436.619 | 460.967 | 366.100 | 375.000 | . | 339.933 | 329.034 | 359.333 | 352.067 | 399.10 | 364.913 | 322.421 | 373.226 | 13.070 | 7 |
| 135 | 463.913 | 447.133 | 394.000 | 382.920 | . | 346.667 | 346.821 | 367.522 | 368.500 | 411.00 | 417.857 | 337.565 | 389.445 | 12.600 | 9 |
| 150 | 482.893 | 478.148 | 371.654 | 368.111 | . | 341.176 | 338.115 | 384.900 | 368.625 | . | 452.074 | 341.455 | 392.715 | 17.922 | 6 |
| 165 | 488.059 | 497.800 | 402.889 | 375.522 | . | 346.813 | 362.643 | 369.737 | 366.276 | . | 391.800 | 346.053 | 394.759 | 17.290 | 7 |
| 180 | 491.280 | 498.655 | 397.792 | 365.292 | . | 371.818 | 327.000 | 365.333 | 380.033 | . | 422.607 | 354.650 | 397.446 | 18.104 | 8 |
| 195 | 507.625 | 449.200 | 402.846 | 407.500 | . | 377.857 | . | 383.143 | 352.000 | 384.00 | 410.375 | 344.000 | 401.855 | 15.133 | 4 |

Response variable=HPERVAR Atropine Dosage=med

| TIME | OLX | OPE352 | -005 | C02 | C06 | N538 | N597 | N584 | OPE324 | OL3 | OPW | CO4 | -MEAN | -S_E | -N |
|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----|
| 0 | 4.52549 | 4.67679 | 6.44464 | 4.11875 | 4.21277 | 3.79286 | 3.42000 | 4.47778 | 2.95636 | 5.38444 | 4.51538 | 4.45488 | 4.93333 | 4.45488 | 12 |
| 15 | 6.43846 | 6.96667 | 7.33200 | 4.77000 | 4.69130 | 4.15385 | 5.24643 | 5.72917 | 4.88846 | 5.40556 | 5.34091 | 6.43077 | 5.61613 | 0.283599 | 12 |
| 30 | 6.61852 | 6.71111 | 7.04400 | 5.26667 | 4.89412 | 4.46842 | 5.97931 | 6.06897 | 5.48000 | 6.50000 | 5.29583 | 5.84000 | 5.84725 | 0.227831 | 12 |
| 45 | 6.03636 | 6.50476 | 7.16818 | 5.63636 | 3.15385 | 5.16875 | 5.47931 | 4.40000 | 5.77857 | .933333 | 6.08519 | 4.47222 | 5.44396 | 0.335276 | 11 |
| 60 | 6.27130 | 5.26667 | 6.64444 | 4.55714 | 3.22000 | 3.68462 | 3.20000 | 3.63333 | 3.18000 | 2.93333 | 4.18966 | 3.17917 | 4.16361 | 0.366851 | 12 |
| 75 | 4.06087 | 4.66400 | 6.03704 | 4.15000 | 2.47826 | 3.05714 | 3.07857 | 4.73636 | 3.40556 | 3.67500 | 3.41923 | 3.97737 | 0.318026 | 11 | |
| 90 | 4.64783 | 5.28333 | 6.03750 | 3.96667 | 2.90333 | 3.03333 | 2.96667 | 3.99333 | 4.04667 | 3.12500 | 3.81481 | 3.77407 | 3.96605 | 0.278842 | 12 |
| 105 | 5.57857 | 5.43333 | 6.10000 | 4.68750 | 2.60000 | 3.17000 | 3.82667 | 4.41034 | 3.66333 | 3.80000 | 3.78000 | 4.27725 | 0.325192 | 11 | |
| 120 | 4.38095 | 5.48667 | 5.45500 | 4.87500 | . | 3.19333 | 3.86207 | 4.40000 | 2.83667 | 3.07000 | 3.38261 | 4.04737 | 4.08997 | 0.279290 | 11 |
| 135 | 4.86522 | 5.39333 | 5.53667 | 5.05200 | . | 2.91333 | 4.61071 | 4.16087 | 3.29333 | 2.86667 | 3.46786 | 4.66087 | 4.25644 | 0.294156 | 11 |
| 150 | 4.96071 | 5.52593 | 6.22308 | 4.57222 | . | 2.95294 | 3.83462 | 4.11000 | 2.97917 | . | 4.24074 | 4.73636 | 4.41358 | 0.326404 | 10 |
| 165 | 5.57059 | 5.40000 | 5.48519 | 4.97826 | . | 3.80000 | 3.94286 | 4.11579 | 3.01724 | . | 3.93200 | 4.92632 | 4.51682 | 0.274947 | 10 |
| 180 | 6.00000 | 5.74828 | 5.35833 | 4.92083 | . | 3.64091 | 3.14444 | 4.04667 | 3.63333 | . | 3.72857 | 4.87500 | 4.50964 | 0.316035 | 10 |
| 195 | 6.03750 | 5.50000 | 5.67692 | 5.48000 | . | 4.04286 | 4.02857 | 4.70000 | 3.50000 | 3.42500 | 5.30000 | 4.76909 | 0.302806 | 10 | |

Response variable=VAGTONE Atropine Dosage=med

| TIME | OLX | OPE352 | _005 | C02 | C06 | N538 | N597 | N584 | OPE324 | OL3 | OPW | C04 | _MEAN | _S_E | _N |
|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----|
| 0 | 2.30588 | 2.44286 | 4.45536 | 1.72500 | 1.03404 | 1.32857 | 0.41000 | 1.65556 | 0.96545 | 1.40889 | 1.74231 | 2.83333 | 1.85894 | 0.306081 | 12 |
| 15 | 4.86923 | 5.57333 | 5.45600 | 2.82000 | 1.46087 | 1.60000 | 2.35357 | 3.36667 | 3.40385 | 0.76667 | 3.08182 | 4.33846 | 3.25754 | 0.454062 | 12 |
| 30 | 5.11852 | 5.53333 | 4.80400 | 2.61667 | 1.24118 | 2.12105 | 3.11034 | 3.63103 | 3.38000 | 2.86667 | 3.65417 | 3.68500 | 3.48016 | 0.357562 | 12 |
| 45 | 4.32727 | 5.16667 | 5.27727 | 3.03636 | 0.38462 | 2.80000 | 2.08966 | 1.22400 | 3.20000 | .4.05185 | 1.53333 | 3.00828 | 0.484330 | 11 | |
| 60 | 4.64500 | 1.47778 | 3.33333 | 0.30714 | 0.00000 | 0.31538 | 0.00000 | 0.22778 | 0.27333 | 0.23333 | 1.51379 | 0.24167 | 1.04738 | 0.430220 | 12 |
| 75 | 1.55652 | 0.79200 | 1.98148 | 0.32500 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.54091 | 0.00000 | 0.41071 | 0.05385 | 0.51459 | 0.205233 | 11 | |
| 90 | 2.51739 | 1.29333 | 1.97083 | 0.11667 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.13750 | 0.12000 | 0.13750 | 0.46667 | 0.35556 | 0.58150 | 0.249661 | 12 |
| 105 | 2.84286 | 1.73000 | 1.88333 | 0.08750 | 0.96667 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.16207 | 0.07000 | 0.45357 | 0.28000 | 0.77055 | 0.291515 | 11 | |
| 120 | 2.11905 | 1.70333 | 2.45500 | 0.19500 | . | 0.00000 | 0.02414 | 0.95000 | 0.04667 | 0.21000 | 0.16087 | 0.60000 | 0.76946 | 0.274346 | 11 |
| 135 | 2.97826 | 2.00667 | 1.54667 | 0.68000 | . | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.69565 | 0.02333 | 0.46667 | 0.08929 | 1.30435 | 0.89008 | 0.293075 | 11 |
| 150 | 3.02143 | 2.31481 | 2.40769 | 0.54444 | . | 0.00000 | 0.13846 | 2.01000 | 0.24583 | . | 0.62963 | 1.45000 | 1.27623 | 0.348198 | 10 |
| 165 | 3.71176 | 2.50000 | 1.92593 | 1.33913 | . | 0.00000 | 0.05000 | 1.75263 | 0.17931 | . | 0.12800 | 1.95789 | 1.35447 | 0.396372 | 10 |
| 180 | 4.32000 | 3.28276 | 1.54167 | 1.26250 | . | 0.03182 | 0.00000 | 1.52000 | 0.28333 | . | 0.15000 | 2.08500 | 1.44771 | 0.462029 | 10 |
| 195 | 4.50000 | 2.50667 | 2.08462 | 2.94000 | . | 0.25714 | 0.00000 | 1.42143 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.11250 | 2.80000 | 1.66224 | 0.492517 | 10 |

APPENDIX M

ANOVAS FOR P-Q INTERVALS FOLLOWING PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE AND ATROPINE SULFATE (EXPERIMENT III), USING ALL ANIMALS, FOR THE FOUR EXPERIMENTAL WEEKS

NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS IN DATA SET = 960

General Linear Models Procedures SAS

Dependent Variable: P-Q Intervals

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 465 | 0.08 | 2.20 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 376 | 0.02 | | |
| Corrected Total | 841 | 0.09 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 0.02 | 53.55 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 24 | 0.01 | 6.16 | 0.0001 |
| Dose*Time | 54 | 0.00 | 1.01 | 0.4630 |
| Animal*Time (Group) | 143 | 0.01 | 1.12 | 0.1920 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Group | 3 | 0.02 | 2.54 | 0.1295 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 0.01 | 7.52 | 0.0010 |
| Group*Dose | 6 | 0.00 | 0.94 | 0.4838 |
| Week | 3 | 0.00 | 4.64 | 0.0108 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Time (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 18 | 0.01 | 7.34 | 0.0001 |
| Group*Time | 53 | 0.00 | 1.24 | 0.1560 |

APPENDIX N

ANOVAS FOR PLASMA AND ERYTHROCYTE CHOLINESTERASE
FOLLOWING PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE AND ATROPINE SULFATE
(EXPERIMENT III), USING ALL ANIMALS,
FOR THE FOUR EXPERIMENTAL WEEKS

NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS IN DATA SET = 143

General Linear Models Procedures SAS

All animals received 200 µg pyridostigmine bromide per kg body weight at time 0.

Dose refers to atropine sulfate doses.

Dependent Variable: Plasma Cholinesterase

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 77 | 104.87 | 36.29 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 65 | 3.28 | | |
| Corrected Total | 142 | 144.15 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 66.04 | 163.75 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 24 | 0.79 | 0.65 | 0.8782 |
| Animal*Time (Group) | 16 | 5.32 | 6.59 | 0.0001 |
| Dose*Time | 6 | - | 0.70 | 0.6470 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Group | 3 | 25.06 | 1.01 | 0.4364 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 1.61 | 16.36 | 0.0001 |
| Group*Dose | 6 | 1.62 | 8.25 | 0.0001 |
| Week | 3 | 2.43 | 24.72 | 0.0001 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Time (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 2 | 37.70 | 56.69 | 0.0001 |

Dependent Variable: Erythrocyte Cholinesterase

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 77 | 104.44 | 24.63 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 65 | 3.58 | | |
| Corrected Total | 142 | 108.02 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 19.86 | 45.07 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 24 | 1.23 | 0.93 | 0.5601 |
| Animal*Time (Group) | 16 | 2.45 | 2.78 | 0.0019 |
| Dose*Time | 6 | - | 0.70 | 0.6500 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Group | 3 | 2.01 | 0.27 | 0.8456 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 0.15 | 0.96 | 0.4257 |
| Group*Dose | 6 | 0.63 | 2.03 | 0.1002 |
| Week | 3 | 0.67 | 4.35 | 0.0139 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Time (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 2 | 73.31 | 239.73 | 0.0001 |

APPENDIX O

MEAN PLASMA AND ERYTHROCYTE CHOLINESTERASE ACTIVITY
(EXPERIMENT III)

Plasma Cholinesterase Activity (mM/l/min) for Monkeys Receiving
200 µg/kg Pyridostigmine Bromide and Four Atropine Sulfate

Treatment Conditions

| Animal # | Time (min) | Pyridostigmine Dosage (µg/kg) | | | |
|----------|------------|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 0 | 100 | 200 | 400 |
| C02 | -30 | 3.045 | 3.784 | 3.630 | 3.337 |
| | 30 | 2.093 | 1.945 | 2.200 | 1.559 |
| | 180 | 2.562 | 2.330 | 2.200 | 2.304 |
| C04 | -30 | 4.000 | 4.462 | 4.104 | 4.240 |
| | 30 | 2.703 | 2.429 | 2.308 | 2.180 |
| | 180 | 3.014 | 2.803 | 2.543 | 2.839 |
| C06 | -30 | 1.184 | 1.122 | 1.372 | 1.088 |
| | 30 | 0.898 | 0.843 | 1.000 | 0.798 |
| | 180 | 0.940 | 1.087 | 1.099 | 0.932 |
| N538 | -30 | 3.452 | 3.976 | 3.848 | 3.462 |
| | 30 | 2.652 | 2.727 | 2.743 | 2.218 |
| | 180 | 2.403 | 2.893 | 2.664 | 2.031 |
| N584 | -30 | 2.528 | 2.674 | 2.221 | 2.432 |
| | 30 | 1.502 | 1.584 | 1.178 | 1.169 |
| | 180 | 1.310 | 1.493 | 1.543 | 1.483 |
| N597 | -30 | 1.972 | 2.129 | 2.564 | 1.466 |
| | 30 | 1.446 | 1.492 | 1.856 | 1.255 |
| | 180 | 1.409 | 1.697 | 1.819 | 1.405 |
| OLX | -30 | 2.863 | 2.593 | 3.092 | 3.079 |
| | 30 | 1.630 | 1.430 | 1.787 | 1.878 |
| | 180 | 1.692 | - | 2.207 | 1.968 |
| OL3 | -30 | 2.585 | 2.423 | 3.650 | 3.107 |
| | 30 | 1.826 | 1.610 | 2.258 | 2.493 |
| | 180 | 1.840 | 1.651 | 2.197 | 1.691 |
| OPE324 | -30 | 3.876 | 4.042 | 3.932 | 3.906 |
| | 30 | 2.703 | 3.409 | 2.583 | 3.306 |
| | 180 | 2.450 | 2.496 | 2.538 | 2.219 |

| Animal # | Time (min) | Pyridostigmine Dosage ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | | | |
|-------------|---------------|--|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 0 | 100 | 200 | 400 |
| OPE352 | -30 | 2.470 | 2.254 | 2.776 | 2.481 |
| | 30 | 1.546 | 1.682 | 2.420 | 1.886 |
| | 180 | 1.369 | 1.786 | 1.738 | 1.861 |
| OPW | -30 | 4.774 | 4.878 | 6.252 | 5.618 |
| | 30 | 4.031 | 3.593 | 4.063 | 4.145 |
| | 180 | 3.370 | 2.801 | 3.418 | 3.400 |
| 005 | -30 | 3.747 | 2.675 | 3.551 | 3.463 |
| | 30 | 2.174 | 2.123 | 2.919 | 2.546 |
| | 180 | 2.051 | 2.024 | 2.226 | 2.149 |

Grand Means (n = 12)

| Time (min) | Pyridostigmine Dosage (μ g/kg) | | | |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 0 | 100 | 200 | 400 |
| -30 (SEM) | 3.041 (0.285) | 3.084 (0.323) | 3.416 (0.347) | 3.140 (0.350) |
| 30 (SEM) | 2.100 (0.240) | 2.131 (0.254) | 2.276 (0.233) | 2.199 (0.271) |
| 180 (SEM) | 2.034 (0.214) | 2.041 (0.176) | 2.184 (0.173) | 2.024 (0.189) |

Erythrocyte Cholinesterase Activity (mM/l/min) for Monkeys Receiving
200 µg/kg Pyridostigmine Bromide and Four Atropine Sulfate

Treatment Conditions

| Animal # | Time (min) | Pyridostigmine Dosage (µg/kg) | | | |
|----------|------------|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 0 | 100 | 200 | 400 |
| C02 | -30 | 2.188 | 3.324 | 3.046 | 3.254 |
| | 30 | 1.114 | 1.226 | 1.103 | 1.340 |
| | 180 | 2.603 | 2.451 | 2.280 | 2.244 |
| C04 | -30 | 4.127 | 4.253 | 3.876 | 4.065 |
| | 30 | 1.987 | 1.779 | 1.703 | 1.946 |
| | 180 | 3.518 | 3.407 | 2.969 | 3.137 |
| C06 | -30 | 2.932 | 2.558 | 3.003 | 2.580 |
| | 30 | 1.333 | 1.331 | 1.154 | 1.217 |
| | 180 | 2.576 | 2.423 | 2.322 | 2.136 |
| N538 | -30 | 3.786 | 3.500 | 3.251 | 3.354 |
| | 30 | 1.438 | 1.498 | 1.765 | 1.077 |
| | 180 | 2.896 | 3.017 | 3.081 | 2.967 |
| N584 | -30 | 3.335 | 3.531 | 3.122 | 3.186 |
| | 30 | 1.638 | 1.117 | 1.079 | 1.278 |
| | 180 | 3.188 | 2.551 | 3.156 | 2.756 |
| N597 | -30 | 3.269 | 2.792 | 3.368 | 2.978 |
| | 30 | 1.715 | 1.484 | 1.457 | 1.280 |
| | 180 | 2.824 | 2.803 | 2.905 | 2.821 |
| OLX | -30 | 3.516 | 3.405 | 3.231 | 3.158 |
| | 30 | 1.435 | 2.633 | 1.713 | 1.676 |
| | 180 | 2.419 | - | 2.749 | 2.796 |
| OL3 | -30 | 2.404 | 2.204 | 3.068 | 2.659 |
| | 30 | 0.746 | 1.023 | 1.217 | 1.418 |
| | 180 | 1.825 | 2.033 | 2.100 | 2.147 |
| OPE324 | -30 | 3.006 | 2.978 | 3.091 | 2.205 |
| | 30 | 1.523 | 1.456 | 1.527 | 1.781 |
| | 180 | 2.597 | 2.704 | 2.458 | 2.373 |
| OPE352 | -30 | 3.673 | 3.612 | 3.749 | 2.660 |
| | 30 | 1.519 | 1.469 | 1.889 | 1.417 |
| | 180 | 2.712 | 3.108 | 2.955 | 3.139 |
| OPW | -30 | 3.684 | 3.767 | 4.351 | 4.402 |
| | 30 | 2.177 | 1.890 | 1.761 | 2.265 |
| | 180 | 3.285 | 3.499 | 3.625 | 3.865 |

| Animal # | Time (min) | Pyridostigmine Dosage ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | | | |
|-------------|---------------|--|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 0 | 100 | 200 | 400 |
| 005 | -30 | 2.664 | 2.168 | 2.557 | 2.542 |
| | 30 | 1.152 | 0.883 | 1.254 | 1.045 |
| | 180 | 2.122 | 2.080 | 1.254 | 2.281 |

Grand Means (n = 12)

| Time (min) | Atropine Dosage ($\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$) | | | |
|---------------|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 0 | 14 | 44 | 140 |
| -30 (SEM) | 3.215 (0.170) | 3.174 (0.185) | 3.309 (0.137) | 3.087 (0.184) |
| 30 (SEM) | 1.481 (0.111) | 1.378 (0.092) | 1.469 (0.085) | 1.479 (0.106) |
| 180 (SEM) | 2.713 (0.138) | 2.726 (0.135) | 2.734 (0.134) | 2.722 (0.149) |

APPENDIX P

ANOVAS FOR VAGAL TONE MONITORING VARIABLES
FOLLOWING PHYSOSTIGMINE SALICYLATE (EXPERIMENT IV),
USING ALL ANIMALS, FOR THE FOUR EXPERIMENTAL WEEKS

NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS IN DATA SET = 565

General Linear Models Procedures SAS

Dependent Variable: Heart Rate

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 311 | 337685.34 | 8.16 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 253 | 33666.39 | | |
| Corrected Total | 564 | 371351.73 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 119534.88 | 112.29 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 24 | 49460.70 | 15.49 | 0.0001 |
| Dose*Time | 33 | 5480.65 | 1.25 | 0.174 |
| Animal*Time (Group) | 88 | 30455.27 | 2.60 | 0.0001 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Group | 3 | 63716.82 | 1.42 | 0.3063 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 8503.15 | 1.38 | 0.2742 |
| Group*Dose | 6 | 5773.30 | 0.47 | 0.8259 |
| Week | 3 | 9673.41 | 1.56 | 0.2238 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Time (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 11 | 6681.46 | 1.76 | 0.0744 |
| Group*Time | 33 | 10748.92 | 0.94 | 0.5652 |

Dependent Variable: Heart Period

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 311 | 4265119.43 | 6.51 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 253 | 530576.64 | | |
| Corrected Total | 564 | 4795696.07 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 1488563.96 | 88.38 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 24 | 632564.18 | 12.52 | 0.0001 |
| Dose*Time | 33 | 70756.07 | 1.02 | 0.4450 |
| Animal*Time (Group) | 88 | 342927.35 | 1.85 | 0.0001 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Group | 3 | 724691.38 | 1.30 | 0.3400 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 127358.69 | 1.61 | 0.2131 |
| Group*Dose | 6 | 65587.53 | 0.41 | 0.8619 |
| Week | 3 | 94784.07 | 1.20 | 0.3314 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Time (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 11 | 74672.64 | 1.74 | 0.0771 |
| Group*Time | 33 | 185844.43 | 1.45 | 0.0890 |

Dependent Variable: Heart Period Variance

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 311 | 569.28 | 6.63 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 253 | 73.20 | | |
| Corrected Total | 564 | 642.48 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 202.27 | 87.38 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 24 | 89.71 | 12.92 | 0.0001 |
| Dose*Time | 33 | 26.21 | 2.74 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Time (Group) | 88 | 64.99 | 2.55 | 0.0001 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Group | 3 | 78.03 | 1.03 | 0.4300 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 19.92 | 1.78 | 0.1784 |
| Group*Dose | 6 | 8.56 | 0.38 | 0.8833 |
| Week | 3 | 7.14 | 0.64 | 0.5985 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Time (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 11 | 22.23 | 2.74 | 0.0043 |
| Group*Time | 33 | 17.74 | 0.73 | 0.8472 |

Dependent Variable: Vagal Tone

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 311 | 1549.07 | 12.33 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 253 | 102.19 | | |
| Corrected Total | 564 | 1651.26 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 766.86 | 237.33 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 24 | 185.25 | 19.11 | 0.0001 |
| Dose*Time | 33 | 53.38 | 4.00 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Time (Group) | 88 | 96.33 | 2.71 | 0.0001 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Group | 3 | 246.16 | 0.86 | 0.5018 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 36.61 | 1.58 | 0.2199 |
| Group*Dose | 6 | 22.36 | 0.48 | 0.8145 |
| Week | 3 | 6.05 | 0.26 | 0.8523 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Time (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 11 | 31.24 | 2.59 | 0.0066 |
| Group*Time | 33 | 25.42 | 0.70 | 0.8716 |

Response Variable=HR Physostigmine Dosage=mild

| TIME | C02 | C04 | C06 | N538 | N584 | N597 | OLX | OL3 | OPE324 | OPE352 | OPW | .005 | .MEAN | .S.E. | _N |
|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----|
| 0 | 168.435 | 164.783 | 178.436 | 166.485 | 127.417 | 158.691 | 118.810 | 140.279 | 131.164 | 118.982 | 110.857 | 124.267 | 142.384 | 6.8017 | 12 |
| 15 | 165.067 | 167.294 | 170.444 | 193.667 | 167.200 | 164.286 | 97.429 | 146.750 | 130.714 | 173.111 | 121.000 | 154.269 | 8.3512 | 11 | |
| 30 | 143.692 | 165.600 | 176.690 | 193.750 | 143.214 | 141.200 | 100.333 | 126.000 | 159.067 | 172.815 | 148.133 | 119.571 | 149.172 | 7.5877 | 12 |
| 45 | 155.077 | 154.444 | 172.800 | 192.909 | 128.357 | 152.154 | 102.455 | 121.091 | 153.467 | 169.043 | 158.741 | 108.400 | 147.411 | 7.8224 | 12 |
| 60 | 160.750 | 145.913 | 150.966 | 188.800 | 113.034 | 146.333 | 88.087 | 120.750 | 144.200 | 178.364 | 144.333 | 123.793 | 142.110 | 8.0328 | 12 |
| 75 | 160.235 | 138.133 | 160.000 | 190.000 | 114.800 | 142.696 | 81.407 | 122.769 | 155.692 | 167.200 | 143.310 | 126.167 | 142.034 | 8.2282 | 12 |
| 90 | 158.533 | 142.833 | 161.800 | 174.000 | 119.172 | 154.769 | 50.769 | 57.000 | 167.200 | 202.000 | 139.793 | 133.933 | 138.484 | 12.9331 | 12 |
| 105 | 151.100 | 146.500 | 144.552 | 168.143 | 114.483 | 147.750 | 98.100 | 118.000 | 169.733 | 190.000 | 139.133 | 131.185 | 143.223 | 7.4197 | 12 |
| 120 | 152.769 | 151.120 | 133.680 | 168.000 | 119.357 | 154.143 | 94.667 | 40.444 | 169.379 | 174.000 | 134.500 | 132.400 | 135.372 | 10.8549 | 12 |
| 135 | 145.684 | 154.286 | 150.080 | 158.625 | 116.138 | 149.462 | 24.235 | 127.143 | 166.867 | 170.000 | 140.069 | 140.552 | 142.762 | 6.2366 | 12 |
| 150 | 137.238 | 152.000 | 164.500 | 175.333 | 120.786 | 148.364 | 99.565 | 121.125 | 168.933 | 133.448 | 131.630 | 141.175 | 6.9842 | 11 | |
| 165 | 144.071 | . | 161.308 | . | 121.667 | 145.379 | 91.143 | 120.667 | 178.071 | 161.185 | 133.862 | 127.565 | 138.492 | 7.9332 | 10 |
| 180 | 144.750 | . | 155.214 | . | 124.400 | 146.200 | 109.143 | 136.400 | 192.462 | 154.867 | 126.867 | 134.727 | 142.503 | 7.1584 | 10 |

Response variable=HPER Physostigmine Dosage=mild

| TIME | C02 | C04 | C06 | N538 | N584 | N597 | OLX | OL3 | OPE324 | OPE352 | OPW | -005 | -005 | _MEAN | _S_E | _N |
|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|----|
| 0 | 356.565 | 364.065 | 336.564 | 362.576 | 475.042 | 378.255 | 505.333 | 429.51 | 458.382 | 504.281 | 542.000 | 483.844 | 433.035 | 20.4224 | 12 | |
| 15 | 363.467 | 362.059 | 353.963 | 309.833 | 367.067 | 369.619 | 615.429 | 430.792 | 459.036 | 365.444 | 496.136 | 408.440 | 26.2032 | 11 | | |
| 30 | 418.115 | 363.933 | 340.862 | 310.250 | 423.964 | 429.133 | 598.500 | 475.00 | 384.467 | 350.481 | 406.000 | 501.357 | 416.839 | 22.9016 | 12 | |
| 45 | 386.692 | 390.407 | 348.767 | 311.000 | 473.286 | 396.654 | 588.682 | 499.36 | 393.733 | 356.174 | 382.185 | 575.200 | 425.179 | 25.6780 | 12 | |
| 60 | 373.875 | 411.783 | 398.414 | 317.000 | 530.931 | 410.833 | 685.857 | 500.25 | 416.100 | 337.545 | 416.067 | 485.724 | 440.365 | 28.7297 | 12 | |
| 75 | 375.588 | 444.267 | 376.724 | 317.000 | 523.400 | 421.174 | 704.000 | 509.92 | 387.808 | 354.900 | 419.000 | 475.667 | 442.454 | 29.7467 | 12 | |
| 90 | 379.400 | 430.708 | 372.467 | 343.000 | 504.655 | 391.923 | 899.250 | 1061.00 | 360.400 | 298.000 | 429.276 | 449.367 | 493.287 | 68.1687 | 12 | |
| 105 | 398.500 | 409.750 | 416.034 | 357.071 | 524.241 | 407.250 | 611.800 | 509.00 | 353.767 | 315.000 | 432.033 | 458.111 | 432.713 | 23.8921 | 12 | |
| 120 | 395.000 | 398.120 | 449.840 | 357.714 | 505.286 | 391.500 | 633.286 | 356.414 | 345.000 | 446.464 | 454.500 | 430.284 | 25.1985 | 11 | | |
| 135 | 413.474 | 389.429 | 406.160 | 378.688 | 517.862 | 401.692 | 636.882 | 472.57 | 363.000 | 352.000 | 430.172 | 427.241 | 432.431 | 22.8241 | 12 | |
| 150 | 438.429 | 393.000 | 364.625 | 342.333 | 499.286 | 404.591 | 604.217 | 495.75 | 356.100 | 450.069 | 456.556 | 436.814 | 23.2728 | 11 | | |
| 165 | 420.000 | . | 372.808 | . | 494.567 | 413.034 | 653.211 | 498.78 | 338.821 | 372.852 | 449.207 | 470.261 | 448.354 | 28.3983 | 10 | |
| 180 | 417.875 | . | 388.464 | . | 485.200 | 411.133 | 549.857 | 442.13 | 311.500 | 387.300 | 474.133 | 484.955 | 435.255 | 21.1727 | 10 | |

Response Variable=HPERVAR Physostigmine Dosage=mild

| TIME | C02 | C04 | C06 | N538 | N584 | N597 | OLX | OL3 | OPE324 | OPE352 | OPW | -005 | -MEAN | -S_E | -N |
|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----|
| 0 | 3.76522 | 5.20217 | 4.19636 | 3.56970 | 4.94375 | 4.05636 | 5.00714 | 4.52326 | 5.04909 | 4.82281 | 6.43929 | 6.08222 | 4.80478 | 0.24920 | 12 |
| 15 | 3.44000 | 5.00000 | 3.84074 | 2.44167 | 4.10667 | 5.09048 | 6.66429 | 4.92917 | 5.11071 | 4.63704 | 6.90000 | 4.74189 | 0.39225 | 11 | |
| 30 | 3.38462 | 4.35333 | 4.25862 | 3.02500 | 5.82143 | 5.96667 | 6.79167 | 5.00000 | 5.45333 | 5.28889 | 5.93667 | 7.42857 | 5.22573 | 0.37689 | 12 |
| 45 | 2.70769 | 5.67037 | 4.41000 | 3.45455 | 5.98571 | 5.59615 | 6.63182 | 6.00909 | 4.55667 | 4.40870 | 5.30370 | 6.44000 | 5.26454 | 0.43589 | 12 |
| 60 | 3.28750 | 6.22174 | 4.99310 | 2.80000 | 6.49655 | 6.11333 | 6.79565 | 5.78750 | 5.19333 | 3.99091 | 5.80000 | 6.86897 | 5.36238 | 0.39120 | 12 |
| 75 | 4.67059 | 6.61333 | 5.23448 | 3.00000 | 6.51000 | 6.26522 | 7.60370 | 5.93077 | 4.81538 | 3.80000 | 5.76897 | 6.65833 | 5.57256 | 0.38113 | 12 |
| 90 | 4.83333 | 6.33750 | 5.27333 | 6.10000 | 6.23448 | 6.47692 | 8.58462 | 6.30000 | 5.15000 | 2.10000 | 5.64138 | 6.57000 | 5.80013 | 0.43495 | 12 |
| 105 | 5.52500 | 6.54500 | 5.63793 | 4.92857 | 6.57241 | 5.69583 | 7.41000 | 5.20000 | 4.56333 | 3.40000 | 5.79000 | 6.68148 | 5.66246 | 0.31158 | 12 |
| 120 | 5.43846 | 6.66400 | 5.71200 | 5.17143 | 6.22500 | 5.42143 | 7.67143 | 7.90556 | 4.66207 | 4.30000 | 6.01786 | 6.53667 | 5.97716 | 0.31740 | 12 |
| 135 | 5.92632 | 6.11429 | 5.58800 | 4.86250 | 6.49310 | 4.93846 | 7.62353 | 5.12857 | 4.69667 | 4.60000 | 5.90690 | 6.28621 | 5.68038 | 0.25776 | 12 |
| 150 | 6.27143 | 6.50000 | 5.11667 | 4.56667 | 6.22857 | 5.20000 | 7.47391 | 4.96250 | 4.00667 | 5.45172 | 6.35185 | 5.64818 | 0.30355 | 11 | |
| 165 | 5.81786 | . | 5.43462 | . | 6.12667 | 5.61724 | 7.72857 | 4.95556 | 4.28571 | 4.68519 | 5.64483 | 7.02174 | 5.73180 | 0.32850 | 10 |
| 180 | 6.00833 | . | 5.80714 | . | 5.93000 | 5.60333 | 6.98571 | 5.20000 | 3.23462 | 5.12333 | 5.44333 | 7.18182 | 5.65176 | 0.34513 | 10 |

Response variable=VAGTONE Physostigmine Dosage=mild

| TIME | C02 | C04 | C06 | N538 | N584 | N597 | OLX | OL3 | OPE324 | OPE352 | OPW | -005 | -MEAN | -S_E | -N |
|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----|
| 0 | 1.07826 | 3.61957 | 1.66727 | 0.22424 | 2.26458 | 1.30909 | 2.68333 | 0.40698 | 3.51273 | 3.48421 | 5.45714 | 3.88667 | 2.46617 | 0.457955 | 12 |
| 15 | 1.08000 | 3.31176 | 0.74815 | 0.00000 | 1.44667 | 2.75714 | 5.49286 | 3.18333 | 3.38571 | 2.67778 | 5.34091 | 2.67494 | 0.532100 | 11 | |
| 30 | 0.14231 | 1.53333 | 0.51034 | 0.00000 | 3.47857 | 2.29333 | 5.07500 | 1.40000 | 1.89000 | 1.96667 | 4.17000 | 5.43571 | 2.32461 | 0.531133 | 12 |
| 45 | 0.05385 | 3.45185 | 0.73000 | 0.10000 | 3.90357 | 1.98077 | 4.93182 | 2.81818 | 1.96333 | 1.21739 | 3.39259 | 5.90000 | 2.53695 | 0.538732 | 12 |
| 60 | 0.56250 | 4.72609 | 1.62414 | 0.00000 | 4.27586 | 2.75333 | 5.49130 | 2.75000 | 2.62000 | 0.10000 | 3.65333 | 4.66897 | 2.76879 | 0.542837 | 12 |
| 75 | 2.11765 | 5.56667 | 2.66897 | 0.00000 | 4.03333 | 3.36087 | 6.22963 | 2.24615 | 2.54615 | 0.07000 | 3.75517 | 4.52500 | 3.09330 | 0.552234 | 12 |
| 90 | 2.48000 | 5.36667 | 2.91333 | 0.70000 | 4.19310 | 3.44615 | 7.13846 | 3.20000 | 1.93667 | 0.00000 | 4.03448 | 4.59667 | 3.33379 | 0.566566 | 12 |
| 105 | 2.89500 | 5.58500 | 3.14828 | 1.02857 | 4.12414 | 3.15417 | 6.38000 | 2.20000 | 2.09000 | 0.00000 | 4.27000 | 4.46296 | 3.27818 | 0.526612 | 12 |
| 120 | 2.91538 | 5.45600 | 3.06000 | 1.04286 | 4.14286 | 2.87143 | 6.75238 | 3.90000 | 1.97931 | 1.40000 | 4.57143 | 4.26000 | 3.52930 | 0.479764 | 12 |
| 135 | 3.18421 | 4.75714 | 3.74800 | 1.55625 | 4.02069 | 2.98462 | 6.58824 | 1.41429 | 2.41667 | 2.10000 | 4.57586 | 3.78621 | 3.42768 | 0.428653 | 12 |
| 150 | 3.69048 | 4.30000 | 4.02083 | 0.86667 | 4.05714 | 2.96818 | 6.64783 | 2.02500 | 1.23333 | 3.98966 | 4.03704 | 3.43965 | 0.487904 | 11 | |
| 165 | 3.35714 | . | 3.93077 | . | 3.85000 | 3.13448 | 6.63810 | 1.64444 | 1.43929 | 2.42222 | 3.99310 | 4.59565 | 3.50052 | 0.478476 | 10 |
| 180 | 3.52083 | . | 3.96429 | . | 3.85500 | 3.04333 | 5.93571 | 1.86667 | 0.23077 | 2.63000 | 3.59333 | 5.36818 | 3.40081 | 0.516357 | 10 |

APPENDIX R

ANOVAS FOR P-Q INTERVALS FOLLOWING PHYSOSTIGMINE SALICYLATE
 (EXPERIMENT IV), USING ALL ANIMALS,
 FOR THE FOUR EXPERIMENTAL WEEKS

NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS IN DATA SET = 768

General Linear Models Procedures SAS

Dependent Variable: P-Q Interval

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 381 | 0.057 | 3.57 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 316 | 0.013 | | |
| Corrected Total | 697 | 0.070 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 0.015 | 43.52 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 19 | 0.008 | 10.46 | 0.0001 |
| Dose*Time | 42 | 0.002 | 1.22 | 0.1710 |
| Animal*Time (Group) | 112 | 0.006 | 1.38 | 0.016 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Group | 3 | 0.003 | 0.54 | 0.6679 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 0.0003 | 0.27 | 0.8443 |
| Group*Dose | 9 | 0.004 | 1.04 | 0.4467 |
| Week | 3 | 0.007 | 5.61 | 0.0063 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Time (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 14 | 0.0004 | 0.53 | 0.9090 |
| Group*Time | 42 | 0.002 | 0.70 | 0.9022 |

APPENDIX S

ANOVAS FOR PLASMA AND ERYTHROCYTE CHOLINESTERASE
FOLLOWING PHYSOSTIGMINE SALICYLATE (EXPERIMENT IV),
USING ALL ANIMALS, FOR THE FOUR EXPERIMENTAL WEEKS

NUMBER OF ANIMALS IN DATA SET = 144

General Linear Models Procedure SAS

Dependent Variable: Plasma Cholinesterase

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 77 | 166.81 | 19.75 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 66 | 7.24 | | |
| Corrected Total | 143 | 174.05 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 45.28 | 51.59 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 24 | 5.63 | 2.14 | 0.0081 |
| Animal*Time (Group) | 16 | 6.20 | 3.53 | 0.0001 |
| Dose*Time | 6 | - | 29.03 | 0.0001 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Group | 3 | 7.88 | .46 | .7152 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 33.05 | 46.99 | .0001 |
| Group*Dose | 6 | .59 | .42 | .8578 |
| Week | 3 | 6.97 | 9.92 | .0001 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Time (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 2 | 41.65 | 53.73 | 0.0001 |

Dependent Variable: Erythrocyte Cholinesterase

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Model | 77 | 79.82 | 9.78 | 0.0001 |
| Error | 66 | 6.99 | | |
| Corrected Total | 143 | 86.81 | | |
| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
| Animal (Group) | 8 | 15.43 | 18.20 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Dose (Group) | 24 | 10.60 | 4.17 | 0.0001 |
| Animal*Time (Group) | 16 | 1.44 | 0.85 | 0.6278 |
| Dose*Time | 6 | - | 14.48 | 0.0001 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Group | 3 | 5.73 | .99 | .4450 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Dose (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Dose | 3 | 12.24 | 9.24 | .0003 |
| Group*Dose | 6 | 2.23 | .84 | .5510 |
| Week | 3 | 8.00 | 6.04 | .0033 |

Test of hypotheses using the MS for Animal*Time (Group) as an error term.

| <u>Source</u> | <u>DF</u> | <u>Sum of Squares</u> | <u>F-Value</u> | <u>PR > F</u> |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Time | 2 | 14.42 | 80.16 | 0.0001 |

APPENDIX T

MEAN PLASMA AND ERYTHROCYTE CHOLINESTERASE ACTIVITY
(EXPERIMENT IV)

Plasma Cholinesterase Activity (mM/l/min) for Monkeys Receiving
Four Physostigmine Salicylate Treatment Conditions

| Animal # | Time (min) | Pyridostigmine Dosage (µg/kg) | | | |
|----------|------------|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 0 | 25 | 50 | 100 |
| C02 | -30 | 3.061 | 2.862 | 3.040 | 3.124 |
| | 30 | 3.378 | 1.224 | 0.766 | 0.836 |
| | 180 | 3.382 | 1.789 | 2.422 | 1.452 |
| C04 | -30 | 4.152 | 4.289 | 4.151 | 3.797 |
| | 30 | 3.794 | 1.752 | 1.572 | 0.691 |
| | 180 | 4.796 | 2.719 | 1.852 | 1.262 |
| C06 | -30 | 1.220 | 1.227 | 1.624 | 0.946 |
| | 30 | 1.237 | 0.705 | 0.726 | 0.299 |
| | 180 | 1.855 | 1.043 | 1.158 | 0.635 |
| N538 | -30 | 2.385 | 2.695 | 2.621 | 2.771 |
| | 30 | 2.840 | 1.604 | 0.856 | 0.614 |
| | 180 | 2.865 | 2.133 | 1.414 | 0.919 |
| N584 | -30 | 2.085 | 2.606 | 2.507 | 2.618 |
| | 30 | 2.148 | 1.135 | 0.680 | 0.913 |
| | 180 | 2.159 | 1.778 | 1.050 | 1.182 |
| N597 | -30 | 1.589 | 2.296 | 1.295 | 1.566 |
| | 30 | 1.649 | 1.215 | 0.402 | 0.572 |
| | 180 | 1.721 | 1.815 | 1.099 | 0.889 |
| OLX | -30 | 2.534 | 1.697 | 2.328 | 2.217 |
| | 30 | 3.017 | 0.964 | 0.932 | 0.532 |
| | 180 | 2.888 | 1.527 | 1.469 | 0.858 |
| OL3 | -30 | 2.743 | 1.757 | 2.058 | 2.508 |
| | 30 | 2.814 | 0.865 | 1.249 | 0.622 |
| | 180 | 3.144 | 1.599 | 1.193 | 0.917 |
| OPE324 | -30 | 3.295 | 2.725 | 4.290 | 4.446 |
| | 30 | 3.223 | 1.474 | 2.814 | 0.740 |
| | 180 | 3.610 | 2.567 | 3.144 | 1.139 |

| Animal # | Time (min) | Pyridostigmine Dosage (μ g/kg) | | | |
|-------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 0 | 25 | 50 | 100 |
| OPE352 | -30 | 2.474 | 4.373 | 2.287 | 2.443 |
| | 30 | 2.335 | 1.277 | 0.797 | 0.679 |
| | 180 | 2.352 | 1.840 | 0.986 | 1.019 |
| OPW | -30 | 3.910 | 4.048 | 3.667 | 4.454 |
| | 30 | 3.733 | 2.078 | 1.421 | 1.850 |
| | 180 | 4.096 | 3.030 | 3.109 | 2.654 |
| 005 | -30 | 3.608 | 3.171 | 3.257 | 3.120 |
| | 30 | 3.493 | 0.690 | 1.398 | 0.626 |
| | 180 | 3.755 | 2.339 | 1.737 | 1.092 |

Grand Means (n = 12)

| Time (min) | Pyridostigmine Dosage (μ g/kg) | | | |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 0 | 25 | 50 | 100 |
| -30 (SEM) | 2.755 (0.259) | 2.812 (0.295) | 2.760 (0.273) | 2.834 (0.304) |
| 30 (SEM) | 2.805 (0.235) | 1.249 (0.122) | 1.134 (0.184) | 0.748 (0.110) |
| 180 (SEM) | 3.052 (0.270) | 2.015 (0.162) | 1.719 (0.223) | 1.168 (0.148) |

Erythrocyte Cholinesterase Activity (mM/l/min) for Monkeys Receiving
Four Physostigmine Salicylate Treatment Conditions

| Animal # | Time (min) | Pyridostigmine Dosage (μg/kg) | | | |
|----------|------------|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 0 | 25 | 50 | 100 |
| C02 | -30 | 2.786 | 2.276 | 2.356 | 3.049 |
| | 30 | 2.772 | 1.377 | 1.070 | 1.259 |
| | 180 | 3.233 | 2.355 | 2.160 | 2.358 |
| C04 | -30 | 3.160 | 4.222 | 2.275 | 3.645 |
| | 30 | 3.754 | 3.027 | 1.912 | 1.383 |
| | 180 | 3.217 | 4.234 | 2.604 | 2.843 |
| C06 | -30 | 3.115 | 2.409 | 3.297 | 2.490 |
| | 30 | 2.588 | 1.802 | 2.344 | 1.014 |
| | 180 | 3.645 | 2.261 | 3.018 | 1.905 |
| N538 | -30 | 2.710 | 2.517 | 3.595 | 3.053 |
| | 30 | 3.219 | 2.111 | 2.045 | 1.031 |
| | 180 | 3.496 | 2.681 | 2.867 | 1.532 |
| N584 | -30 | 2.402 | 2.657 | 2.228 | 3.901 |
| | 30 | 2.239 | 1.824 | 1.291 | 1.926 |
| | 180 | 2.141 | 2.116 | 2.048 | 2.575 |
| N597 | -30 | 3.118 | 3.578 | 2.371 | 3.336 |
| | 30 | 3.102 | 3.057 | 1.643 | 2.211 |
| | 180 | 3.233 | 3.678 | 2.791 | 2.030 |
| OLX | -30 | 3.117 | 2.190 | 2.426 | 2.438 |
| | 30 | 3.211 | 1.552 | 1.659 | 1.735 |
| | 180 | 3.138 | 2.152 | 1.679 | 2.218 |
| OL3 | -30 | 2.544 | 2.713 | 1.447 | 2.066 |
| | 30 | 2.936 | 1.630 | 1.022 | 1.170 |
| | 180 | 2.850 | 2.337 | 1.296 | 1.541 |
| OPE324 | -30 | 2.338 | 2.486 | 2.705 | 3.363 |
| | 30 | 2.081 | 1.391 | 2.936 | 0.953 |
| | 180 | 1.957 | 2.230 | 2.850 | 2.066 |
| OPE352 | -30 | 2.806 | 3.720 | 3.323 | 3.115 |
| | 30 | 3.216 | 3.001 | 2.396 | 2.092 |
| | 180 | 3.910 | 3.449 | 2.834 | 3.288 |
| OPW | -30 | 3.267 | 2.302 | 3.551 | 4.350 |
| | 30 | 4.179 | 2.204 | 1.822 | 2.453 |
| | 180 | 4.600 | 2.288 | 3.231 | 3.260 |

| Animal # | Time (min) | Pyridostigmine Dosage ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | | | |
|-------------|---------------|--|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 0 | 25 | 50 | 100 |
| 005 | -30 | 3.176 | 2.182 | 2.530 | 2.504 |
| | 30 | 2.697 | 1.774 | 1.756 | 1.024 |
| | 180 | 2.714 | 1.598 | 1.830 | 1.764 |

Grand Means (n = 12)

| Time (min) | Pyridostigmine Dosage ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) | | | |
|---------------|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 0 | 25 | 50 | 100 |
| -30 (SEM) | 2.878 (0.094) | 2.771 (0.197) | 2.675 (0.186) | 3.109 (0.192) |
| 30 (SEM) | 3.000 (0.171) | 2.063 (0.183) | 1.825 (0.162) | 1.521 (0.155) |
| 180 (SEM) | 3.178 (0.209) | 2.615 (0.221) | 2.432 (0.177) | 2.282 (0.174) |